

2	(Ergonomics)	1.Improper manual loading and off loading procedure 2. Nip & Pinch Points 3. Poor Communication 4. Slipping & Tripping Hazards 5. Employee handling materials / equipment that is to heavy to lift 6. Materials / equipment or tools falling	1. Health & safety (I) 2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P) 4. Environment (E)	3 1 5 125 5 5 75 3 3 1 5 125 5 5 75 2 2 2 1 5 125 5 5 5 50 1 1 1 1 5 125 5 5 5 25 Total Average Risk Value	60% 40% 20%	Mandatory or as per requirement	Signage Posted at Designated Storage Areas	1. Manual handling / lifting Safe work Procedure and Risk Assessment to be communicated to all workers on site. (Keep proof of communication in safety file) 2. Workers assisting each other to lift must communicate with each other to ensure safe lifting and lowering of items. 3. Before offloading or handling any materials, equipment or tools, ensure walkways are clear and free from tripping hazards. 4. Workers to assist each other if intended load to be lifted exceeds 25kg (per person). 5. Workers / Supervisors to ensure materials, equipment and tools are secure when offloading. 6. When manual lifting the correct procedure must be used, workers to lift loads using their legs and not their back.	Service Provider
3	Machinery as per DMR 18(11)	1. Incompetent Operator 2. Unsafe Lifting Machine (Substandard) 3. Man - Machine interface 4. Defecting Lifting equipment(slings, chains, ropes etc.) 5. Incorrect lifting equipment used for specific operations 6. Uneven surfaces 7. Surrounding structures and other machinery or equipment 8. Incompetent Rigger 9. Inclement Weather (high winds, lightning) 10. Poor ground conditions	1. Health & safety (I) 2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P) 4. Environment (E)	5 1 5 125 5 12	100% 80% 40%	Mandatory or as per requirement	Warning Signage to be Posted at Lifting area	 Only appointed competent operator will be authorised to operate lifting machinery (Competency must be valid) Lifting Machine must be inspected before use, and finding to be recorded on checklist, any deviations must be recorded and reported to supervisor. Load test certificate and maintenance schedule (Service history) must be available and valid for the lifting machine to be used All lifting equipment must be inspected before use and findings to be recorded on a checklist, any deviations must be recorded and reported to supervisor. Load test for all lifting equipment must be valid and available on site. Appointed / competent rigger to indicate the correct lifting equipment to be used. Rigger to use a whistle as communication method when lifting is taking place to warm surrounding areas. Operator to inspect work area before work, to identify any unsafe ground conditions or uneven surfaces, Operator to ensure outrigger are used with base plates to level the lifting machine. Lifting operations will not be allowed in windy conditions or when raining. SWP & Risk assessment to be communicated to all involved with lifting operations Lifting area to be barricaded with solid barricading and warning signage to be posted. No other work operations will be allowed in close vicinity with the lifting operations Listing equipment to be clearly and conspicuously marked with the maximum mass load (MML) that it is designed to carry safely. When the MML varies with the conditions of use, the table of maximum loads should be used by the driver/operator; Lifting equipment to fitted with a brake or other applicable device capable of holding the MML. This brake or device must automatically prevent the downward movement of the load when the lifting power is interrupted; 	Service Provider

4			1. Health & safety (I) 2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P) 4. Environment (E)	4 1 5 125 5 5 100 4 4 1 5 125 5 5 100 3 3 1 5 125 5 5 75 2 2 1 5 125 5 5 50	80% 60%		posted on site	All construction vehicles and mobile plant have to comply with Construction regulations and Driven Machinery Regulations. Other construction vehicles used must have a valid roadworthy certificate 2. Employees to be transported to and from work in a safe manner, never to be carried at the back of bakkies and trucks. 3. Mobile plant operating on site to fully comply with CR 23. Maintenance / Service history must be available on site and Used in accordance with their	
	Construction vehicles and mobile Plant operations	1. Construction vehicles not roadworthy 2. Employees transport facilities not roadworthy 3. Mobile plant used in the project unsafe or substandard 4. Intoxicated operator 5. Vehicles left unattended when not operated 6. Speeding 7. Overloading vehicles or Plant		Total Average Risk Value	65%	Mandatory or as per requirement	Speed Limit signage and Heavy Vehicle Movement Signage to be po	design and intention for which they were designed 4. Random alcohol and drug tests to be introduced and maintained 5. Ensure vehicles are isolated when not in operation, Construction vehicles and mobile plant left unattended after hours adjacent to roads and areas where there is traffic movement must be fitted with lights, reflectors or adequate barricades to prevent moving traffic from a sudden emergency, or to come into contact with the parked construction vehicles and mobile plant. In addition construction vehicles and mobile plant left unattended after hours must be parked with all buckets, booms etc. full lowered, the emergency brakes engaged and, where necessary, the wheels chocked, the transmission in neutral and the motor switched off and the ignition key removed and stored safely. 6. Operators to drive according to the required speed limit on site and on public roads. 7. All drivers must be appointed and must have a valid drivers license and PDP/Competency certificate 8. Vehicles or plant not to exceed the prescribed weight limit of the plant or vehicle. 9. Construction Vehicle to be Fitted with adequate signaling devices to make movement safe including reversing; Fitted with two head and two tail lights that is in good working condition whilst operating under poor visibility conditions. 10. No loose tools, material etcetera is allowed in the driver and/or operators compartment/cabin nor in the compartment in which any other persons are transported. 11. The construction site must be organised to facilitate the movement of construction vehicles and mobile plant in such a manner that pedestrians and other vehicles are not endangered. Traffic routes to be suitable, sufficient in number and adequately demarcated.	Service Provider
5	Limited recourses to conduct all task	Contractual non compliance Schedule and cost over run on project	1. Health & safety (I) 2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P) 4. Environment (E)	1	80% 80%	Mandatory or as per requirement		Client to ensure that contractor is well aware of current scope definition as well as the requirements stipulated in the tender specifications. Contractor to ensure compliance on set specifications from client	Service Provider
6	Stacking and storage of material & Housekeeping	1. Unstable stacking of goods / materials / Unsafe Stacking Procedures 2. Stacking & Storage area not identified and demarcated 3. Pinch Points 4. Environmental contamination from spillages 5. Snakes 6. No clear walkways at stacking and storage areas 7. Unauthorised entry 8. Poor waste removal 9. Unstable Aggregate or Sand	1. Health & safety (I) 2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P) 4. Environment (E)	3	60% 40%	Mandatory or as per requirement	Signage Posted at Designated Storage area - Unauthorised entry prohibited	1. Sufficient space of stacking of material to be provided, housekeeping to be maintained and cleaning of areas to be maintained. 2. Stacking and storage areas to be barricaded to prevent unauthorised entry 3. All contaminated ground must be removed and disposed at a registered waste facility. 4. Workers to be aware of snakes, toolbox talks to be done for the awareness of snakes in surrounding area, If snakes are found on site, a snake handler must be contacted to remove snakes safely. 5. All walkways at stacking and storage area must be kept clean and free from tripping hazards 6. Waste must be removed on a regular basis to a registered waste facility, proof must be kept in the safety file on site. 7. Housekeeping on site must be done on a daily basis, all rubble must be removed and placed at the designated waste area. 8. Aggregate or soil should be stacked at a reasonable height and not close to any machinery or equipment. 9. The Service Provider to ensure that: - A competent person is appointed in writing to supervise all stacking and storage on a construction site; - The height of any stack does not exceed 3 times the base unless stepped back at least half the depth of a single container at least every fifth tier or the approval of an inspector of the Department of Labour has been obtained to build the stacks higher with the aid of a machine. (The operator of the machine must be protected against items falling from overhead or off the stack and no items may overhang);	Service Provider

7			1. Health & safety (I) 2. Cost (C)	4 1 5 125 5 5 100 3 3 1 5 125 5 5 75			Trucks to be equipped with reverse sirens. Draft, implement and maintain a proper traffic management plan.	
		1. Tip truck reversing over	3. Productivity (P)	3 3 1 5 125 5 5 75 3 1 5 125 5 5 75		-	3. Exert dust suppression as far as reasonable. Ensure that the	
		personnel.	4. Environment (E)	2 2 1 5 125 5 5 50		1	correct/adequate PPE is supplied and employees have received training on the use of them.	
		2. Vehicle to vehicle collisions				Mandatory or	4. Flag Person to be available to direct traffic onsite.	
	Offloading construction Materials	Man machine interaction, Exposure to dust				as per	5. Correct Plant to be used to offload different materials	Service Provider
	Cinedaling conditional materials	5. Incompetent Operator				requirement	6. Plant operator to be appointed with valid competencies to be available on	CONTICO I TOVIGO
		Unauthorised to offload Incorrect plant used for offloading		Total Average Risk Value		·	7. Suppliers of materials must be authorised to offload materials, All workers,	
		7. Incorrect plant used for omoading					visitors or suppliers must be INDUCTED for the specific site. 8. All offloading of construction materials or equipment must be Supervised	
							and Authorised by Appointed Construction Manager.	
					60%			
8			1. Health & safety (I)	5 5 1 5 125 5 5 125			Only approved authority employees to work near overhead power line.	
		1. Sagging KV line	2. Cost (C)	5 5 1 5 125 5 5 125 4 4 1 5 125 5 5 100			Allowed distance to work near overhead powerline to be determined by relevant authorities including Eskom thereafter employees to be made aware	
		2. Roof inclining near the KV LINE	3. Productivity (P) 4. Environment (E)	2 2 1 5 125 5 5 100 2 2 1 5 125 5 5 50		1	of the hazards and risks associated	
		3. Scaffolding erected close to the	(2)		1070	Mandatory or	No scaffolding to be erected close to the overhead powerline No Construction vehicles to be operated within 10m of overhead powerlines,	
	Working near overhead powerline	KV Line 4. Untrained employees working				as per		Service Provider
	·	near the KV line				requirement	5. Safe working Procedure and Risk Assessment must be communicated to	CCIVICC I TOVICCI
		Construction Vehicles or plant operations near overhead		Total Average Risk Value			those employees exposed to working near overhead powerlines 6. Trained and Competent Spotters / Flagperson must be present at ALL times	
		powerlines					when plant is operational near overhead powerlines.	
9		1	1. Health & safety (I)	4 4 1 5 125 5 5 100	80%		Portable electrical tools and equipment includes every unit that takes	
l °			2. Cost (C)	3 3 1 5 125 5 5 75			electrical power from a 15 ampere plug point and is moved around for use in	
			3. Productivity (P)	3 3 1 5 125 5 5 75	60%	1	the workplace i.e. drills, saws, grindstones, portable lights, etcetera. In addition electrical appliances such as fridges, hotplates, heaters, etcetera must be	
			4. Environment (E)	2 2 1 5 125 5 5 50	40%		inspected regularly but at least on a weekly basis and maintained to the same	
							standards as portable electrical tools and appliances.	
							The use, inspection and maintenance of portable electrical tools and equipment must be governed by the following:	
							 Regular inspections by a competent person appointed in writing; 	
							 Inspection results must be recorded in a register; Only competent authorised persons are allowed to use portable electrical 	
							tools and equipment; and	
							- The correct protective equipment is worn/used whilst operating portable	
							electrical tools and equipment. 3. These equipment -	
							- Must be maintained in good condition at all times to prevent an electrical	
						Mandatory or	shock to the user; - The main source should incorporate an earth leakage protection device or	
	Use of portable electrical tools and hand tools (Including use of Portable lights)			Total Average Risk Value		as per	receive power through a double wound transformer or be double insulated and	Service Provider
	(requirement	clearly marked as such; and - All equipment must be fitted with a switch to allow for safe and easy starting	
				l otal Average RISK Value			and stopping.	
							The following requirements to be applied with when portable lights are	
							utilized (such as for illumination at stop-go points at night): - Must be fitted with a robust non-hygroscopic non-conducting handle;	
1							 Metal parts which may become live must be protected against contact; 	
							- The lamp must be protected by a strong guard; - The cable lead-in must withstand rough handling;	
1							- A register be kept for each piece of equipment with findings of regular	
1							inspections undertaken to evaluate the condition of these lights;	
1							 Inspections must be undertaken that concentrate on at least the plug, cord, switch, guard and any obvious faults; and 	
1							- When used in wet/damp/metal container conditions, it must be protected.	
							Risk Assessment and Safe working Procedure for the operation of task specific Portable electrical tools must be communicated to those operating and	
1					60%		exposed to hazards when using portable electrical tools	
10			1. Health & safety (I)	3 3 1 5 125 5 5 75	60%		Proper illumination to be available during night works	
"		1. Personal injury due to poor	2. Cost (C)	2 2 1 5 125 5 5 50		Mandatory or	2. If any Work requires to be conducted at night sufficient lighting should be	
1	Illumination during night works	illumination at night 2. Damage to equipment	3. Productivity (P)		40%	as per	supplied. 3. All activities to be conducted at night must be approved by Construction	Service Provider
		Unauthorised Work at Night	4. Environment (E)	1 1 1 5 125 5 5 25	20%	requirement	Manager with guidance from competent Safety Professional	
				Total Average Risk Value	40%		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

		Tr.	36				_		
11			1. Health & safety (I)	3 1 5 125 5 5 75			a ~	The Service Provider to ensure that:	
			2. Cost (C)	3 3 1 5 125 5 5 75			area (No rials)	 No person is required or permitted to work in a place where there is the danger of fire or an explosion due to flammable vapors being present unless 	
			3. Productivity (P)	2 2 1 5 125 5 5 50			le material storage a ave warning signs (N , Flammable materia	adequate precautions is taken	
			4. Environment (E)	3 3 1 5 125 5 5 75	60%		gns	- Flammables stored on a construction site are stored in a well-ventilated,	
		1. Unsafe use and/or storage of					si si	reasonably fire-resistant container, cage or room that is kept locked with	
		flammables could result in fires or				Mandatory or	a ga	consistent access control measures in place and sufficient fire fighting	
	Use and Storage of flammables	explosions				as per	m ma	equipment installed and fire prevention methods practiced for example proper	Service Provider
		2. Unsafe stacking and Storage of				requirement	age wa	housekeeping;	
		flammable could result in spillages		Total Average Risk Value		roquiromonic	E 9 E	- Containers (including empty containers) to be kept closed to prevent	
				Total Average Nisk Value			ble g,	fumes/vapors from escaping and accumulating in low lying areas	
							ki ta	- Welding and other flammable gases to be stored segregated as to the type of	
							£ 5 £	gas and empty and full cylinders	
							Flammable I must have Smoking, F	2. All flammable materials / containers must be clearly marked/labelled	
					55%				
12			1. Health & safety (I)	3 1 5 125 5 5 75				The Service Provider to ensure that: Employees receive the necessary information and training to be able to use,	
			2. Cost (C)	3 3 1 5 125 5 5 75			have able	handle and store hazardous chemical substances safely	
			3. Productivity (P)	2 2 1 5 125 5 5 50			ੜ ਦੇ	- The risk assessments required in terms of Construction Regulation 9 include	
			4. Environment (E)	3 3 1 5 125 5 5 75	60%		area must h or Flamma	employee exposure to hazardous chemical substances and that the necessary	
							<u>a</u> <u>a</u>	measures be taken to protect persons from being detrimentally affected by	
							Б	hazardous chemical substances present or used in the workplace, This Risk	
		4 1					a o	Assessment must be communicated to all employees exposed to HCS.	
		Inproper storage of chemicals, transportation and handling					ge	- Suppliers provide the necessary information in the form of material safety	
		2. Unsafe use and/or storage of					ē 5	data sheets regarding hazardous chemical substances required to ensure the	
		flammables could result in fires					storage a azardous s)	safe use, handling and storage of these substances, This MSDS must be	
		3. Spilled chemical substances may				Mandatory or	S Has	available on site and communicated to employees exposed to the HCS.	
	Hazardous Chemical Substances	also impact negatively on the health				as per	anc g, i	- An up-to-date list is kept on site of hazardous chemical substances stored	Service Provider
		of employees and negative				requirement	sta	and used together with the material safety data sheet of the said hazardous	
		implications for the environment		Total Average Risk Value		. oquomoni	Hazardous Chemical Substance s warning signs (No Smoking, Haz materials)	chemical substances - Hazardous chemical substances containers be clearly marked as to the	
		including legal and claim exposures					S S	contents and main hazardous category e.g. "Flammable" or "Corrosive"	
		Health hazards when ingesting,					.≌ ♀	No person eats or drinks in a hazardous chemical substances workplace;	
		inhaling or skin contact with HCS					E &	Hazardous chemical substances waste is disposed of safely in terms of	
							는 K	hazardous waste disposal requirements at a registered facility.	
							Si Si	2. HCS to be properly stored in a cool locked store room or storage area	
							<u>3</u> g	3. Employees handling hazardous chemical substance to be trained. Possible	
							<u>n</u> 22	preventive measures to be put in place in order to prevent harm to employees.	
							aza	PPE to be used when necessary.	
							т -		
					550/		_		
					55%			A Decimal of the second of the	
13			1. Health & safety (I)	5 1 5 125 5 5 125 5 1 5 125 5 5 125	55% 100%	1	_	Designate a competent person to be responsible for the preparation of a fall protection plan.	
13			2. Cost (C)	5 5 1 5 125 5 5 125	100%			protection plan.	
13			2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 125 3 1 5 125 5 5 75	100% 60%		_	protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and	
13			2. Cost (C)	5 5 1 5 125 5 5 125	100% 60%		_	protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person,	
13			2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 125 3 1 5 125 5 5 75	100% 60%		_	protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person, proof of competency must be available on site.	
13			2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 125 3 1 5 125 5 5 75	100% 60%		_	protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person,	
13			2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 125 3 1 5 125 5 5 75	100% 60%		_	protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person, proof of competency must be available on site. 3. Take steps to ensure continued adherence to the fall protection plan.	
13			2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 125 3 1 5 125 5 5 75	100% 60%		_	protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person, proof of competency must be available on site. 3. Take steps to ensure continued adherence to the fall protection plan. 4. The fall protection plan must include but not limited: A Risk assessment of all work carried out from a fall risk position, procedures and methods used to address all the risks identified.	
13			2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 125 3 1 5 125 5 5 75	100% 60%			protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person, proof of competency must be available on site. 3. Take steps to ensure continued adherence to the fall protection plan. 4. The fall protection plan must include but not limited: A Risk assessment of all work carried out from a fall risk position, procedures and methods used to address all the risks identified. 5. Appointed 16 (2) to ensure that employees comply with Construction	
13			2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 125 3 1 5 125 5 5 75	100% 60%		_	protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person, proof of competency must be available on site. 3. Take steps to ensure continued adherence to the fall protection plan. 4. The fall protection plan must include but not limited: A Risk assessment of all work carried out from a fall risk position, procedures and methods used to address all the risks identified. 5. Appointed 16 (2) to ensure that employees comply with Construction regulations 10 Fall protection.	
13			2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 125 3 1 5 125 5 5 75	100% 60%			protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person, proof of competency must be available on site. 3. Take steps to ensure continued adherence to the fall protection plan. 4. The fall protection plan must include but not limited: A Risk assessment of all work carried out from a fall risk position, procedures and methods used to address all the risks identified. 5. Appointed 16 (2) to ensure that employees comply with Construction regulations 10 Fall protection. 6. As far as is practicable, any person working in a fall risk position will work	
13			2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 125 3 1 5 125 5 5 75	100% 60%			protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person, proof of competency must be available on site. 3. Take steps to ensure continued adherence to the fall protection plan. 4. The fall protection plan must include but not limited: A Risk assessment of all work carried out from a fall risk position, procedures and methods used to address all the risks identified. 5. Appointed 16 (2) to ensure that employees comply with Construction regulations 10 Fall protection. 6. As far as is practicable, any person working in a fall risk position will work from a stable platform, ladder or other device that is at least as safe as if he or	
13			2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 125 3 1 5 125 5 5 75	100% 60%			protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintainedFPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person, proof of competency must be available on site. 3. Take steps to ensure continued adherence to the fall protection plan. 4. The fall protection plan must include but not limited: A Risk assessment of all work carried out from a fall risk position, procedures and methods used to address all the risks identified. 5. Appointed 16 (2) to ensure that employees comply with Construction regulations 10 Fall protection. 6. As far as is practicable, any person working in a fall risk position will work from a stable platform, ladder or other device that is at least as safe as if he or she is working at ground level and whilst working in this position be wearing	
13			2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 125 3 1 5 125 5 5 75	100% 60%			protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person, proof of competency must be available on site. 3. Take steps to ensure continued adherence to the fall protection plan. 4. The fall protection plan must include but not limited: A Risk assessment of all work carried out from a fall risk position, procedures and methods used to address all the risks identified. 5. Appointed 16 (2) to ensure that employees comply with Construction regulations 10 Fall protection. 6. As far as is practicable, any person working in a fall risk position will work from a stable platform, ladder or other device that is at least as safe as if he or she is working at ground level and whilst working in this position be wearing suitable fall arrest equipment to prevent the person falling from the platform.	
13		Inadequate fall protection	2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 125 3 1 5 125 5 5 75	100% 60%			protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person, proof of competency must be available on site. 3. Take steps to ensure continued adherence to the fall protection plan. 4. The fall protection plan must include but not limited: A Risk assessment of all work carried out from a fall risk position, procedures and methods used to address all the risks identified. 5. Appointed 16 (2) to ensure that employees comply with Construction regulations 10 Fall protection. 6. As far as is practicable, any person working in a fall risk position will work from a stable platform, ladder or other device that is at least as safe as if he or she is working at ground level and whilst working in this position be wearing suitable fall arrest equipment to prevent the person falling from the platform, ladder or other device utilized. This fall arrest equipment will be, as far as is	
13		2. Employees not medically fit to	2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 125 3 1 5 125 5 5 75	100% 60%			protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person, proof of competency must be available on site. 3. Take steps to ensure continued adherence to the fall protection plan. 4. The fall protection plan must include but not limited: A Risk assessment of all work carried out from a fall risk position, procedures and methods used to address all the risks identified. 5. Appointed 16 (2) to ensure that employees comply with Construction regulations 10 Fall protection. 6. As far as is practicable, any person working in a fall risk position will work from a stable platform, ladder or other device that is at least as safe as if he or she is working at ground level and whilst working in this position be wearing suitable fall arrest equipment to prevent the person falling from the platform, ladder or other device utilized. This fall arrest equipment will be, as far as is possible, secured to a point away from the edge over which the person might	
13		Employees not medically fit to work at height	2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 125 3 1 5 125 5 5 75	100% 60%	- - - =		protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person, proof of competency must be available on site. 3. Take steps to ensure continued adherence to the fall protection plan. 4. The fall protection plan must include but not limited: A Risk assessment of all work carried out from a fall risk position, procedures and methods used to address all the risks identified. 5. Appointed 16 (2) to ensure that employees comply with Construction regulations 10 Fall protection. 6. As far as is practicable, any person working in a fall risk position will work from a stable platform, ladder or other device that is at least as safe as if he or she is working at ground level and whilst working in this position be wearing suitable fall arrest equipment to prevent the person falling from the platform, ladder or other device utilized. This fall arrest equipment will be, as far as is possible, secured to a point away from the edge over which the person might fall and the lanyard must be of such a length and strength that the person will	
13	Working on Heighte (West in fell sint a residence)	Employees not medically fit to work at height Workers not trained to work at	2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 125 3 1 5 125 5 5 75	100%	Mandatory or		protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person, proof of competency must be available on site. 3. Take steps to ensure continued adherence to the fall protection plan. 4. The fall protection plan must include but not limited: A Risk assessment of all work carried out from a fall risk position, procedures and methods used to address all the risks identified. 5. Appointed 16 (2) to ensure that employees comply with Construction regulations 10 Fall protection. 6. As far as is practicable, any person working in a fall risk position will work from a stable platform, ladder or other device that is at least as safe as if he or she is working at ground level and whilst working in this position be wearing suitable fall arrest equipment to prevent the person falling from the platform, ladder or other device utilized. This fall arrest equipment will be, as far as is possible, secured to a point away from the edge over which the person might fall and the lanyard must be of such a length and strength that the person will not be able to move over the edge. Alternatively any platform, slab, deck or	Sonigo Parcidate
13	Working on Heights (Work in fall risk positions)	Employees not medically fit to work at height Workers not trained to work at height	2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 125 3 1 5 125 5 5 75	100%	Mandatory or as per		protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person, proof of competency must be available on site. 3. Take steps to ensure continued adherence to the fall protection plan. 4. The fall protection plan must include but not limited: A Risk assessment of all work carried out from a fall risk position, procedures and methods used to address all the risks identified. 5. Appointed 16 (2) to ensure that employees comply with Construction regulations 10 Fall protection. 6. As far as is practicable, any person working in a fall risk position will work from a stable platform, ladder or other device that is at least as safe as if he or she is working at ground level and whilst working in this position be wearing suitable fall arrest equipment to prevent the person falling from the platform, ladder or other device utilized. This fall arrest equipment will be, as far as is possible, secured to a point away from the edge over which the person might fall and the lanyard must be of such a length and strength that the person will not be able to move over the edge. Alternatively any platform, slab, deck or surface forming an edge over which a person may fitted with	Service Provider
13	Working on Heights (Work in fall risk positions)	Employees not medically fit to work at height Workers not trained to work at height Falling objects	2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 5 125 5 75 75 2 2 1 5 125 5 5 5 70 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	100%	Mandatory or		protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person, proof of competency must be available on site. 3. Take steps to ensure continued adherence to the fall protection plan. 4. The fall protection plan must include but not limited: A Risk assessment of all work carried out from a fall risk position, procedures and methods used to address all the risks identified. 5. Appointed 16 (2) to ensure that employees comply with Construction regulations 10 Fall protection. 6. As far as is practicable, any person working in a fall risk position will work from a stable platform, ladder or other device that is at least as safe as if he or she is working at ground level and whilst working in this position be wearing suitable fall arrest equipment to prevent the person falling from the platform, ladder or other device utilized. This fall arrest equipment will be, as far as is possible, secured to a point away from the edge over which the person might fall and the lanyard must be of such a length and strength that the person will not be able to move over the edge. Alternatively any platform, slab, deck or	Service Provider
13	Working on Heights (Work in fall risk positions)	Employees not medically fit to work at height Workers not trained to work at height Height Falling objects Workers falling	2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 125 3 1 5 125 5 5 75	100%	Mandatory or as per		protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person, proof of competency must be available on site. 3. Take steps to ensure continued adherence to the fall protection plan. 4. The fall protection plan must include but not limited: A Risk assessment of all work carried out from a fall risk position, procedures and methods used to address all the risks identified. 5. Appointed 16 (2) to ensure that employees comply with Construction regulations 10 Fall protection. 6. As far as is practicable, any person working in a fall risk position will work from a stable platform, ladder or other device that is at least as safe as if he or she is working at ground level and whilst working in this position be wearing suitable fall arrest equipment to prevent the person falling from the platform, ladder or other device utilized. This fall arrest equipment will be, as far as is possible, secured to a point away from the edge over which the person might fall and the lanyard must be of such a length and strength that the person might all and the lanyard must be of such a length and strength that the person will not be able to move over the edge. Alternatively any platform, slab, deck or surface forming an edge over which the person may fall may be fitted with suitable guard rails at two different heights as prescribed in SANS 10085 code	Service Provider
13	Working on Heights (Work in fall risk positions)	Employees not medically fit to work at height Workers not trained to work at height Falling objects Workers falling Inadequate / unsafe or damaged	2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 5 125 5 75 75 2 2 1 5 125 5 5 5 70 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	100%	Mandatory or as per		protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person, proof of competency must be available on site. 3. Take steps to ensure continued adherence to the fall protection plan. 4. The fall protection plan must include but not limited: A Risk assessment of all work carried out from a fall risk position, procedures and methods used to address all the risks identified. 5. Appointed 16 (2) to ensure that employees comply with Construction regulations 10 Fall protection. 6. As far as is practicable, any person working in a fall risk position will work from a stable platform, ladder or other device that is at least as safe as if he or she is working at ground level and whilst working in this position be wearing suitable fall arrest equipment to prevent the person falling from the platform, ladder or other device utilized. This fall arrest equipment will be, as far as is possible, secured to a point away from the edge over which the person might fall and the lanyard must be of such a length and strength that the person might fall and the lanyard must be of such a length and strength that the person will not be able to move over the edge. Alternatively any platform, slab, deck or surface forming an edge over which a person may fall may be fitted with suitable guard rails at two different heights as prescribed in SANS 10085 code of practice for the design, erection, use and inspection of access scaffolding. 7. Employees working at height must be provided with a full body harness that will be worn and attached above the wearer's head at all times and the lanyard.	Service Provider
13	Working on Heights (Work in fall risk positions)	Employees not medically fit to work at height Workers not trained to work at height Falling objects Workers falling Inadequate / unsafe or damaged fall prevention equipment used	2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 5 125 5 75 75 2 2 1 5 125 5 5 5 70 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	100%	Mandatory or as per		protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person, proof of competency must be available on site. 3. Take steps to ensure continued adherence to the fall protection plan. 4. The fall protection plan must include but not limited: A Risk assessment of all work carried out from a fall risk position, procedures and methods used to address all the risks identified. 5. Appointed 16 (2) to ensure that employees comply with Construction regulations 10 Fall protection. 6. As far as is practicable, any person working in a fall risk position will work from a stable platform, ladder or other device that is at least as safe as if he or she is working at ground level and whilst working in this position be wearing suitable fall arrest equipment to prevent the person falling from the platform, ladder or other device utilized. This fall arrest equipment will be, as far as is possible, secured to a point away from the edge over which the person might fall and the lanyard must be of such a length and strength that the person will not be able to move over the edge. Alternatively any platform, slab, deck or surface forming an edge over which a person may fall may be fitted with suitable guard rails at two different heights as prescribed in SANS 10085 code of practice for the design, recetion, use and inspection of access scaffolding. 7. Employees working at height must be provided with a full body harness that will be worn and attached above the wearer's head at all times and the lanyard must be fitted with a shock absorbing device or the person must be attached to	Service Provider
13	Working on Heights (Work in fall risk positions)	Employees not medically fit to work at height Workers not trained to work at height Falling objects Workers falling Inadequate / unsafe or damaged	2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 5 125 5 75 75 2 2 1 5 125 5 5 5 70 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	100%	Mandatory or as per		protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person, proof of competency must be available on site. 3. Take steps to ensure continued adherence to the fall protection plan. 4. The fall protection plan must include but not limited: A Risk assessment of all work carried out from a fall risk position, procedures and methods used to address all the risks identified. 5. Appointed 16 (2) to ensure that employees comply with Construction regulations 10 Fall protection. 6. As far as is practicable, any person working in a fall risk position will work from a stable platform, ladder or other device that is at least as safe as if he or she is working at ground level and whilst working in this position be wearing suitable fall arrest equipment to prevent the person falling from the platform, ladder or other device utilized. This fall arrest equipment will be, as far as is possible, secured to a point away from the edge over which the person might fall and the lanyard must be of such a length and strength that the person might fall and the lanyard must be of such a length and strength that the person might working a degree over which a person may fall may be fitted with suitable guard rails at two different heights as prescribed in SANS 10085 code of practice for the design, erection, use and inspection of access scaffolding. 7. Employees working at height must be provided with a full body harness that will be worn and attached above the wearer's head at all times and the lanyard must be fitted with a shock absorbing device or the person must be attached to a fall arrest system that is approved by the Client.	Service Provider
13	Working on Heights (Work in fall risk positions)	Employees not medically fit to work at height Workers not trained to work at height Falling objects Workers falling Inadequate / unsafe or damaged fall prevention equipment used	2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 5 125 5 75 75 2 2 1 5 125 5 5 5 70 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	100%	Mandatory or as per		protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person, proof of competency must be available on site. 3. Take steps to ensure continued adherence to the fall protection plan. 4. The fall protection plan must include but not limited: A Risk assessment of all work carried out from a fall risk position, procedures and methods used to address all the risks identified. 5. Appointed 16 (2) to ensure that employees comply with Construction regulations 10 Fall protection. 6. As far as is practicable, any person working in a fall risk position will work from a stable platform, ladder or other device that is at least as safe as if he or she is working at ground level and whilst working in this position be wearing suitable fall arrest equipment to prevent the person falling from the platform, ladder or other device utilized. This fall arrest equipment will be, as far as is possible, secured to a point away from the edge over which the person might fall and the lanyard must be of such a length and strength that the person might fall and the lanyard must be of such a length and strength that the person will not be able to move over the edge. Alternatively any platform, slab, deck or surface forming an edge over which a person may fall may be fitted with suitable guard raits at two different heights as prescribed in SANS 10085 code of practice for the design, erection, use and inspection of access scaffolding. 7. Employees working at height must be provided with a full body harness that will be worn and attached above the wearer's head at all times and the lanyard must be fitted with a shock absorbing device or the person must be attached to a fall arrest system that is approved by the Client. 8. If no edge protection is not practicable or employee does not have a	Service Provider
13	Working on Heights (Work in fall risk positions)	Employees not medically fit to work at height Workers not trained to work at height Falling objects Workers falling Inadequate / unsafe or damaged fall prevention equipment used	2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 5 125 5 75 75 2 2 1 5 125 5 5 5 70 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	100%	Mandatory or as per		protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person, proof of competency must be available on site. 3. Take steps to ensure continued adherence to the fall protection plan. 4. The fall protection plan must include but not limited: A Risk assessment of all work carried out from a fall risk position, procedures and methods used to address all the risks identified. 5. Appointed 16 (2) to ensure that employees comply with Construction regulations 10 Fall protection. 6. As far as is practicable, any person working in a fall risk position will work from a stable platform, ladder or other device that is at least as safe as if he or she is working at ground level and whilst working in this position be wearing suitable fall arrest equipment to prevent the person falling from the platform, ladder or other device utilized. This fall arrest equipment will be, as far as is possible, secured to a point away from the edge over which the person might fall and the lanyard must be of such a length and strength that the person will not be able to move over the edge. Alternatively any platform, slab, deck or surface forming an edge over which a person may fall may be fitted with suitable guard rails at two different heights as prescribed in SANS 10085 code of practice for the design, erection, use and inspection of access scaffolding, 7. Employees working at height must be provided with a full body harness that will be worn and attached above the wearer's head at all times and the lanyard must be fitted with a shock absorbing device or the person must be attached to a fall arrest system that is approved by the Client. 8. If no edge protection is not practicable or employee does not have a secured / approved anchor point for a lifeline a suitable catch net, which is	Service Provider
13	Working on Heights (Work in fall risk positions)	Employees not medically fit to work at height Workers not trained to work at height Falling objects Workers falling Inadequate / unsafe or damaged fall prevention equipment used	2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 5 125 5 75 75 2 2 1 5 125 5 5 5 70 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	100%	Mandatory or as per		protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person, proof of competency must be available on site. 3. Take steps to ensure continued adherence to the fall protection plan. 4. The fall protection plan must include but not limited: A Risk assessment of all work carried out from a fall risk position, procedures and methods used to address all the risks identified. 5. Appointed 16 (2) to ensure that employees comply with Construction regulations 10 Fall protection. 6. As far as is practicable, any person working in a fall risk position will work from a stable platform, ladder or other device that is at least as safe as if he or she is working at ground level and whilst working in this position be wearing suitable fall arrest equipment to prevent the person falling from the platform, ladder or other device utilized. This fall arrest equipment will be, as far as is possible, secured to a point away from the edge over which the person might fall and the lanyard must be of such a length and strength that the person will not be able to move over the edge. Alternatively any platform, slab, deck or surface forming an edge over which a person may fall may be fitted with suitable guard rails at two different heights as prescribed in SANS 10085 code of practice for the design, erection, use and inspection of access scaffolding. 7. Employees working at height must be provided with a full body harness that will be worn and attached above the wearer's head at all times and the lanyard must be fitted with a shock absorbing device or the person must be attached to a fall arrest system that is approved by the Client. 8. If no edge protection is not practicable or employee does not have a secured / approved anchor point for a lifedine a suitable catch net, which is able to sustain the weight of at least the average person working in a fall irrisk.	Service Provider
13	Working on Heights (Work in fall risk positions)	Employees not medically fit to work at height Workers not trained to work at height Falling objects Workers falling Inadequate / unsafe or damaged fall prevention equipment used	2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 5 125 5 75 75 2 2 1 5 125 5 5 5 70 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	100%	Mandatory or as per		protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person, proof of competency must be available on site. 3. Take steps to ensure continued adherence to the fall protection plan. 4. The fall protection plan must include but not limited: A Risk assessment of all work carried out from a fall risk position, procedures and methods used to address all the risks identified. 5. Appointed 16 (2) to ensure that employees comply with Construction regulations 10 Fall protection. 6. As far as is practicable, any person working in a fall risk position will work from a stable platform, ladder or other device that is at least as safe as if he or she is working at ground level and whilst working in this position be wearing suitable fall arrest equipment to prevent the person falling from the platform, ladder or other device utilized. This fall arrest equipment will be, as far as is possible, secured to a point away from the edge over which the person might fall and the lanyard must be of such a length and strength that the person will not be able to move over the edge. Alternatively any platform, slab, deck or surface forming an edge over which a person may fall may be fitted with suitable guard rails at two different heights as prescribed in SANS 10085 code of practice for the design, erection, use and inspection of access scaffolding. 7. Employees working at height must be provided with a full body harness that will be worn and attached above the wearer's head at all times and the lanyard must be fitted with a shock absorbing device or the person must be attached to a fall arrest system that is approved by the Client. 8. If no edge protection is not practicable or employee does not have a secured / approved anchor point for a lifeline a suitable catch net, which is able to sustain the weight of at least the average person working in a fall risk position, will be erected	Service Provider
13	Working on Heights (Work in fall risk positions)	Employees not medically fit to work at height Workers not trained to work at height Falling objects Workers falling Inadequate / unsafe or damaged fall prevention equipment used	2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 5 125 5 75 75 2 2 1 5 125 5 5 5 70 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	100%	Mandatory or as per		protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person, proof of competency must be available on site. 3. Take steps to ensure continued adherence to the fall protection plan. 4. The fall protection plan must include but not limited: A Risk assessment of all work carried out from a fall risk position, procedures and methods used to address all the risks identified. 5. Appointed 16 (2) to ensure that employees comply with Construction regulations 10 Fall protection. 6. As far as is practicable, any person working in a fall risk position will work from a stable platform, ladder or other device that is at least as safe as if he or she is working at ground level and whilst working in this position be wearing suitable fall arrest equipment to prevent the person falling from the platform, ladder or other device utilized. This fall arrest equipment will be, as far as is possible, secured to a point away from the edge over which the person might fall and the lanyard must be of such a length and strength that the person will not be able to move over the edge. Alternatively any platform, slab, deck or surface forming an edge over which a person may flat may be fitted with suitable guard rails at two different heights as prescribed in SANS 10085 code of practice for the design, erection, use and inspection of access scaffolding. 7. Employees working at height must be provided with a full body harness that will be worn and attached above the wearer's head at all times and the lanyard must be fitted with a shock absorbing device or the person must be attached to a fall arrest system that is approved by the Client. 8. If no edge protection is not practicable or employee does not have a secured / approved anchor point for a lifeline a suitable catch net, which is able to sustain the weight of at least the average person working in a fall risk position, will be treated to this safely and	Service Provider
13	Working on Heights (Work in fall risk positions)	Employees not medically fit to work at height Workers not trained to work at height Falling objects Workers falling Inadequate / unsafe or damaged fall prevention equipment used	2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 5 125 5 75 75 2 2 1 5 125 5 5 5 70 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	100%	Mandatory or as per		protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person, proof of competency must be available on site. 3. Take steps to ensure continued adherence to the fall protection plan. 4. The fall protection plan must include but not limited: A Risk assessment of all work carried out from a fall risk position, procedures and methods used to address all the risks identified. 5. Appointed 16 (2) to ensure that employees comply with Construction regulations 10 Fall protection. 6. As far as is practicable, any person working in a fall risk position will work from a stable platform, ladder or other device that is at least as safe as if he or she is working at ground level and whilst working in this position be wearing suitable fall arrest equipment to prevent the person falling from the platform, ladder or other device utilized. This fall arrest equipment will be, as far as is possible, secured to a point away from the edge over which the person might fall and the lanyard must be of such a length and strength that the person might fall and the lanyard must be of such a length and strength that the person might suitable guard rails at two different heights as prescribed in SANS 10085 code of practice for the design, erection, use and inspection of access scaffolding. 7. Employees working at height must be provided with a full body harness that will be worn and attached above the wearer's head at all times and the lanyard must be fitted with a shock absorbing device or the person must be attached to a fall arrest system that is approved by the Client. 8. If no edge protection is not practicable or employee does not have a secured / approved anchor point for a lifeline a suitable catch net, which is able to sustain the weight of at least the average person working in a fall risk position, will be erected 9. Employees working in a fall risk position will be trained to do this safely and without risk to their or other perso	Service Provider
13	Working on Heights (Work in fall risk positions)	Employees not medically fit to work at height Workers not trained to work at height Falling objects Workers falling Inadequate / unsafe or damaged fall prevention equipment used	2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 5 125 5 75 75 2 2 1 5 125 5 5 5 70 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	100%	Mandatory or as per		protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person, proof of competency must be available on site. 3. Take steps to ensure continued adherence to the fall protection plan. 4. The fall protection plan must include but not limited: A Risk assessment of all work carried out from a fall risk position, procedures and methods used to address all the risks identified. 5. Appointed 16 (2) to ensure that employees comply with Construction regulations 10 Fall protection. 6. As far as is practicable, any person working in a fall risk position will work from a stable platform, ladder or other device that is at least as safe as if he or she is working at ground level and whilst working in this position be wearing suitable fall arrest equipment to prevent the person falling from the platform, ladder or other device utilized. This fall arrest equipment will be, as far as is possible, secured to a point away from the edge over which the person might fall and the lanyard must be of such a length and strength that the person will not be able to move over the edge. Alternatively any platform, slab, deck or surface forming an edge over which a person may fall may be fitted with suitable guard rails at two different heights as prescribed in SANS 10085 code of practice for the design, rerection, use and inspection of access scaffolding. 7. Employees working at height must be provided with a full body harness that will be worn and attached above the wearer's head at all times and the lanyard must be fall arrest system that is approved by the Client. 8. If no edge protection is not practicable or employee does not have a secured / approved anchor point for a lifeline a suitable catch net, which is able to sustain the weight of at least the average person working in a fall risk position, will be treated 9. Employees working in a fall risk position will be trained to do this safely and without risk to their or other person's h	Service Provider
13	Working on Heights (Work in fall risk positions)	Employees not medically fit to work at height Workers not trained to work at height Falling objects Workers falling Inadequate / unsafe or damaged fall prevention equipment used	2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 5 125 5 75 75 2 2 1 5 125 5 5 5 70 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	100%	Mandatory or as per		protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person, proof of competency must be available on site. 3. Take steps to ensure continued adherence to the fall protection plan. 4. The fall protection plan must include but not limited: A Risk assessment of all work carried out from a fall risk position, procedures and methods used to address all the risks identified. 5. Appointed 16 (2) to ensure that employees comply with Construction regulations 10 Fall protection. 6. As far as is practicable, any person working in a fall risk position will work from a stable platform, ladder or other device that is at least as safe as if he or she is working at ground level and whilst working in this position be wearing suitable fall arrest equipment to prevent the person falling from the platform, ladder or other device utilized. This fall arrest equipment will be, as far as is possible, secured to a point away from the edge over which the person might fall and the lanyard must be of such a length and strength that the person will not be able to move over the edge. Alternatively any platform, slab, deck or surface forming an edge over which a person may fall may be fitted with suitable guard rails at two different heights as prescribed in SANS 10085 code of practice for the design, erection, use and inspection of access scaffolding. 7. Employees working at height must be provided with a full body harness that will be worn and attached above the wearer's head at all times and the lanyard must be fitted with a shock absorbing device or the person must be attached to a fall arrest system that is approved by the Client. 8. If no edge protection is not practicable or employee does not have a secured / approved anchor point for a lifeline a suitable catch net, which is able to sustain the weight of at least the average person working in a fall risk position, will be trained to do this safely and without risk to their or other p	Service Provider
13	Working on Heights (Work in fall risk positions)	Employees not medically fit to work at height Workers not trained to work at height Falling objects Workers falling Inadequate / unsafe or damaged fall prevention equipment used	2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 5 125 5 75 75 2 2 1 5 125 5 5 5 70 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	100%	Mandatory or as per		protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person, proof of competency must be available on site. 3. Take steps to ensure continued adherence to the fall protection plan. 4. The fall protection plan must include but not limited: A Risk assessment of all work carried out from a fall risk position, procedures and methods used to address all the risks identified. 5. Appointed 16 (2) to ensure that employees comply with Construction regulations 10 Fall protection. 6. As far as is practicable, any person working in a fall risk position will work from a stable platform, ladder or other device that is at least as safe as if he or she is working at ground level and whilst working in this position be wearing suitable fall arrest equipment to prevent the person falling from the platform, ladder or other device utilized. This fall arrest equipment will be, as far as is possible, secured to a point away from the edge over which the person might fall and the lanyard must be of such a length and strength that the person will not be able to move over the edge. Alternatively any platform, slab, deck or surface forming an edge over which a person may fall may be fitted with suitable guard rails at two different heights as prescribed in SANS 10085 code of practice for the design, rerection, use and inspection of access scaffolding. 7. Employees working at height must be provided with a full body harness that will be worn and attached above the wearer's head at all times and the lanyard must be fall arrest system that is approved by the Client. 8. If no edge protection is not practicable or employee does not have a secured / approved anchor point for a lifeline a suitable catch net, which is able to sustain the weight of at least the average person working in a fall risk position, will be treated 9. Employees working in a fall risk position will be trained to do this safely and without risk to their or other person's h	Service Provider
13	Working on Heights (Work in fall risk positions)	Employees not medically fit to work at height Workers not trained to work at height Falling objects Workers falling Inadequate / unsafe or damaged fall prevention equipment used	2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 5 125 5 75 75 2 2 1 5 125 5 5 5 70 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	100%	Mandatory or as per		protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person, proof of competency must be available on site. 3. Take steps to ensure continued adherence to the fall protection plan. 4. The fall protection plan must include but not limited: A Risk assessment of all work carried out from a fall risk position, procedures and methods used to address all the risks identified. 5. Appointed 16 (2) to ensure that employees comply with Construction regulations 10 Fall protection. 6. As far as is practicable, any person working in a fall risk position will work from a stable platform, ladder or other device that is at least as safe as if he or she is working at ground level and whilst working in this position be wearing suitable fall arrest equipment to prevent the person falling from the platform, ladder or other device utilized. This fall arrest equipment will be, as far as is possible, secured to a point away from the edge over which the person might fall and the lanyard must be of such a length and strength that the person will not be able to move over the edge. Alternatively any platform, slab, deck or surface forming an edge over which a person may fall may be fitted with suitable guard rails at two different heights as prescribed in SANS 10085 code of practice for the design, erection, use and inspection of access scaffolding. 7. Employees working at height must be provided with a full body harness that will be worn and attached above the wearer's head at all times and the lanyard must be fitted with a shock absorbing device or the person must be attached to a fall arrest system that is approved by the Client. 8. If no edge protection is no top racticable or employee does not have a secured / approved anchor point for a lifeline a suitable catch net, which is able to sustain the weight of at least the average person working in a fall risk position will be erected 9. Employees working in a fall risk position will b	Service Provider
13	Working on Heights (Work in fall risk positions)	Employees not medically fit to work at height Workers not trained to work at height Falling objects Workers falling Inadequate / unsafe or damaged fall prevention equipment used	2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P)	5 5 1 5 125 5 5 125 5 75 75 2 2 1 5 125 5 5 5 70 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	100%	Mandatory or as per		protection plan. 2. Ensure that the Fall protection plan is implemented, amended and maintained FPP must be developed by a competent / appointed person, proof of competency must be available on site. 3. Take steps to ensure continued adherence to the fall protection plan. 4. The fall protection plan must include but not limited: A Risk assessment of all work carried out from a fall risk position, procedures and methods used to address all the risks identified. 5. Appointed 16 (2) to ensure that employees comply with Construction regulations 10 Fall protection. 6. As far as is practicable, any person working in a fall risk position will work from a stable platform, ladder or other device that is at least as safe as if he or she is working at ground level and whilst working in this position be wearing suitable fall arrest equipment to prevent the person falling from the platform, ladder or other device utilized. This fall arrest equipment will be, as far as is possible, secured to a point away from the edge over which the person might fall and the lanyard must be of such a length and strength that the person will not be able to move over the edge. Alternatively any platform, slab, deck or surface forming an edge over which a person may fall may be fitted with suitable guard rails at two different heights as prescribed in SANS 10085 code of practice for the design, erection, use and inspection of access scaffolding. 7. Employees working at height must be provided with a full body harness that will be worn and attached above the wearer's head at all times and the lanyard must be ghoroved another point for a lifeline a suitable catch net, which is able to sustain the weight of at least the average person working in a fall risk position, will be erected 9. Employees working in a fall risk position will be trained to do this safely and without risk to their or other person's health and safety. Proof of competency must be available in safety file 10. physical and psychological fitness of employees working fa	Service Provider

14			1. Health & safety (I) 2. Cost (C)	4 1 5 125 5 5 100 4 4 1 5 125 5 5 100	80%		The Service Provider to ensure that the following are duly adhered to: the emergency procedure to be expanded to provide for the effective	
	Exposure to poisonous / Venomous or other dangerous animals, reptiles or insects	1. Venomous snakes, insects / spiders in bushes, stacking areas and other confined spaces 2. Poisonous insects 3. Insects, reptiles and other animal bites, stings that causes allergic reactions	3. Productivity (P) 4. Environment (E)	2 2 1 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	40%	Mandatory or as per requirement	treatment of employees or other persons visiting exposed to bites or stings from poisonous animals and insects, i.e. the contact details of the nearest medical unit that could treat employees exposed to bites or stings be obtained and arrangements be made with this service provider on the procedures to be followed to ensure swift response when required; - confirmation to be obtained or made available from the nearest medical unit that they have anti venom reserved to treat employees or other persons visiting that may be exposed to snake bites or scorpion stings; - competent / appointed first aiders to be available to facilitate the treatment of employees or other persons visiting exposed to stings or bites; - the potential exposure posed by poisonous or venomous animals or insects and awareness thereof to be discussed with all employees as part of the toolbox talks and general awareness training and other persons visiting as part of the pre-site visit induction process 2. If Snakes are located on site contact nears snake handler to assist with removal of the snake. Do not attempt to remove snake if not trained. 3. Emergency contacts to be freely available on site and in safety file.	Service Provider
15	Working in Inclement Weather	1. Exposed to thunder storms / lightning 2. Strong winds 3. Rain 4. Sand / dust storms 5. Extreme hot conditions	1. Health & safety (I) 2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P) 4. Environment (E)	4	80% 60%	Mandatory or as per requirement	1. The Service Provider to implement an early warning system to identify inclement weather and to prevent such weather from posing negative implications on the safety of employees and other persons visiting 2. The early warning system to, as a minimum. provide for the following: - Construction work done during electrical storms 3. The Service Provider to ensure that all employees are removed from heights and all employees are as safe as possible, in inclement weather conditions. b) No work to be allowed on the construction site during electric storms where employees cannot be protected from it. Protection involves: - eating area fitted with a lightning mast - workshops - inside buildings c) No work to be allowed in electrical storms on top of open structural steel, even when earthed. d) No work to be allowed on height where the lightning is within a 10 kilometer radius. e) After inclement weather on-site risk assessments to be reviewed to include wet conditions. - Crane operations during inclement weather a) Crane operations during inclement weather a) Crane operations to stop during lightning within a 10 kilometer radius and wind above 28 km/h, crane driver will not be allowed to leave the crane with the booms extended. b) Lifting operation to stop during rain, rigging and hand lifts. c) Booms on all cranes to be retracted. d) All rigging operations to stop and employees will be removed from site Construction work done during rain a) During rainy conditions all work on steel structures to stop. b) No electrical tools to be used during rainy weather in open areas. c) If necessary work only to be done in water proof areas where there is a zero risk for electrocution. - Ensure that the risks associated with working at heights during inclement weather are identified and reasonably mitigated.	Service Provider
16	Public health & safety and Pedestrians access to site	Unsafe pedestrian access Injuries to by standing public or pedestrians Public personal belongings or property damages	1. Health & safety (I) 2. Cost (C) 3. Productivity (P) 4. Environment (E)	4 4 1 5 125 5 6 100 2 2 1 5 125 5 5 50 1 1 1 5 125 5 5 50 1 1 1 5 125 5 5 50 Total Average Risk Value	80% 40%	Mandatory or as per requirement	1. The Service Provider will be responsible for ensuring that non-employees affected by the construction work are made aware of the dangers likely to arise from said construction work as well as the precautionary measures to be observed to avoid or minimize those dangers. This includes among others: Non-employees entering the site for whatever reason; The surrounding community; Public bystanders Appropriate signage must be posted to this effect and all employees on site must be instructed to ensure that non-employees are protected at all times. All non-employees entering the site must receive site applicable induction into the hazards and risks and the control measures for these. Safe demarcated walkway to be erected / conducted or displayed for visitors pedestrian crossings to be conducted and utilized No Construction work near public vehicles. Construction area must be barricaded (No Danger tape) or fenced to prevent Public from entering work area.	Service Provider

		71	W		II I	1		E	1
17			1. Health & safety (I) 2. Cost (C)	4 4 1 5 125 5 5 100 3 3 1 5 125 5 5 75	80% 60%		int	Emergency Preparedness 1. The Service Provider to appoint a competent person to act as emergency	
			3. Productivity (P)	3 3 1 5 125 5 5 75 3 1 5 125 5 5 75			Equipment	controller and/or coordinator.	
			4. Environment (E)	2 2 1 5 125 5 5 50			ig	2. The Service Provider to conduct an emergency identification exercise and	
			4. Environment (E)	2 2 1 5 125 5 5 50	40%		Щ	establish what emergencies (such as health, safety, environmental, third party	
							Fighting	or community related actions etcetera) could possibly develop. Contractor	
							ij	must then develop detailed contingency plans and emergency procedures,	
							ig	taking into account any emergency plan that the project/site may have in	
							<u>π</u>	place.	
							Fire	The Service Provider and the other contractors must hold regular practice drills of contingency plans and emergency procedures to test them and	
							of I	familiarize employees with them. Emergency evacuation points must be	
								available and signage displayed	
							Location	First - Aid	
							ပိုင်	1. The Service Provider to provide first-aid equipment and have qualified first-	
		1. Inadequate emergency Planning						aider(s) on site as required by General Safety Regulation 3 of the OHSACT.	
		could result in the inability to					site,	2. The contingency plan of the Service Provider to include arrangements for	
		effectively respond to emergencies					on 8	the speedily and timeously transportation of injured and/or ill person(s) to a	
		2. Inadequate first-aid arrangements					0	medical facility or getting emergency medical support to person(s) who may require it.	
		could impact negatively of the ability	· 			Mandatory or	Aider	3. The Service Provider to have firm arrangements with his contractors in	
	Emergency Preparedness	to respond to first-aid injuries or to				as per	₹	place regarding the responsibility of these contractor's first-aid arrangements	Service Provider
	(Fire Prevention, First aid)	stabilize injured employees or other				requirement	First	as well as treatment of injured and/or ill employees.	
		persons that may require advanced		Total Average Risk Value		roquiromoni		Fire Prevention and Protection	
		health care. 3. Inadequate fire prevention and		Total Titolago Taok Talao			莲,	The Service Provider to ensure that	
		protection measures may impact					Aid F	 a) Sufficient and suitable storage of flammables is provided; 	
		negatively on the ability to fight fires					¥	b) employees are trained in the use of the fire fighting equipment and know	
							First	how to attempt to extinguish a fire; (these employees must be appointed and	
							of F	proof of competency to be available on site. c) A sufficient number of employees are appointed and trained to act as an	
							Ē	emergency team to deal with fires and other emergencies;	
							required for Location	d) Employees are informed regarding emergency evacuation procedures and	
							ő	escape routes this must be included in the induction of all workers and visitors.	
								e) Emergency escape routes are kept clear at all times and clearly marked;	
							Q	f) Roll call is held after evacuation to account for all employees and to ensure	
							Je G	that no-one including visitors and disabled persons have been left behind; g) A clearly audible siren or alarm is fitted and regularly tested. if this is not	
							- in	practicable to the site, other method of warning employees must be used, for	
							<u>1</u> 6	example whistles.	
							ge		
							na E		
					60%		Signage		
18			1. Health & safety (I)	3 3 1 5 125 5 5 75	60%			Service Provider to ensure the project is secure at all times. Access control	
1			2. Cost (C)	3 3 1 5 125 5 5 75			age Site	to be maintained and no unathaurised entry to be permitted to the project.	
1		1. Public gaining access to the	3. Productivity (P)	3 3 1 5 125 5 5 75			Sign le at gate	2. When there are no activities on site and no personnel conducting works.	
		construction site.	4. Environment (E)	2 2 1 5 125 5 5 50		Mandatory or	S c	The Project has to be left in a safe manner that the public can't gain access	
	Site security and public protection	2. Theft				as per	tion ilat	and that all hazards are attended to prior vacating the site. 3. Security should be available due to valuable materials and equipment that	Service Provider
		3. Vandalism				requirement	uc	 Security should be available due to valuable materials and equipment that might be stored on site. 	
							nstr e a	might 55 stored on are.	
					FFO		Construction S to be available entrance /		
		1	4 11 11 0 1 1 1	Total Average Risk Value	55%		7 7	Tallata	
19			1. Health & safety (I)	2 2 1 5 125 5 5 50				Toilets a) Service Provider to provide toilets for each sex as required in terms of the	
			2. Cost (C)	2 2 1 5 125 5 5 50			Ladies and g area	National Building Regulations and Construction Regulation 30.	
			3. Productivity (P)	1 1 1 5 125 5 5 25 2 2 1 5 125 5 5 50			Lac and	b) Chemical toilets are allowed only if they are cleaned on a regular basis by	
			4. Environment (E)	Z Z 1 5 125 5 5 50	40%		Men / La eroom a d eating	registered contracted company. Toilets have to be provided at a ratio of at	
		d to a decourse a constitue of					nen roo eat	least 1 toilet per 30 employees	
		Inadequate provision of welfare facilities may have negative				Mandatory or	uired for M / Changer sheltered	Eating facility / area Service Provider to provide some form of eating facility sheltered from the sun,	
1	Ablution facilities	implications on the health of				as per	d fo	service Provider to provide some form of eating facility sheltered from the sun, wind and rain must be provided.	Service Provider
1		employees and other persons as				requirement	로 는 를	Living accommodation	2222 / 10/100/
1		well as the environment					qui n/ 1 st	Where the site is in a remote location and transport to home is not readily	
							or ted	available, reasonable and suitable living accommodation must be provided	
1							ige thro	after obtaining of the necessary permission from authorities and adhering to requirements such as Bylaws of the local municipality	
							gna bat sig	requirements such as bylaws of the local municipality	
							Signage requ bathroom designated s		
L				Total Average Risk Value	35%				
20			1. Health & safety (I)	3 1 5 125 5 5 75				Ensure identification off all existing services and structures before	
1			2. Cost (C)	3 3 1 5 125 5 5 75	60%	Mandatory or		commencing with site establishment.	
	Safe guarding / Dealing with existing Structures	Damage to existing services and	3. Productivity (P)	2 2 1 5 125 5 5 50	40%	as per			Service Provider
	• -	structures.	4. Environment (E)	2 2 1 5 125 5 5 50	40%	requirement			
				Total Average Risk Value	50%				