

DEVELOPMENT AND EXPANSION OF SUBSTATION INFRASTRUCTURE FOR THE TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION OF ELECTRICITY

DEVELOPMENT OF THE ON-SITE 132KV SUBSTATION AT THE WESTERN CAPE WIND ENERGY FACILITY WITHIN THE SWELLENDAM MUNICIPALITY IN THE WESTERN CAPE PROVINCE

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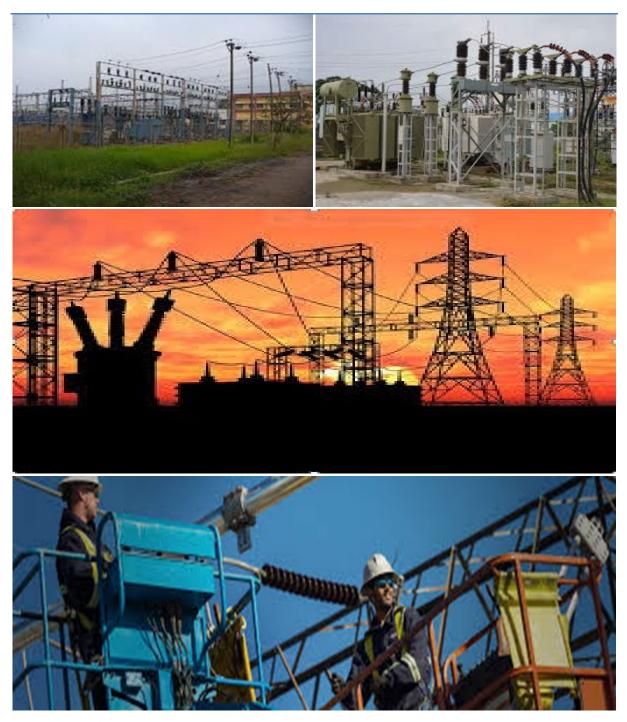
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GENERIC ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) FOR THE DEVELOPMENT AND EXPANSION OF SUBSTATION INFRASTRUCTURE FOR THE TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION OF ELECTRICITY





environmental affairs

Department: Environmental Affairs **REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA**

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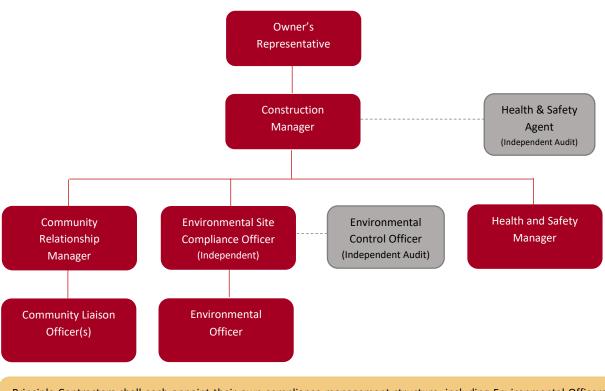
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INTRODUCTION

1. Background

The National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act No. 107 of 1998) (NEMA) requires that an environmental management programme (EMPr) be submitted where an environmental impact assessment (EIA) has been identified as the environmental instrument to be utilised as the basis for a decision on an application for environmental authorisation (EA). The content of an EMPr must either contain the information set out in Appendix 4 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations, 2014, as amended (EIA Regulations) or must be a generic EMPr relevant to an application as identified and gazetted by the Minister in a government notice. Once the Minister has identified, through a government notice that a generic EMPr is relevant to an application for EA, that generic EMPr must be applied by all parties involved in the EA process, including but not limited to the applicant and the competent authority (CA).

Please kindly see below an Organogram of the Applicant Company Structure (Figure 1) and requirements for an Environmental Site Compliance Officer (ESCO):



Principle Contractors shall each appoint their own compliance management structure, including Environmental Officers, Health and Safety Management, and Community Liaison Officers, who shall report to the Project Permit Holder, who in turn provides compliance oversight and assurance.

Figure 1: Organogram of the Applicant company structure

A suitably qualified ESCO must be appointed by the Applicant to monitor the project compliance onsite on a full-time basis.

Responsibilities of the ESCO include:

- Be fully conversant with the BAR, the conditions of EA and the EMPr;
- Be fully conversant with all relevant environmental legislation and ensure compliance thereof;
- Approve method statements (co-approval with Site Manager);
- Remain employed until the completion of the construction activities; and
- Report to the Project Manager, including all findings identified onsite.

In addition, the ESCO will:

- Undertake monthly inspections of the site and surrounding areas to audit compliance with the EMPr and conditions of the environmental authorisation;
- Take appropriate action if the specifications contained in the EMPr and conditions of the environmental authorisation are not followed;
- Monitor and verify that environmental impacts are kept to a minimum, as far as possible; and
- Ensure that activities onsite comply with all relevant environmental legislation.

2. Purpose

This document constitutes a generic EMPr relevant to applications for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, and all listed and specified activities necessary for the realisation of such infrastructure.

This EMPr has been amended for the construction and operation of the **Western Cape Wind Energy Facility 132kV Substation** that will connect the Western Cape WEF 132kV Overhead Powerline the Eskom grid, located on various farm properties within the Swellendam Local Municipality in the Western Cape Province.

This Generic EMPr refers to the 132kV on-site substation only.

The roles and responsibilities of this EMPr (Section 3, page 6 and 9) have been updated as per the Client's specific organogram. The additional roles and responsibilities are indicated via underlined text.

3. Objective

The objective of this generic EMPr is to prescribe and pre-approve generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions, which can commonly and repeatedly be used for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity. The use of a generic EMPr is intended to reduce the need to prepare and review individual EMPrs for applications of a similar nature.

4. Scope

The scope of this generic EMPr applies to the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity requiring EA in terms of NEMA. This generic EMPr applies to activities requiring EA, mainly activity 11 and 47 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 1 of 2014, as amended, and activity 9 of the Environmental Impact Assessment Regulations Listing Notice 2 of 2014, as amended, and all associated listed or specified activities necessary for the realization of such infrastructure.

5. Structure of this document

This document is structured in three parts with an Appendix as indicated in the table below:

Part	Section	Heading	Content
•		Duquidas concerst quidance and	Definitions commune relay 9 responsibilities and
A		Provides general guidance and information and is not legally	Definitions, acronyms, roles & responsibilities and documentation and reporting.
		binding	documentation and reporting.
В	1	Pre-approved generic EMPr template	Contains generally accepted impact management outcomes and impact management actions required for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, which are presented in the form of a template that has been pre-approved. The template in this section is to be completed by the contractor, with each completed page signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. Where an impact management outcome is not relevant, the words "not applicable" can be inserted in the template under the "responsible persons" column. Once completed and signed, the template represents the EMPr for the activity approved by the CA and is legally binding. The template is not required to be submitted to the CA as once the generic EMPr is gazetted for implementation, it has been approved by the CA. To allow interested and affected parties access to the pre-approved EMPr template for consideration through the decision-making process, the EAP on behalf of the applicant /proponent must make the hard copy of this EMPr available at a public location and where the
			applicant has a website, the EMPr should also be made available on such publicly accessible website.
	2	Site specific information	Contains preliminary infrastructure layout and a declaration that the applicant/holder of the EA will comply with the pre-approved generic EMPr template contained in <u>Part B: Section 1</u> and understands that the

Part	Section	Heading	Content
			impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding . The preliminary infrastructure layout must be finalized to inform the final EMPr that is to be submitted with the basic assessment report (BAR) or environmental impact assessment report (EIAR), ensuring that all impact management outcomes and impact management actions have been either pre- approved or approved in terms of <u>Part C</u> . This section must be submitted to the CA together with
			the final BAR or EIAR. The information submitted to the CA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, this Section forms part of the EMPr for the development and is legally binding.
C		Site specific sensitivities/ attributes	If any specific environmental sensitivities/ attributes are present on the site which require site specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr, to manage impacts, these specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be included in this section. These specific environmental attributes must be referenced spatially, and impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be provided. These specific impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the pre-approved EMPr template (Part B: section 1)
			This section will not be required should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes. However, if <u>Part C</u> is applicable to the site, it is required to be submitted together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by an EAP and must contain his/her name and expertise including a curriculum vitae. Once approved, Part C forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding. This section applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management actions
			that are necessary for the avoidance, management and mitigation of impacts and risks associated with the specific development or expansion and which are not already included in <u>Part B: section 1</u> .

Part	Section	Heading	Content
Apper	ndix 1		Contains the method statements to be prepared prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are not required to be submitted to the competent authority.

6. Completion of part B: section 1: the pre-approved generic EMPr template

The template is to be completed prior to commencement of the activity, by providing the following information for each environmental impact management action:

- For implementation
 - a 'responsible person',
 - a method for implementation,
 - a timeframe for implementation
- For monitoring
 - a responsible person
 - frequency
 - evidence of compliance.

The completed template must be signed and dated by the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as <u>Appendix 1</u>. Each method statement must be signed and dated on each page by the holder of the EA. This template once signed and dated is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

7. Amendments of the impact management outcomes and impact management actions

Once the activity has commenced, a holder of an EA may make amendments to the impact management outcomes and impact management actions in the following manner:

- Amendment of the impact management outcomes: in line with the process contemplated in Regulation 37 of the EIA Regulations; and
- Amendment of the impact management actions in line with the process contemplated in Regulation 36 of the EIA Regulations.

8. Documents to be submitted as part of part B: section 2 site specific information and declaration

<u>Part B: Section 2</u> has three distinct sub-sections. The first and third sub-sections are in a template format. Sub-section two requires a map to be produced.

<u>Sub-section 1</u> contains the project name, the applicant's name and contact details, the site information, which includes coordinates of the property or farm in which the proposed substation infrastructure is proposed as well as the 21-digit Surveyor General code of each cadastral land parcel and, where available, the farm name.

<u>Sub-section 2</u> is to be prepared by an EAP and must contain his/her name and expertise including a curriculum vitae. This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout using the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory use at: <u>https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool.</u> The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g., threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps shall identify features

both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features and within 50 m from the development footprint.

<u>Sub-section 3</u> is the declaration that the applicant (s)/proponent (s) or holder of the EA in the case of a change of ownership must complete which confirms that the applicant/EA holder will comply with the pre-approved 'generic EMPr' template in <u>Section 1</u> and understands that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding.

(a) Amendments to Part B: Section 2 – site specific information and declaration

Should the EA be transferred, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> must be completed by the new applicant/proponent and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted as part of such an application for an amendment to an EA will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new EA holder.

PART A – GENERAL INFORMATION

1. DEFINITIONS

In this EMPr any word or expression to which a meaning has been assigned in the NEMA or EIA Regulations has that meaning, and unless the context requires otherwise –

" clearing" means the clearing and removal of vegetation, whether partially or in whole, including trees and shrubs, as specified.

" **Construction camp**" is the area designated for key construction infrastructure and services, including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste, and wastewater management.

" contractor" - The Contractor has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract, are in line with the Environmental Management Programme and that Method Statements are implemented as described.

"Hazardous substance" is a substance governed by the Hazardous Substances Act, 1973 (Act No. 15 of 1973) as well as the Hazardous Chemical and Substances Regulations, 1995.

"Method statement" means a written submission by the Contractor to the Project Manager in response to this EMPr or a request by the Project Manager and ECO, ESCO. The method statement must set out the equipment, materials, labour, and method(s) the Contractor proposes using to carry out an activity identified by the Project Manager when requesting the Method Statement. This must be done in such detail that the Project Manager and ECO, ESCO is able to assess whether the Contractor's proposal is in accordance with this specification and/or will produce results in accordance with this specification.

The method statement must cover as a minimum applicable detail with regard to:

- (i) Construction procedures.
- (ii) Plant, materials, and equipment to be used.
- (iii) Transporting the equipment to and from site.
- (iv) How the plant/ material/ equipment will be moved while on site.
- (v) How and where the plant/ material/ equipment will be stored.
- (vi) The containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur.
- (vii) Timing and location of activities.
- (viii) Compliance/ non-compliance; and
- (ix) Any other information deemed necessary by the Project Manager.

"slope" means the inclination of a surface expressed as one unit of rise or fall for so many horizontal units.

"Solid waste" means all solid waste, including construction debris, hazardous waste, excess cement/ concrete, wrapping materials, timber, cans, drums, wire, nails, food, and domestic waste (e.g., plastic packets and wrappers).

"spoil" means excavated material which is unsuitable for use as material in the construction works or is material which is surplus to the requirements of the construction works.

"topsoil" means a varying depth (up to 300 mm) of the soil profile irrespective of the fertility, appearance, structure, agricultural potential, fertility, and composition of the soil.

"works" means the works to be executed in terms of the Contract

2. ACRONYMS and ABBREVIATIONS

CA	Competent Authority
cEO	Contractors Environmental Officer
dEO	Developer Environmental Officer
DPM	Developer Project Manager
DSS	Developer Site Supervisor
EAR	Environmental Audit Report
ECA	Environment Conservation Act No. 73 of 1989
ECO,	Environmental Control Officer
ESCO	Environmental Site Control Officer
EA	Environmental Authorisation
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment
ERAP	Emergency Response Action Plan
EMPr	Environmental Management Programme Report
EAP	Environmental Assessment Practitioner
FPA	Fire Protection Agency
HCS	Hazardous chemical Substance
NEMA	National Environmental Management Act, 1998
	(Act No. 107 of 1998)
NEMBA	National Environmental Management: Biodiversity
	Act ,2004 (Act No. 10 of 2004)
NEMWA	National Environmental Management: Waste Act,
	2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008)
MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheet
RI&APs	Registered Interested and affected parties

3. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (EMPr) IMPLEMENTATION

The effective implementation of this generic EMPr is dependent on established and clear roles, responsibilities, and reporting lines within an institutional framework. This section of the EMPr gives guidance to the various environmental roles and reporting lines, however, project specific requirements will ultimately determine the need for the appointment of specific person(s) to undertake specific roles and or responsibilities. As such, it must be noted that in the event that no specific person, for example, an environmental control officer (ECO, ESCO) is appointed, the holder of the EA remains responsible for ensuring that the duties indicated in this document for action by the ECO, ESCO are undertaken.

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer's Project Manager (DPM)	Role The Project Developer is accountable for ensuring compliance with the EMPr and any conditions of approval from the competent authority (CA). Where required, an environmental control officer (ECO, ESCO) must be contracted by the Project Developer to objectively monitor the implementation of the EMPr according to relevant environmental legislation, and the conditions of the environmental authorisation (EA). The Project Developer is further responsible for providing and giving mandate to enable the ECO, ESCO to perform responsibilities, and he must ensure that the ECO, ESCO is integrated as part of the project team while remaining independent.
	 Responsibilities Be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA. Ensure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Developer and its Contractor(s). Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required. Monitor the implementation of the EMPr throughout the project by means of site inspections and meetings. Overall management of the project and EMPr implementation; and Ensure that periodic environmental performance audits are undertaken on the project implementation.

 Table 1: Guide to roles and responsibilities for implementation of an EMPr

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
Developer Site Supervisor (DSS)	Role The DSS reports directly to the DPM, oversees site works, liaises with the contractor(s) and the ECO, ESCO. The DSS is responsible for the day-to-day implementation of the EMPr and for ensuring the compliance of all contractors with the conditions and requirements stipulated in the EMPr. Responsibilities - Ensure that all contractors identify a contractor's Environmental Officer (cEO). - Must be fully conversant with the conditions of the EA. Oversees site works, liaison with Contractor, DPM and ECO, ESCO. - Must ensure that all landowners have the relevant contact details of the site staff, ECO, ESCO and cEO. - Issuing of site instructions to the Contractor for corrective actions required.
	 Will issue all non-compliances to contractors; and Ratify the Monthly Environmental Report.
Environmental Control Officer (ECO)	RoleThe ECO should have appropriate training and experience in the implementation of environmental management specifications.The primary role of the ECO is to act as an independent quality controller and monitoring agent regarding all environmentalconcerns and associated environmental impacts. In this respect, the ECO, ESCO is to conduct periodic site inspections,attend regular site meetings, pre-empt problems and suggest mitigation and be available to advise on incidental issues that arise.The ECO is also required to conduct compliance audits, verifying the monitoring reports submitted by the cEO. The ECO providesfeedback to the DSS and Project Manager regarding all environmental matters. The Contractor, cEO and dEO are answerable tothe Environmental Control Officer for non-compliance with the Performance Specifications as set out in the EA and EMPr.The ECO provides feedback to the DSS and Project Manager, who in turn reports back to the Contractor and potential andRegistered Interested &Affected Parties (RI&APs), as required. Issues of non-compliance raised by the ECO must be taken up bythe Project Manager and resolved with the Contractor as per the conditions of his contract. Decisions regarding environmentalprocedures, specifications and requirements which have a cost implication (i.e., those that are deemed to be a variation, notallowed for in the Performance Specification) must be endorsed by the Project Manager. The ECO must also, as be specified bythe EA, report to the relevant CA as and when required.

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	Responsibilities The responsibilities of the ECO will include the following: - A suitably qualified external ECO must be appointed by the Holder of the EA to audit the project compliance in terms of the EMPr and conditions of the EA on a monthly basis, during the construction phase, in line with Condition 21 of the EA. - The costs of the ECO shall be borne by the Holder of the EA (proof of appointment must be maintained onsite). - Be aware of the findings and conclusions of all EA related to the development. - Be familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr. - Be conversant with relevant environmental legislation, policies, and procedures, and ensure compliance with them. - Undertake regular and comprehensive site inspections / audits of the construction site according to the generic EMPr and applicable licenses in order to monitor compliance as required. - Educate the construction team about the management measures contained in the EMPr and environmental licenses. - Compilation and administration of an environmental monitoring plan to ensure that the environmental management measures are implemented and are effective. - In consultation with the Developer Site Supervisor order the removal of person(s) and/or equipment which are in contravention of the specifications of the EMPr and/or environmental licenses. - Liaison between the DPM, Contractors, authorities, and other lead stakeholders on all environmental concerns. - Compile a regular environmental audit report highlighting any non-compliance issues as well as satisfactory or exceptiona
	preventive actions taken.Checking the cEO's public complaints register in which all complaints are recorded, as well as action taken.

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	 In case of non-compliances, the ECO, ESCO must first communicate this to the Senior Site Supervisor, who has the power to ensure this matter is addressed. Should no action or insufficient action be taken, the ECO, ESCO may report this matter to the authorities as non-compliance. Maintenance, update, and review of the EMPr. Communication of all modifications to the EMPr to the relevant stakeholders.
developer Environmental Officer (dEO)	Role The dEOs will report to the Project Manager and are responsible for implementation of the EMPr, environmental monitoring and reporting, providing environmental input to the Project Manager and Contractor's Manager, liaising with contractors and the landowners as well as a range of environmental coordination responsibilities.
	Responsibilities-Be fully conversant with the EMPrBe familiar with the recommendations and mitigation measures of this EMPr and implement these measuresEnsure that all stipulations within the EMPr are communicated and adhered to by the Employees, Contractor(s)Confine the development site to the demarcated areaConduct environmental internal audits with regards to EMPr and authorisation compliance (on cEO)Assist the contractors in addressing environmental challenges on siteAssist in incident management:-Reporting environmental incidents to developer and ensuring that corrective action is taken, and lessons learnt sharedAssist the contractor in investigating environmental incidents and compile investigation reportsFollow-up on pre-warnings, defects, non-conformance reportsMeasure and communicate environmental performance to the ContractorConduct environmental awareness training on site together with ECO, ESCO and cEOEnsure that the necessary legal permits and / or licenses are in place and up to dateActing as Developer's Environmental Representative on site and work together with the ECO, ESCO and contractor;
Contractor	Role

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	The Contractor appoints the cEO and has overall responsibility for ensuring that all work, activities, and actions linked to the delivery of the contract are in line with the EMPr and that Method Statements are implemented as described. External contractors must ensure compliance with this EMPr while performing the onsite activities as per their contract with the Project Developer. The contractors are required, where specified, to provide Method Statements setting out in detail how the impact management actions contained in the EMPr will be implemented during the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity activities.
	 <u>Responsibilities</u> project delivery and quality control for the development services as per appointment. employ a suitably qualified person to monitor and report to the Project Developer's appointed person on the daily activities on-site during the construction period. ensure that safe, environmentally acceptable working methods and practices are implemented, and that equipment is properly operated and maintained, to facilitate proper access and enable any operation to be carried out safely. attend on site meeting(s) prior to the commencement of activities to confirm the procedure and designated activity zones. ensure that contractors' staff repair, at their own cost, any environmental damage as a result of a contravention of the specifications contained in EMPr, to the satisfaction of the ECO, ESCO.
contractor Environmental Officer (cEO)	Role Each Contractor affected by the EMPr should appoint a cEO, who is responsible for the on-site implementation of the EMPr (or relevant sections of the EMPr). The Contractor's representative can be the site agent; site engineer; a dedicated environmental officer; or an independent consultant. The Contractor must ensure that the Contractor's Representative is suitably qualified to perform the necessary tasks and is appointed at a level such that she/he can interact effectively with other site Contractors, labourers, the Environmental Control Officer, and the public. As a minimum the cEO shall meet the following criteria: Responsibilities
	 Be on site throughout the duration of the project and be dedicated to the project. Ensure all their staff are aware of the environmental requirements, conditions, and constraints with respect to all of their activities on site.

Responsible Person(s)	Role and Responsibilities
	- Implementing the environmental conditions, guidelines and requirements as stipulated within the EA, EMPr and Method
	Statements.
	 Attend the Environmental Site Meeting.
	- Undertaking corrective actions where non-compliances are registered within the stipulated timeframes.
	 Report back formally on the completion of corrective actions.
	 Assist the ECO, ESCO in maintaining all the site documentation.
	- Prepare the site inspection reports and corrective action reports for submission to the ECO, ESCO.
	 Assist the ECO, ESCO with the preparing of the monthly report; and
	- Where more than one Contractor is undertaking work on site, each company appointed as a Contractor will appoint a cEO
	representing that company.
Environmental Onsite Compliance Officer	- A suitably qualified ESCO must be appointed by the Holder of the EA to monitor the project compliance onsite on a full time
(ESCO)	basis.
	- Responsibilities of the ESCO include:
	 Be fully conversant with the BAR, the conditions of EA and the EMPr;
	 Be fully conversant with all relevant environmental legislation and ensure compliance thereof;
	 Approve method statements (co-approval with Site Manager);
	 <u>Remain employed until the completion of the construction activities; and</u>
	 <u>Report to the Project Manager, including all findings identified onsite.</u>
	- In addition, the ESCO will:
	• Undertake monthly inspections of the site and surrounding areas to audit compliance with the EMPr and conditions of
	the environmental authorisation;
	• Take appropriate action if the specifications contained in the EMPr and conditions of the environmental authorisation
	are not followed;
	 Monitor and verify that environmental impacts are kept to a minimum, as far as possible; and
	 Ensure that activities onsite comply with all relevant environmental legislation

4. ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE

To ensure accountable and demonstrated implementation of the EMPr, a number of reporting systems, documentation controls and compliance mechanisms must be in place for all substation infrastructure projects as a minimum requirement.

4.1 Document control/Filing system

The holder of the EA is solely responsible for the upkeep and management of the EMPr file. As a minimum, all documentation detailed below will be stored in the EMPr file. A hard copy of all documentation shall be filed, while an electronic copy may be kept where relevant. A duplicate file will be maintained in the office of the DSS (where applicable). This duplicate file must remain current and up to date. The filing system must be updated, and relevant documents added as required. The EMPr file must be made available at all times on request by the CA or other relevant authorities. The EMPr file will form part of any environmental audits undertaken as prescribed in the EIA Regulations.

4.2 Documentation to be available

At the outset of the project the following preliminary list of documents shall be placed in the filing system and be accessible at all times:

- Full copy of the signed EA from the CA in terms of NEMA, granting approval for the development or expansion.
- Copy of the generic and site specific EMPr as well as any amendments thereof.
- Copy of declaration of implementing generic EMPr and subsequent approval of site specific EMPr and amendments thereof.
- All method statements.
- Completed environmental checklists.
- Minutes and attendance register of environmental site meetings.
- An up-to-date environmental incident log.
- A copy of all instructions or directives issued.
- A copy of all corrective actions signed off. The corrective actions must be filed in such a way that a clear reference is made to the non-compliance record.
- Complaints register.

4.3 Weekly Environmental Checklist

The ECO, ESCOs are required to complete a Weekly Environmental Checklist, the format of which is to be agreed prior to commencement of the activity. The ECO, ESCOs are required to sign and date the checklist, retain a copy in the EMPr file and submit a copy of the completed checklist to the DSS on a weekly basis.

The checklists will form the basis for the Monthly Environmental Reports. Copies of all completed checklists will be attached as Annexures to the Environmental Audit Report as required in terms of the EIA Regulations.

4.4 Environmental site meetings

Minutes of the environmental site meetings shall be kept. The minutes must include an attendance register and will be attached to the Monthly Report that is distributed to attendees. Each set of minutes must clearly record "Matters for Attention" that will be reviewed at the next meeting.

4.5 Required Method Statements

The method statement will be done in such detail that the ECO, ESCOs are enabled to assess whether the contractor's proposal is in accordance with the EMPr.

The method statement must cover applicable details with regard to:

- development procedures.
- materials and equipment to be used.
- getting the equipment to and from site.
- how the equipment/ material will be moved while on site.
- how and where material will be stored.
- the containment (or action to be taken if containment is not possible) of leaks or spills of any liquid or material that may occur.
- timing and location of activities.
- compliance/ non-compliance with the EMPr; and
- any other information deemed necessary by the ECO, ESCOs.

Unless indicated otherwise by the Project Manager, the Contractor shall provide the following method statements to the Project Manager no less than 14 days prior to the commencement date of the activity:

- Site establishment Camps, Lay-down or storage areas, satellite camps, infrastructure.
- Batch plants.
- Workshop or plant servicing.
- Handling, transport, and storage of Hazardous Chemical Substance's.
- Vegetation management Protected, clearing, aliens, felling.
- Access management Roads, gates, crossings etc.
- Fire plan.
- Waste management transport, storage, segregation, classification, disposal (all waste streams).
- Social interaction complaints management, compensation claims, access to properties etc.
- Water use (source, abstraction, and disposal), access and all related information, crossings, and mitigation.
- Emergency preparedness Spills, training, other environmental emergencies.
- Dust and noise management methodologies.
- Fauna interaction and risk management only if the risk was identified wildlife interaction especially on game farms; and
- Heritage and palaeontology management.

The ECO, ESCOs shall monitor and ensure that the contractors perform in accordance with these method statements. Completed and agreed method statements between the holder of the EA and the contractor shall be captured in Appendix 1.

4.6 Environmental Incident Log (Diary)

The ECO, ESCOs are required to maintain an up-to-date and current Environmental Incident Log (environmental diary). The Environmental Incident Log is a means to record all environmental incidents and/or all non-compliance notice would not be issued. An environmental incident is defined as:

- Any deviation from the listed impact management actions (listed in this EMPr) that may be addressed immediately by the ECO, ESCOs. (For example, a contractor's staff member littering or a drip tray that has not been emptied).
- Any environmental impact resulting from an action or activity by a contractor in contravention of the environmental stipulations and guidelines listed in the EMPr which as a single event would have a minor impact but which if cumulative and continuous would have a significant effect (for example no toilet paper available in the ablutions for an afternoon); and
- General environmental information such as road kills or injured wildlife.

The ECO, ESCOs are to record all environmental incidents in the Environmental Incident Log. All incidents regardless of severity must be reported to the Developer. The Log is to be kept in the EMPr file and at a minimum the following will be recorded for each environmental incident:

- The date and time of the incident.
- Description of the incident.
- The name of the Contractor responsible.
- The incident must be listed as significant or minor.
- If the incident is listed as significant, a non-compliance notice must be issued, and recorded in the log.
- Remedial or corrective action taken to mitigate the incident; and
- Record of repeat minor offences by the same contractor or staff member.

The Environmental Incident Log will be captured in the EAR.

4.7 Non-compliance

A non-compliance notice will be issued to the responsible contractor by the ECO, ESCOs via the DSS or Project Manager. The non-compliance notice will be issued in writing; a copy filed in the EMPr file and will at a minimum include the following:

- Time and date of the non-compliance.
- Name of the contractor responsible.
- Nature and description of the non-compliance.
- Recommended / required corrective action; and
- Date by which the corrective action to be completed.
- The contractors shall act immediately when a notice of non-compliance is received and correct whatever is the cause for the issuing of the notice. Complaints received regarding activities on the development site pertaining to the environment shall be recorded in a dedicated register and the response noted with the date and action taken. The ECO, ESCO should be made aware of any complaints. Any non-compliance with the agreed procedures of the EMPr is a transgression of the various statutes and laws that define the manner by which the environment is managed. Failure to redress the cause shall be reported to the relevant CA for them to deal with the transgression, as it deems fit. The contractor is deemed not to have complied with the EMPr if, inter alia, There is a deviation from the environmental conditions, impact management outcomes and impact management actions activities, as approved in generic and site specific EMPr as relevant as set out in the EMPr, which deviation has, or may cause, an environmental impact.

4.8 Corrective action records

For each non-compliance notice issued, a documented corrective action must be recorded On receiving a noncompliance notice from the DSS, the contractor's cEO will ensure that the corrective actions required take place within the stipulated timeframe. On completion of the corrective action the cEO is to issue a Corrective Action Report in writing to the ECO, ESCOs. If satisfied that the corrective action has been completed, the ECO, ESCOs are to sign-off on the Corrective Action Report and attach the report to the non-compliance notice in the EMPr file. A corrective action is considered complete once the report has signed off by the ECO, ESCOs.

4.9 Photographic recorded

A digital photographic record will be kept. The photographic record will be used to show before, during and post rehabilitation evidence of the project as well used in cases of damages claims if they arise. Each image must be dated, and a brief description note attached.

The Contractor shall:

1. Allow the ECO, ESCOs access to take photographs of all areas, activities, and actions.

The ECO, ESCOs shall keep an electronic database of photographic records which will include:

- 1. Pictures of all areas designated as work areas, camp areas, development sites and storage areas taken before these areas are set up.
- 2. All bunding and fencing.
- 3. Road conditions and road verges.
- 4. Condition of all farm fences.
- 5. Topsoil storage areas.
- 6. All areas to be cordoned off during construction.
- 7. Waste management sites.
- 8. Ablution facilities (inside and out).
- 9. Any non-conformances deemed to be "significant".
- 10. All completed corrective actions for non-compliances.
- 11. All required signage.
- 12. Photographic recordings of incidents.
- 13. All areas before, during and post rehabilitation; and
- 14. Include relevant photographs in the Final Environmental Audit Report.

4.10 Complaints register

The ECO, ESCOs shall keep a current and up-to-date complaints register. The complaints register is to be a record of all complaints received from communities, stakeholders, and individuals. The Complaints record shall:

- 1. Record the name and contact details of the complainant.
- 2. Record the time and date of the complaint.
- 3. Contain a detailed description of the complaint.
- 4. Where relevant and appropriate, contain photographic evidence of the complaint or damage (ECO, ESCOs to take relevant photographs); and
- 5. Contain a copy of the ECO, ESCOs written response to each complaint received and keep a record of any further correspondence with the complainant. The ECO, ESCO's written response will include a

description of any corrective action to be taken and must be signed by the Contractor, ECO, ESCO and affected party. Where a damage claim is issued by the complainant, the ECO, ESCOs shall respond as described in (**section 4.11**) below.

4.11 Claims for damages

In the event that a Claim for Damages is submitted by a community, landowner or individual, the ECO, ESCOs shall:

- 1. Record the full detail of the complaint as described in (section 4.10) above.
- 2. The DPM will evaluate the claim and associated damage and submit the evaluation to the Senior Site Representative for approval.
- 3. Following consideration by the DPM, the claim is to be resolved and settled immediately, or the reason for not accepting the claim communicated in writing to the claimant. Should the claimant not accept this, the ECO, ESCO shall, in writing report the incident to the Developer's negotiator and legal department; and
- 4. A formal record of the response by the ECO, ESCOs to the claimant as well as the rectification of the method of making payments not amount will be recorded in the EMPr file.

4.12 Interactions with affected parties

Open, transparent, and good relations with affected landowners, communities and regional staff are an essential aspect to the successful management and mitigation of environmental impacts.

The ECO, ESCOs shall:

- 1. Ensure that all queries, complaints, and claims are dealt within an agreed timeframe.
- 2. Ensure that any or all agreements are documented, signed by all parties and a record of the agreement kept in the EMPr file.
- 3. Ensure that a complaints telephone numbers are made available to all landowners and affected parties; and
- 4. Ensure that contact with affected parties is courteous at all times.

4.13 Environmental audits

Internal environmental audits of the activity and implementation of the EMPr must be undertaken. The findings and outcomes included in the EMPr file and submitted to the CA at intervals as indicated in the EA.

The ECO, ESCOs must prepare a monthly EAR. The report will be tabled as the key point on the agenda of the Environmental Site Meeting. The Report is submitted for acceptance at the meeting and the final report will be circulated to the Project Manager and filed in the EMPr file. At a frequency determined by the EA, the ECO, ESCOs shall submit the monthly reports to the CA. At a minimum the monthly report is to cover the following:

- Weekly Environmental Checklists.
- Deviations and non-compliances with the checklists.
- Non-compliances issued.
- Completed and reported corrective actions.
- Environmental Monitoring.
- General environmental findings and actions; and

• Minutes of the Bi-monthly Environmental Site Meetings.

4.14 Final environmental audits

On final completion of the rehabilitation and/or requirements of the EA a final EAR is to be prepared and submitted to the CA. The EAR must comply with Appendix 7 of the EIA Regulations.

PART B: SECTION 1: Pre-approved generic EMPr template

5. IMPACT MANAGEMENT OUTCOMES AND IMPACT MANAGEMENT ACTIONS

This section provides a pre-approved generic EMPr template with aspects that are common to the development of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity. There is a list of aspects identified for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity, and for each aspect a set of prescribed impact management outcomes and associated impact management actions have been identified. Holders of EAs are responsible to ensure the implementation of these outcomes and actions for all projects as a minimum requirement, in order to mitigate the impact of such aspects identified for the development or expansion of substation infrastructure for the transmission and distribution of electricity.

The template provided below is to be completed by providing the information under each heading for each environmental impact management action.

The completed template must be signed and dated on each page by both the contractor and the holder of the EA prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements prepared and agreed to by the holder of the EA must be appended to the template as Appendix 1. Each method statement must also be duly signed and dated on each page by the contactor and the holder of the EA. This template, once signed and dated, is legally binding. The holder of the EA will remain responsible for its implementation.

5.1 Environmental awareness training

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	nplementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- All staff must receive environmental awareness training	ECO, ESCO / cEO /	Hold environmental	Pre-construction	ECO, ESCO	Monthly and	Attendance	
prior to commencement of the activities;	dEO	awareness training	Construction	dEO	as and when	registers and	
		workshops			required	training minutes /	
						notes for the	
						record	
- The Contractor must allow for sufficient sessions to train	Contractor	Scheduling of	Pre-construction	ECO, ESCO	Monthly and	Attendance	
all personnel with no more than 20 personnel attending		sufficient sessions	Construction	dEO	as and when	registers and	
each course:		through			required	training minutes /	
		consultation with				notes for the	
		the ECO, ESCO / cEO				record	
		/ dEO					
- Refresher environmental awareness training is available as	cEO / dEO in	Hold refresher	During the	ECO, ESCO	Monthly and	Attendance	
and when required;	consultation with	environmental	construction phase	dEO	as and when	registers and	
	the ECO, ESCO	awareness training			required	training minutes /	
		workshops				notes for the	
						record	
- All staff are aware of the conditions and controls linked to	cEO / dEO	Hold training	During the	ECO, ESCO	Monthly and	Attendance	
the EA and within the EMPr and made aware of their		workshops and	construction phase	dEO	as and when	registers and	
individual roles and responsibilities in achieving		ensure that the EA			required	training minutes /	
compliance with the EA and EMPr;		and EMPr is readily				notes for the	
		available				record	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 The Contractor must erect and maintain information posters at key locations on site, and the posters must include the following information as a minimum: a) Safety notifications; and b) No littering. 	Contractor	Develop and place appropriate posters at key locations	Pre-construction Construction	ECO, ESCO dEO cEO	Monthly	Photographic record
 Environmental awareness training must include as a minimum the following: a) Description of significant environmental impacts, actual or potential, related to their work activities. b) Mitigation measures to be implemented when carrying out specific activities. c) Emergency preparedness and response procedures. d) Emergency procedures. e) Procedures to be followed when working near or within sensitive areas. f) Wastewater management procedures. g) Water usage and conservation. h) Solid waste management procedures. i) Sanitation procedures. j) Fire prevention; and k) Disease prevention. 	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO, ESCO	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the minimum requirements	Pre-construction Construction	ECO, ESCO dEO	Prior to the commenceme nt of the environmental awareness training	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 A record of all environmental awareness training courses undertaken as part of the EMPr must be available; 	ECO, ESCO / cEO / dEO	Filing system including all proof of training (i.e., attendance register and training minutes / notes for the record)	During the construction phase	ECO, ESCO dEO	Monthly	Completed and up to date filing system with proof of training
 Educate workers on the dangers of open and/or unattended fires; 	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO, ESCO	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the dangers of open and/or unattended fire	Pre-construction Construction	ECO, ESCO dEO	Prior to the commenceme nt of the environmental awareness training	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist
 A staff attendance registers of all staff to have received environmental awareness training must be available. 	ECO, ESCO / cEO / dEO	Filing system including all proof of training (i.e., attendance register)	During the construction phase	ECO, ESCO dEO	Monthly	Completed and up to date filing system inclusive of all attendance registers
 Course material must be available and presented in appropriate languages that all staff can understand. 	ECO, ESCO / cEO / dEO	Develop environmental awareness training material in the required languages.	During the construction phase	ECO, ESCO dEO	Monthly	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist and the

Impact management outcome: All onsite staff are aware and understand the individual responsibilities in terms of this EMPr.								
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring				
					1			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of		
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance		
		Training material				training register		
		must by readily				which must		
		available to all staff				indicate the		
						language of the		
						training		

5.2 Site Establishment development

Impact management outcome: Impacts on the environment are minimized during site establishment and the development footprint are kept to demarcated development area.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
A method statement must be provided by the contractor prior to any onsite activity that includes the layout of the construction camp in the form of a plan showing the location of key infrastructure and services (where applicable), including but not limited to offices, overnight vehicle parking areas, stores, the workshop, stockpile and lay down areas, hazardous materials storage areas (including fuels), the batching plant (if one is located at the construction camp), designated access routes, equipment	Contractor	Development of an appropriate method statement	Pre-construction	ECO, ESCO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of the method statement which complies with the minimum requirements listed

cleaning areas and the placement of staff accommodation, cooking and ablution facilities, waste and wastewater management;						
 Location of construction camps must be within approved area to ensure that the site does not impact on sensitive areas identified in the environmental assessment or site walk through; 	DPM	Place construction camps outside of sensitive areas identified in the Basic Assessment Report	Pre-construction Construction	ECO, ESCO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Availabilityoflayoutandsensitivitymapindicatingavoidancesensitive areas
 Sites must be located where possible on previously disturbed areas; 	DPM	Place site outside of sensitive areas and within previously disturbed areas identified in the BA Report	Pre-construction	ECO, ESCO dEO	Once, prior to construction	Availability of a layout and sensitivity map indicating avoidance of sensitive areas and placement within disturbed areas
 The camp must be fenced in accordance with Section 5.5: Fencing and gate installation; and 	DPM	Design and implementation of fencing as per the requirements of Section 5.5 of this EMPr	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO, ESCO dEO	Once, prior to construction and once during the construction of the fencing	The camp is fenced in accordance with Section 5.5 of this EMPr
 The use of existing accommodation for contractor staff, where possible, is encouraged. 	Not applicable – the	e development of new a	accommodation is not p	proposed. Staff w	ill be accommodate	d in the closet town

5.3 Access restricted areas

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Identification of access restricted areas is to be informed by the environmental assessment, site walk through, and any additional areas identified during development; 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the ECO, ESCO	Spatially demarcate access restricted areas informed by the BA Report	Pre-construction	ECO, ESCO	Once, prior to construction	Access restricted areas are identified and provided in a spatial format	
 Erect, demarcate and maintain a temporary barrier with clear signage around the perimeter of any access restricted area, colour coding could be used if appropriate; and 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the ECO, ESCO	Erect appropriate temporary barriers around access restricted areas	At the commencement and for the duration of the construction phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Access restricted areas are closed- off through temporary barriers and barriers are maintained to a sufficient standard	
 Unauthorised access and development related activity inside access restricted areas is prohibited. 	Contractor / dEO / cEO	Erect appropriate temporary barriers around access restricted areas and provide clear signage of restricted status	During the construction phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly, and as and when required	Photographic evidence and notes of compliance that no unauthorised access or activities has taken place within the access restricted areas	

5.4 Access roads

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 An access agreement must be formalized and signed by the 	DPM	Develop access	Pre-construction	dEO	Once, prior to	Availability of
DPM, Contractor and landowner before commencing with	Contractor	agreements with		ECO, ESCO	construction	approved and
the activities;		the affected				signed
		landowners. Ensure				negotiations
		that agreements are				
		approved and				
		signed				
 All private roads used for access to the servitude must be 	Contractor	Undertake	During the	cEO / ECO,	Weekly	Photographic
maintained and upon completion of the works, be left in at		maintenance	construction phase	ESCO		record of the pre-
least the original condition		activities on private				construction
		roads used for				condition and
		construction as				degradation of
		degradation takes				roads, and
		place				records of the
						implementation
						and effectiveness
						of maintenance
						activities

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to t	the environment ⁻	through the planne	d and restricted mo	ovement of vel	nicles on site.		
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 All contractors must be made aware of all these access routes. 	dEO / cEO	Develop a map illustrating all access routes associated with the project and present and provide the map to all contractors	Pre-construction Construction	ECO, ESCO	Once, prior to construction	Access routes map readily available	
 Any access route deviation from that in the written agreement must be closed and re-vegetated immediately, at the contractor's expense; 	Contractor	All access routes developed that are not in-line with the access route agreements must be closed and re- habilitated to the pre-disturbance state	Construction and Rehabilitation	ECO, ESCO	Bi-weekly (every two weeks)	Photographic record of the closure of access roads and re- vegetation	
 Maximum use of both existing servitudes and existing roads must be made to minimise further disturbance through the development of new roads; 	Contractor (and Eskom maintenance staff where relevant to operation)	Existing access routes to be used must be specified and the development of new roads must be avoided as far as possible	Construction and operation	cEO Operation and maintenance team	Weekly	Implementation of the approved layout	

Impact Management Actions	Implementatio	on			Monitoring		
	Responsible person		Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 In circumstances where private roads must be used, the condition of the said roads must be recorded in accordance with section 4.9: photographic record; prior to use and the condition thereof agreed by the landowner, the DPM, and the contractor; 	dEO / cEO		Recordtheconditionsofprivate roads to beused (prior to use)asperrequirementsofsection4.9agreeontherequiredconditionoftheroadswiththelandowner,DPM and contractor	During the construction phase	ECO, ESCO	Prior to the use of private roads	Photographic record and proo of the road conditions agreed upon with the relevant parties
 Access roads in flattish areas must follow fence lines and tree belts to avoid fragmentation of vegetated areas or croplands 	Contractor	and	Design access roads to follow fence lines and avoid vegetated areas	Pre-construction	ECO, ESCO	Once during the design and once prior to construction	Implementation of the approved layout
 Access roads must only be developed on pre-planned and approved roads. 	Contractor		Construction of access roads only on pre-planned and approved access roads	During the construction phase	ECO, ESCO dEO	Once during the design and weekly during the construction of access roads	Implementation of the approved layout

5.5 Fencing and Gate installation

Impact management outcome: Minimise impact to the environment and ensure safe and controlled access to the site through the erection of fencing and gates where required.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Use existing gates provided to gain access to all parts of the area authorised for development, where possible; 	Contractor	Identify and inform all relevant staff of the existing gates to be used	Pre-construction & Construction	dEO	Monthly	Existing gates are utilised on a frequent basis and only limited new access gates are developed
 Existing and new gates to be recorded and documented in accordance with section 4.9: photographic record; 	ECO, ESCO	Existing and new gates will be recorded and documented as per the requirements of section 4.9	During the construction phase	ECO, ESCO	Once, when the construction of all new gates has been completed	Photographic record of the existing and new gates as per the requirements of section4.9
 All gates must be fitted with locks and be kept locked at all times during the development phase, unless otherwise agreed with the landowner; 	Contractor	Ensure all relevant gates are fitted with locks and are always locked	Construction and Operation	ECO, ESCO Operation and maintenance team	Bi-weekly (every second week)	All gates are locked and no complaints from landowners are received in this regard

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 At points where the line crosses an existing fence in which there is no suitable gate within the extent of the line servitude, on the instruction of the DPM, a gate must be installed at the approval of the landowner; 	dEO	Install new gates where required with the approval of the affected landowner	During the construction phase	ECO, ESCO	Once, prior to construction and during the construction phase, as and when required	New gates are installed where required
 Care must be taken that the gates must be so erected that there is a gap of no more than 100 mm between the bottom of the gate and the ground; 	Contractor	Install gates in a manner so that there is a gap of no more than 100mm between the bottom of the gate and the ground	During the construction phase	cEO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the construction phase	New gates installed as per the requirement
 Where gates are installed in jackal proof fencing, a suitable reinforced concrete still must be provided beneath the gate; 	Contractor	Implement a reinforced concrete sill beneath gates installed for jackal proofing	During the construction phase	cEO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the construction phase	New gates installed as per the requirement
 Original tension must be maintained in the fence wires; 	Contractor	Maintain original tension of fences through required activities	During the construction phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	No tension reduction on fence wires

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 All gates installed in electrified fencing must be re- electrified; 	Contractor	Electrify gates installed in electrified fencing	During the construction phase	ECO, ESCO	Once, during the erection of the gates during the construction phase	Gates installed in electrified fencing is electrified	
 All demarcation fencing and barriers must be maintained in good working order for the duration of the development activities; 	Contractor	Undertake maintenance activities on fences and barriers	During the construction phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Photographic record of maintained fences and barriers	
 Fencing must be erected around the camp, batching plants, hazardous storage areas, and all designated access restricted areas, where applicable; 	Contractor	Fence construction camps, batching plants, hazardous storage areas and access restricted areas	During the construction phase	ECO, ESCO	Once during the erection of fencing	Photographic record of fences erected	
 Any temporary fencing to restrict the movement of life- stock must only be erected with the permission of the land owner. 	dEO/ cEO Contractor	Obtain written approval from the relevant landowner where temporary fencing is required to restrict life-stock movement	During the construction phase	ECO, ESCO	To be monitored as temporary fencing is required	Written approval to be provided by the dEO	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 All fencing must be developed of high-quality material bearing the SABS mark; 	Contractor	Make use of high- quality materials approved by SABS	During the construction phase	cEO	To be monitored as fencing is erected during the construction phase	Use of high- quality materials for fencing approved by SABS
 The use of razor wire as fencing must be avoided as far as possible; 	Contractor	Razor wire must not be sourced or used for the erection of fencing	During the construction phase	ECO, ESCO	To be monitored as fencing is erected during the construction phase	Fences erected do not make use of razor wire
 Fenced areas with gate access must remain locked after hours, during weekends and on holidays if staff is away from site. Site security will be required at all times; 	DSS and Contractor	Ensure fenced areas are locked as required through the implementation of a formalised process. Appoint a security company	During the construction phase	cEO	Weekly and as and when required	Fences are locked and no complaints from landowners are received. A security company is appointed
 On completion of the development phase all temporary fences are to be removed; 	Contractor	Removal of all temporary fences	At the end of the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO dEO	Once, following the completion of the construction phase	No temporary fences associated with the project is present following the completion of

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of		
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance		
						the construction		
						phase		
- The contractor must ensure that all fence uprights are	Contractor	Appropriate	At the end of the	ECO, ESCO	Once, following	No fence uprights		
appropriately removed, ensuring that no uprights are cut		removal of all fence	Construction Phase	dEO	the completion	associated with		
at ground level but rather removed completely.		uprights			of the	the project is		
					construction	present following		
					phase	the completion of		
						the construction		
						phase		

5.6 Water Supply Management

Impact management outcome: Undertake responsib	le water usage.						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation				Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method implementati	of on	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 All abstraction points or bore holes must be registered with the DWS and suitable water meters installed to ensure that the abstracted volumes are measured on a daily basis; 	Not applicable wat	er for the proje	ct will be	e either sourced from i	municipal source	s and abstraction po	ints.
 The Contractor must ensure the following: a. The vehicle abstracting water from a river does not enter or cross it and does not operate from within the river. b. No damage occurs to the river bed or banks and that the abstraction of water does not entail stream diversion activities; and c. All reasonable measures to limit pollution or sedimentation of the downstream watercourse are implemented. 	Not applicable - wa	ter for the proj	ect will l	be sourced from munic	cipal sources and	abstraction points.	
 Ensure water conservation is being practiced by: a. Minimising water use during cleaning of equipment. b. Undertaking regular audits of water systems; and c. Including a discussion on water usage and conservation during environmental awareness training. d. The use of grey water is encouraged. 	Contractor/dEO /cEO in consultation with the ECO, ESCO	Implement required conservation measures throughout construction processes	the water on-site	During the construction phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly, and as and when required	Successful implementation of water conservation

Impact management outcome: Impacts to the environment caused by storm water and wastewater discharges during construction are avoided. **Impact Management Actions** Implementation Monitoring Timeframe Evidence Responsible Method of for Responsible Frequency of implementation implementation compliance person person Runoff from the cement/ concrete batching areas must be the ECO, ESCO Weekly Implement During No _ Contractor strictly controlled, and contaminated water must be measures for the construction phase mismanagement of runoff or collected, stored and either treated or disposed of off-site, control and management of contaminated at a location approved by the project manager; runoff water due to the temporary concrete batching plant All spillage of oil onto concrete surfaces must be controlled Contractor ECO, ESCO Monthly Availability and Obtain approved During the of _ by the use of an approved absorbent material and the used cEO absorbent material **Construction Phase** approved absorbent material disposed of at an appropriate waste and make use of absorbent licensed waste material at the disposal facility; disposal facilities for construction site disposal of oil of and proof disposal of oil at licenses disposal facilities Natural stormwater runoff not contaminated during the ECO, ESCO As and when the of DPM in Consultation During the Proof _ development and clean water can be discharged directly to consultation with between the DPM construction phase need arises to consultation the ECO, ESCO and the ECO, ESCO discharge between the DPM watercourses and water bodies, subject to the Project determine if natural and ECO, ESCO Manager's approval and support by the ECO, ESCO; to and the outcomes be stormwater water can

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		discharged directly			runoff and clean	thereof to be
		into water bodies			water	provided. Proof
		(where present).				of water quality
		The necessary water				testing and the
		quality testing must				results thereof.
		be undertaken prior				
		to discharge				
- Water that has been contaminated with suspended solids,	DPM in	Consultation	During the	ECO, ESCO	As and when the	Proof of
such as soils and silt, may be released into watercourses or	consultation with	between the DPM	construction phase		need arises to	consultation
water bodies only once all suspended solids have been	the ECO, ESCO	and the ECO, ESCO			discharge water	between the DPN
removed from the water by settling out these solids in		to determine if				and ECO, ESCO
settlement ponds. The release of settled water back into		water can be				and the outcomes
the environment must be subject to the Project Manager's		discharged directly				thereof to be
approval and support by the ECO, ESCO.		into water bodies				provided. Proo
		(where present).				of water quality
		The necessary water				testing and the
		quality testing must				results thereof.
		be undertaken prior				
		to discharge				

Impact management outcome: Wastes are appropriately stored, handled, and safely disposed of at a recognisded waste facility.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- All measures regarding waste management must be	Contractor	Develop and	During the	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Implementation
undertaken using an integrated waste management		implement a waste	construction phase			of the waste
approach;		management plan				management
						plan and proof of
						waste
						management
						through proof of
						responsible
						disposal
- Sufficient, covered waste collection bins (scavenger and	Contractor	Provision of	During the	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	Appropriate
weatherproof) must be provided;		appropriate waste	construction phase			waste collection
		collection bins				bins are available
		which are				throughout the
		strategically placed				site
		throughout the site				
- A suitably positioned and clearly demarcated waste	DPM and	Identify an	Design and	ECO, ESCO	Once, prior to	A waste collection
collection site must be identified and provided;	Contractor	appropriate	Construction Phase		the	site is
		location for the			commencement	appropriately
		waste collection site			of construction	placed and
		which must be				demarcated
		clearly demarcated				
		through signage and				
		temporary fencing				

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
 The waste collection site must be maintained in a clean and orderly manner; 	v n a u t t r t	Regular collection of waste and maintenance of the area must be undertaken as per the waste requirements for the project during construction	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	The waste collection site is maintained and clean		
 Waste must be segregated into separate bins and clearly marked for each waste type for recycling and safe disposal; 	Contractor	Provide separate and marked bins for the different waste types associated with the construction phase	During the Construction Phase	cEO	Weekly	Separate waste bins are available on site and waste generated is separated into the relevant bins		
 Staff must be trained in waste segregation; 	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO, ESCO	Include waste segregation as part of the environmental awareness training material.	Pre-construction Construction	ECO, ESCO	Monthly, and as and when required	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist		
 Bins must be emptied regularly; 	Contractor	Bins must be emptied before reaching total	During the construction phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	No mismanagement of bins.		

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		capacity and on a				
		regular basis as				
		required for the				
		project				
- General waste produced onsite must be disposed of at	Contractor	Disposal of general	During the	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Disposal
registered waste disposal sites/ recycling company;		waste at licensed	construction phase			certificates of
		waste disposal				disposal at
		facilities must be				licensed facilities
		undertaken as per				to be provided
		the waste				
		management plan				
 Hazardous waste must be disposed of at a registered waste 	Contractor	Disposal of	During the	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Disposal
disposal site;		hazardous waste at	construction phase			certificates of
		licensed waste				disposal at
		disposal facilities				licensed facilities
		must be undertaken				to be provided
		as per the waste				
		management plan				
- Certificates of safe disposal for general, hazardous, and	Contractor	Obtain certificates	During the	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Disposal
recycled waste must be maintained.		for safe disposal of	construction phase			certificates of
		waste				disposal at
						licensed facilities
						to be provided
						and filed as part

Impact management outcome: Wastes are appropri	ropriately stored, handled, and safely disposed of at a recognisded waste facility.							
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring				
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Fraguanay	Evidence	of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person	Frequency	compliance		
						of the	filing	
						system		

5.9 Protection of watercourses and estuaries

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
 All watercourses must be protected from direct or indirect spills of pollutants such as solid waste, sewage, cement, oils, fuels, chemicals, aggregate tailings, wash and contaminated water or organic material resulting from the Contractor's activities; 	Contractor	Contractor to undertake activities which can cause spills of pollutants outside of watercourses	During the construction phase	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	No incidents reported of spillage of pollutants into watercourses		
 In the event of a spill, prompt action must be taken to clear the polluted or affected areas; 	Contractor and cEO	Develop a management plan or process for implementation should a spill take place	During the construction phase	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	Feedback must be provided by the contractor in terms of how the spill was handled and photographic evidence of the feedback must be provided and kept on record		
 Where possible, no development equipment must traverse any seasonal or permanent wetland 	Not applicable - no	wetlands are located n	ear the site for the place	cement of the su	Ibstation.			
 No return flow into the estuaries must be allowed and no disturbance of the Estuarine functional Zone should occur; 	Not applicable – no	estuaries are located v	vithin the study area.					
 Development of permanent watercourse or estuary crossing must only be undertaken where no alternative access to tower position is available; 	Not applicable – no	o watercourses will be c	rossed because of the	development of	the substation.			

Impact Management Actions	Implementation				Monitoring	Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method	of	Timeframe for		Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation		implementation	person		compliance	
 There must not be any impact on the long-term morphological dynamics of watercourses or estuaries; 	as there are no wa	-		substation will not hav hin the section of the				
	will be developed.							
 Existing crossing points must be favoured over the creation of new crossings (including temporary access) 	Not applicable – no	new road crossir	ngs wi	ll be required for the o	levelopment of su	ibstation.		
- When working in or near any watercourse or estuary, the	Contractor	Activities		During the	ECO, ESCO	Monthly, and as	No degradation of	
following environmental controls and consideration must		undertaken	near	construction phase		and when	the watercourses	
be taken:		watercourses in	must			required	and no incidents	
a) Water levels during the period of construction.		be in-line with	and				of destruction	
No altering of the bed, banks, course, or characteristics of		consider	the				reported	
a watercourse		specified						
b) During the execution of the works, appropriate		environmental						
measures to prevent pollution and contamination of the		controls						
riparian environment must be implemented e.g., including								
ensuring that construction equipment is well maintained.								
c) Where earthwork is being undertaken in close proximity								
to any watercourse, slopes must be stabilised using								
suitable materials, i.e., sandbags or geotextile fabric, to								
prevent sand and rock from entering the channel; and								
d) Appropriate rehabilitation and re-vegetation								
measures for the watercourse banks must be implemented								
timeously. In this regard, the banks should be								
appropriately and incrementally stabilised as soon as								
development allows.								

5.10 Vegetation clearing

Impact management outcome: Vegetation clearing is restricted to the authorised development footprint of the proposed infrastructure. Monitoring **Impact Management Actions** Implementation Responsible Method of Timeframe for Responsible Evidence of Frequency implementation compliance person implementation person General: - Indigenous vegetation which does not interfere with the cEO ECO, ESCO Weekly, and as No unnecessary and Demarcate areas of Construction and contractor indigenous operation (i.e., for Operation and and when clearance development must be left undisturbed; of vegetation to be maintenance maintenance required indigenous avoided before purposes) team vegetation is is clearance undertaken undertaken ECO, ESCO Weekly, and as No clearance of Protected or endangered species may occur on or near the Contractor Demarcate During the _ areas and development site. Special care should be taken not to containing **Construction Phase** when protected or protected required endangered damage such species; or endangered species species other to be avoided by than those construction permitted to be activities removed Search, rescue, and replanting of all protected and Pre-construction & ECO, ESCO Weekly, and as _ Relevant Develop Implementation and specialist implement a Plant and when the Plant endangered species likely to be damaged during project in Construction of development must be identified by the relevant specialist consultation with Search and Rescue required Search and and completed prior to any development or clearing; the Contractor Plan Rescue Plan and photographic evidence and notes of the

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
						implementation of the plan	
 Permits for removal must be obtained from the relevant CA prior to the cutting or clearing of the affected species, and they must be filed; 	DPM	Undertake the permitting process in order to obtain the relevant permits for the removal of protected species. Permits must be kept on file	Pre-construction	ECO, ESCO	Once, prior to the commencement of the construction phase and removal of the protected species	Permits on file	
 The Environmental Audit Report must confirm that all identified species have been rescued and replanted and that the location of replanting is compliant with conditions of approvals; 	ECO, ESCO	Ensure that the audit report indicates all species rescued and replanted and provides feedback in terms of compliance with the conditions of permits for replanting	During the Construction Phase and following the completion of the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Once, prior to the commencement of the construction phase and removal of the protected species	Specialist report	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Trees felled due to construction must be documented and form part of the Environmental Audit Report; 	ECO, ESCO	Ensure that the audit report documents the details of trees felled	During the Construction Phase and following the completion of the Construction Phase		Not Applicable		
 Rivers and watercourses must be kept clear of felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris; 	Contractor	Felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris must be disposed of at a licensed waste disposal facility	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	No felled trees, vegetation cuttings and debris are dumped in inappropriate locations and disposal certificates are available as proof of responsible disposal	
 Only a registered pest control operator may apply herbicides on a commercial basis and commercial application must be carried out under the supervision of a registered pest control operator, supervision of a registered pest control operator or is appropriately trained; 	DPM and Contractor	A suitably qualified pest control operator must be appointed	Construction and Operation	ECO, ESCO	As and when the use of herbicides is required	Only registered pest control operators must be appointed, and proof of their registration must be provided	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring				
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
 A daily register must be kept of all relevant details of herbicide usage; 	Contractor	Develop a daily register for the documentation of the details of herbicide usage	During the construction phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Daily register provided by the pest control operator		
 No herbicides must be used in estuaries 	Not applicable - no estuaries are present within the study area							
 All protected species and sensitive vegetation not removed must be clearly marked and such areas fenced off in accordance with <i>Section 5.3: Access restricted areas.</i> 	Contractor in consultation with the cEO	Spatially demarcate protected species and sensitive vegetation and implement appropriate fencing where required as per section 5.3	During the construction phase	ECO, ESCO	Once, during the undertaking of the demarcation of the areas and the erection of the fencing	Demarcation and fencing are undertaken in- line with the requirements of section 5.3		
 Alien invasive vegetation must be removed and disposed of at a licensed waste management facility. 	Contractor	Remove all alien invasive vegetation and dispose of the removed vegetation at a licensed waste management facility	During the construction phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly, and as and when required	Disposal certificates of disposal at licensed facilities to be provided and filed as part of the filing system		

5.11 Protection of fauna

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
- No interference with livestock must occur without the	dEO / cEO	Develop a	Pre-construction	ECO, ESCO	Once, prior to	Written consent
landowner's written consent and with the landowner or a person representing the landowner being present;	Contractor	procedure for dealing with livestock within the affected properties	and during the construction phase		the commencement of construction and as and when required during the construction	provided by the landowner and proof o representation o the landowne during
					phase	interference
 The breeding sites of raptors and other wild birds' species must be taken into consideration during the planning of the development programme; 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Ensure that the planning and development programme considers breeding sites for wild bird species	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO, ESCO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and as and when required	The planning and development programme which includes the consideration of breeding sites for wild bird species
 Breeding sites must be kept intact and disturbance to breeding birds must be avoided. Special care must be taken where nestlings or fledglings are present; 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	Avoid breeding sites and ensure that special care is taken in the presence of nestlings and fledgelings	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO, ESCO Operation and maintenance team	Weekly, and as and when required during the construction. Monthly, and as and when	Photographic record of intac breeding sites

Impact management outcome: Disturbance to fauna is minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
					required during operation	
 Special recommendations of the avian specialist must be adhered to at all times to prevent unnecessary disturbance of birds; 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	All mitigation measures recommended by the avifauna specialist must be implemented	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO, ESCO Operation and maintenance team	Weekly during construction and monthly during operation	Photographic record of compliance and successful implementation of the recommended measures
 No poaching must be tolerated under any circumstances. All animal dens in close proximity to the works areas must be marked as Access restricted areas; 	dEO / cEO in consultation with the Contractor	All site staff must be informed of this requirement during the Environmental Awareness Training and the consequences of not adhering to the requirement. These areas must be demarcated as Access Restricted Areas	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly, and as and when required	No instances of poaching are reported

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 No deliberate or intentional killing of fauna is allowed; 	dEO / cEO in	All site staff must be	During the	ECO, ESCO	Monthly, and as	No instances o
	consultation with	informed of this	Construction Phase		and when	deliberate o
	the Contractor	requirement during			required	intentional killing
		the Environmental				are reported
		Awareness Training				
		and the				
		consequences of				
		not adhering to the				
		requirement. These				
		areas must be				
		demarcated as				
		Access Restricted				
		Areas				
 In areas where snakes are abundant, snake deterrents are 	dEO / cEO in	Implement and	During the	ECO, ESCO	Once, during the	Photographic
to be deployed on the pylons to prevent snakes climbing	consultation with	maintain snake	Construction Phase	Operation and	construction and	record of the
up, being electrocuted, and causing power outages; and	the Contractor	deterrents in areas	Operation Phase	maintenance	as and when	implementation
		where snakes are		team	required.	and maintenance
		abundant			Monthly during	of snak
					operation	deterrents
 No Threatened or Protected species (ToPs) and/or 	DPM in	Undertake a	Pre-construction	ECO, ESCO	Once, prior to	Permits fo
protected fauna as listed according NEMBA (Act No. 10 of	consultation with	permitting process			the	removal
2004), and relevant provincial ordinances may be removed	the dEO	to obtain the			commencement	and/relocation
and/or relocated without appropriate		required permits			of construction	must be kept or
authorisations/permits.						

Impact management outcome: Disturbance to fauna is minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation				Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method	of	Timeframe	for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
	person	implementation		implementation		person		compliance	
							and as and when	file and be read	dily
							required	available	

5.12 Protection of heritage resources

Impact management outcome: Impact to heritage resources is minimised.									
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring					
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of			
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance			
- Identify, demarcate, and prevent impact to all known	No significant and s	ensitive Heritage and P	alaeontological areas i	dentified in the s	pecialist assessment	t.			
sensitive heritage features on site in accordance with the									
No-Go procedure in Section 5.3: Access restricted areas;									
- Carry out general monitoring of excavations for potential	Suitably qualified	Appoint a suitably	During the	ECO, ESCO	During the	Proof of			
fossils, artefacts, and material of heritage importance;	specialist in	qualified specialist	Construction Phase		undertaking of	appointment of a			
	consultation with	to carry out the			excavations of	suitably qualified			
	the ECO, ESCO	monitoring of			fossils, artefacts,	specialist and			
		excavations for			and heritage	photographic			
		fossils, artefacts,			material	record of			
		and important				required			
		heritage material							

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
						monitoring by the specialist
 All work must cease immediately, if any human remains and/or other archaeological, palaeontological, and 		Develop and implement	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Weekly, during the construction	Proof of wor ceased, and th
historical material are uncovered. Such material, if exposed, must be reported to the nearest museum,		procedures for situations where			phase and as and when	required procedures
archaeologist/ palaeontologist (or the South African Police Services), so that a systematic and professional		human remains, archaeological,			required	followed in case where material
investigation can be undertaken. Sufficient time must be allowed to remove/collect such material before		palaeontological, or historical material				discovered.
development recommences		are uncovered				

5.13 Safety of the public

Impact management outcome: All precautions are taken to minimise the risk of injury, harm, or complaints. **Impact Management Actions** Implementation Monitoring Responsible Timeframe Responsible Evidence Method of for Frequency of implementation implementation person compliance person ECO, ESCO Identify fire hazards, demarcate, and restrict public access Develop Pre-construction Once, prior to Compliance with cEO _ in an to these areas as well as notify the local authority of any consultation with Emergency Construction the the Emergency potential threats e.g., large brush stockpiles, fuels etc.; Preparedness, Preparedness, the Contractor commencement

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
		Response and Fire Management Plan specific to the project			of construction and weekly during the construction phase	Response and Fire Management Plan	
 All unattended open excavations must be adequately fenced or demarcated; 	Contractor	Ensure that all excavations undertaken is fenced and demarcated within a reasonable timeframe and in instances where excavations will be open for long- periods of time	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	Excavations are fenced where required and photographic proof can be provided	
 Adequate protective measures must be implemented to prevent unauthorised access to and climbing of partly constructed infrastructure and protective scaffolding; 	Contractor	All staff must be easily identifiable, and the climbing of infrastructure and scaffolding must be undertaken by authorised personnel as	During the construction phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly, and as and when required	No incidents of unauthorised climbing are reported	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation		Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence o
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		managed by the				
		Contractor				
- Ensure structures vulnerable to high winds are secured;	Contractor	Ensure that	During the	ECO, ESCO	Weekly, and as	No incidents c
		sufficient	construction phase		and when	unstable
		stabilisation			required	structures due t
		measures are				high winds
		implemented to				reported
		secure structures				
		vulnerable to high				
		winds				
- Maintain an incidents and complaints register in which all	cEO	Compile and	During the	ECO, ESCO	Monthly, and as	The incidents and
incidents or complaints involving the public are logged.		regularly update as	construction phase		and when	complaints
		incidents and			required	register ar
		complaints are				complete an
		submitted from the				provides all th
		public and indicate				required details
		the actions taken to				
		resolve the				
		complaint				

Impact management outcome: Clean and well-maintained toilet facilities are available to all staff in an effort to minimise the risk of disease and impact to the environment.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Mobile chemical toilets are installed onsite if no other ablution facilities are available; 	Contractor	Mobile chemical toilets must be placed appropriately and in areas which avoid	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	Mobile toilets are installed and avoid environmental sensitivities
		environmental sensitivities				
 The use of ablution facilities and or mobile toilets must be used at all times and no indiscriminate use of the veld for the purposes of ablutions must be permitted under any circumstances; 	Contractor in consultation with the cEO	All site staff must be informed of this requirement during the Environmental Awareness Training and the consequences of not adhering to the requirement.	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO, ESCO	Monthly, and as and when required	No evidence of non-compliance identified
 Where mobile chemical toilets are required, the following must be ensured: a) Toilets are located no closer than 100 m to any watercourse or water body. b) Toilets are secured to the ground to prevent them from toppling due to wind or any other cause. 	Contractor in consultation with the cEO	The installation of the toilets by the Contractor must be as per the listed requirements	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	No evidence of non-compliance identified

Impact management outcome: Clean and well-maintained toilet facilities are available to all staff in an effort to minimise the risk of disease and impact to the environment.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
c) No spillage occurs when the toilets are cleaned or						
emptied, and the contents are managed in accordance with the EMPr.						
d) Toilets have an external closing mechanism and are						
closed and secured from the outside when not in use to						
prevent toilet paper from being blown out.						
e) Toilets are emptied before long weekends and workers						
holidays and must be locked after working hours.						
f) Toilets are serviced regularly, and the ECO, ESCO must						
inspect toilets to ensure compliance to health standards;						
- A copy of the waste disposal certificates must be	Contractor	Certificates	During the	ECO, ESCO	Monthly, and as	Certificates for
maintained.		obtained from the	Construction Phase		and when	waste disposal
		licensed waste			required	from the licensed
		disposal facility with				waste disposal
		the emptying of the				facility
		toilets must be kept				
		on file				

5.15 Prevention of disease

Impact Management outcome: All necessary precautions linked to the spread of disease are taken.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Undertake environmentally friendly pest control in the camp area; 	Contractor	Only environmentally friendly pest control must be used, when required	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	As and when pest control is required for the project	Contractor to provide proof of pest control used being environmentally friendly
 Ensure that the workforce is sensitised to the effects of sexually transmitted diseases, especially HIV/ AIDS; 	cEO / Contractor in consultation with the ECO, ESCO	The effects of sexually transmitted diseases and HIV/ AIDS must be covered in the Environmental Awareness Training	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO, ESCO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during construction	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist
 The Contractor must ensure that information posters on HIV/ AIDS are displayed in the Contractor Camp area; 	Contractor	Develop and place information posters on HIV/ AIDS	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	Photographic evidence of poster placement
 Information and education relating to sexually transmitted diseases to be made available to both construction workers and local community, where applicable; 	cEO / Contractor in consultation with the ECO, ESCO	Information and education of sexually transmitted diseases must be covered in the Environmental Awareness Training.	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
 Free condoms must be made available to all staff on site at 	Contractor	Placement of free	During the	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Proof of
central points;		condoms in mobile	Construction Phase			placement of free
		toilets and at the				condoms by the
		construction camps				contractor to be
						provided
 Medical support must be made available; 	dEO / cEO in	Ensure that	Construction and	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Check the
	consultation with	designated	Operations			availability of first
	the Contractor	personnel with first				aid trained
		aid training are				personnel and
		available on site and				medical kits
		that first aid kits to				(including if these
		provide medical				are complete ir
		support is readily				terms of supplies)
		available				
- Provide access to Voluntary HIV Testing and Counselling	Contractor	Compile a HIV	During the	ECO, ESCO	Quarterly, and	Voluntary testing
Services.		testing schedule	Construction Phase		as and when	schedules and
		and provide			required	proof o
		counselling services				counselling
		where required				(where
						undertaken)

5.16 Emergency procedures

Impact management outcome: Emergency procedures are in place to enable a rapid and effective response to all types of environmental emergencies.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Compile an Emergency Response Action Plan (ERAP) prior to the commencement of the proposed project; 	Contractor	Develop an Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan specific to the project	Pre-construction	ECO, ESCO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction	Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan compiled
 The Emergency Plan must deal with accidents, potential spillages, and fires in line with relevant legislation; 	Contractor	Develop an Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan specific to the project which covers accidents, potential spillages, and fires	Pre-construction	ECO, ESCO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction	Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan includes required specifications
 All staff must be made aware of emergency procedures as part of environmental awareness training; 	cEO / dEO in consultation with the ECO, ESCO	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the relevant	Pre-construction	ECO, ESCO	Prior to the commencement of the environmental	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
		emergency procedures			awareness training		
 The relevant local authority must be made aware of a fire as soon as it starts; 	Contractor in consultation with the ECO, ESCO	Develop and include a procedure in the Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan for the event of a fire and the procedure to be followed for informing the local authority	Construction	ECO, ESCO	As and when a fire occurs	The local authority was informed as per the relevant procedure set out in the Emergency Preparedness, Response and Fire Management Plan	
 In the event of emergency necessary mitigation measures to contain the spill or leak must be implemented (see <i>Hazardous Substances section 5.17).</i> 	Contractor	Implement the required mitigation measures in the event of a spill or leak as per the requirements of Section 5.17.	Construction and Operations	ECO, ESCO	As and when a spill or leak occurs	The mitigation measures included under Section 5.17 have been adhered to	

5.17 Hazardous substances

Impact management outcome: Safe storage, handlin	ig, use and dispo	sai of hazardous sub	ostances.				
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence o	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
 The use and storage of hazardous substances to be 	cEO in	Develop a strategy	Pre-construction &	ECO, ESCO	Once, prior to	Contractor t	
minimised and non-hazardous and non-toxic alternatives	consultation with	of how hazardous	Construction		the	provide evidenc	
substituted where possible;	the Contractor	substances can be			commencement	of substance	
		and should be			of construction	used for proof o	
		minimised			and monthly	compliance	
					during the		
					construction		
					phase		
- All hazardous substances must be stored in suitable	Contractor	Develop a Method	Pre-construction &	ECO, ESCO	Once, prior to	Photographic	
containers as defined in the Method Statement;		Statement for the	Construction		the	proof that	
		storage of			commencement	hazardous	
		hazardous			of construction	substances ar	
		substances in			and monthly	stored in suitab	
		suitable containers			during the	containers as pe	
					construction	the requirement	
					phase	of the relevar	
						Method	
						Statements	
- Containers must be clearly marked to indicate contents,	Contractor	Where hazardous	During the	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Photographic	
quantities, and safety requirements;		waste is stored,	Construction Phase			proof that	
		these must be				containers ar	
		clearly marked				marked as per th	
		indicating the				requirements	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
		required details of the contents					
 All storage areas must be bunded. The bunded area must be of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the stored containers; 	Contractor	Ensure that storage areas are sufficiently bunded which are of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the stored containers	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly during the Construction Phase	Photographic proof that storage areas are bunded and proof that the bund areas are of sufficient capacity to contain a spill / leak from the stored containers	
 Bunded areas to be suitably lined with a SABS approved liner; 	Contractor	Ensure that bunded storage areas are suitably lined	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Once, during the Construction Phase	Photographic proof that bunded storage areas are suitably lined	
 An Alphabetical Hazardous Chemical Substance (HCS) control sheet must be drawn up and kept up to date on a continuous basis; 	cEO / Contractor	Compile and update an Alphabetical Hazardous Chemical Substance (HCS) control sheet specific to the project	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly, and as and when required	Complete and up to date control sheet provided by the Contractor	

Impact management outcome: Safe storage, handlin	ng, use and dispo	sal of hazardous sub	ostances.				
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 All hazardous chemicals that will be used on site must have Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS); 	cEO / Contractor	Keep a record of all hazardous chemicals and the respective MSDS	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly, and as and when required	Record of hazardous chemicals and the respective MSDS	
 All employees working with HCS must be trained in the safe use of the substance and according to the safety data sheet; 	cEO / Contractor	Provide training for personnel working with HCS	Pre-construction	ECO, ESCO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and as and when required	Record of training provided to personnel working with HCS	
 Employees handling hazardous substances / materials must be aware of the potential impacts and follow appropriate safety measures. Appropriate personal protective equipment must be made available; 	cEO / Contractor	Develop environmental awareness training material which covers the relevant impacts and safety measures. Provide appropriate training and personal protective equipment for the relevant personnel handling hazardous	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO, ESCO	Prior to the commencement of the environmental awareness training and monthly during the construction phase for personal protective equipment	Environmental awareness training material requirements checklist and all relevant personnel have undergone appropriate training and have access to personal protective equipment	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
		substances and materials						
- The Contractor must ensure that diesel and other liquid	Contractor	Appropriate storage	During the	ECO, ESCO	Monthly, and as	Storage tanks fo		
fuel, oil and hydraulic fluid is stored in appropriate storage		facilities must be	Construction Phase		and when	the project ar		
tanks or in bowsers;		constructed or			required	appropriate an		
		obtained for the				no incidents ar		
		storing of diesel,				reported in th		
		other liquid fuel, oil,				regard		
		and hydraulic fluid						
- The tanks/ bowsers must be situated on a smooth	Contractor	Appropriate storage	During the	ECO, ESCO	Monthly, and as	Storage areas for		
impermeable surface (concrete) with a permanent bund.		facilities must be	Construction Phase		and when	the tanks		
The impermeable lining must extend to the crest of the		constructed or			required	bowsers for th		
bund and the volume inside the bund must be 130% of the		obtained for tanks				project ar		
total capacity of all the storage tanks/ bowsers (110%		as per the				appropriate an		
statutory requirement plus an allowance for rainfall);		requirements listed				no incidents ar		
						reported in thi		
						regard		
- The floor of the bund must be sloped, draining to an oil	Contractor	Appropriate storage	During the	ECO, ESCO	Once, during	Bunded storag		
separator;		facilities must be	Construction Phase		construction	areas ar		
		constructed as per				constructed		
		the requirements				according to th		
		listed				requirements		

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Provision must be made for refuelling at the storage area by protecting the soil with an impermeable groundcover. Where dispensing equipment is used, a drip tray must be used to ensure small spills are contained; 	Contractor	Appropriately constructed refuelling facility must be developed as per the requirements. Drip trays must be provided for use	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Soils at the refuelling facility are protected as required and drip trays are provided and used	
 All empty externally dirty drums must be stored on a drip tray or within a bunded area; 	Contractor	Ensure that empty dirty drums are stored appropriately as per the requirements	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Drip trays or bunded areas are used for the storage of dirty drums	
 No unauthorised access into the hazardous substance's storage areas must be permitted; 	Contractor	Ensure through the implementation of procedures that no unauthorised access is undertaken into the storage areas	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Proof of the implementation of the relevant procedure must be provided by the contractor	
 No smoking must be allowed within the vicinity of the hazardous storage areas; 	Contractor	Inform all employees of the requirement and develop and place	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO cEO	Monthly Weekly	Photographic record of the signage placed must be provided	

Impact management outcome: Safe storage, handling, use and disposal of hazardous substances.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		relevant signage in the relevant areas				
 Adequate fire-fighting equipment must be made available at all hazardous storage areas; 	Contractor	Hazardous storage areas must be fitted with adequate fire- fighting equipment	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Adequate fire- fighting equipment is available and has been serviced
 Where refuelling away from the dedicated refuelling station is required, a mobile refuelling unit must be used. Appropriate ground protection such as drip trays must be used; 	Contractor	Provide a mobile refuelling unit as well as suitable ground protection, where required	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly, and as and when required	A mobile refuelling unit and suitable ground protection is available for use
 An appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the scale of the activity/s involving the use of hazardous substance must be available at all times; 	Contractor	Provide an appropriate spill kit for the project for the use of hazardous substances	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly, and as and when required	Appropriate spill kits are available for use
 The responsible operator must have the required training to make use of the spill kit in emergency situations; 	cEO and Contractor	Provide training on the use of spill kits to the relevant employees	Pre-construction	ECO, ESCO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction	Proof of training to be provided by the contractor

Impact Management Actions	Implementa	tion				Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible		Method	of	Timeframe fo	r Responsible	Responsible Frequency			
	person		implementatio	•	implementation	person	litequency	Evidence of compliance		
- An appropriate number of spill kits must be available and	cEO	and	Provide	an	During th	e ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Proof of		
must be located in all areas where activities are being	Contractor		appropriate nu	mber	Construction Phase			appropriate		
undertaken;			of spill kit	s in				number of spil		
			relevant areas					kits ir		
								appropriate areas		
								to be provided by		
								the contractor		
 In the event of a spill, contaminated soil must be collected 	cEO	and	Storage	and	During th	e ECO, ESCO	Monthly, and as	Proof of storage		
in containers and stored in a central location and disposed	Contractor		disposal	of	Construction Phase		and when	and disposal ir		
of according to the National Environmental Management:			contaminated	soil			required	terms of the		
Waste Act 59 of 2008. Refer to Section 5.7 for procedures			must be	in				National		
concerning storm and waste water management and 5.8			accordance wit	h the				Environmental		
for solid and hazardous waste management.			National					Management:		
			Environmental					Waste Act must		
			Management:					be provided.		
			Waste Act	and						
			sections 5.7 ar	d 5.8				Certificates of		
			of this EMPr					disposal at		
								licensed waste		
								disposal facilities		
								must be provided		

5.18 Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence or compliance
 Where possible and practical all maintenance of vehicles and equipment must take place in the workshop area; 	Contractor	Demarcate specific areas for the maintenance of vehicles and equipment	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	A dedicated area for the maintenance o vehicles and machinery is used.
 During servicing of vehicles or equipment, especially where emergency repairs are affected outside the workshop area, a suitable drip tray must be used to prevent spills onto the soil. The relevant local authority must be made aware of a fire as soon as it starts; 	Contractor	Ensure that a drip tray is available for an emergency repair required	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Contractor to provide evidence of drip tray use for emergency repairs
 Leaking equipment must be repaired immediately or be removed from site to facilitate repair; 	Contractor	Ensure that where leaking equipment is identified it is repaired immediately or removed from site for repairs	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Contractor to provide details of equipment repaired or removed from site
 Workshop areas must be monitored for oil and fuel spills; 	cEO	Undertake regular inspections of the workshop areas for oil and fuel spills and keep an	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Register of inspection

Impact management outcome: Soil, surface water and groundwater contamination is minimised.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		updated register of				
		inspection on site				
- Appropriately sized spill kit kept onsite relevant to the	Contractor	Provide an	During the	ECO, ESCO	Monthly, and as	Appropriate spill
scale of the activity taking place must be available;		appropriate spill kit	Construction Phase		and when	kits are available
		for the project			required	for use
 The workshop area must have a bunded concrete slab that 	Contractor	Ensure that the	During the	ECO, ESCO	Once, during the	Workshop area is
is sloped to facilitate runoff into a collection sump or		workshop area is	Construction Phase		Construction	bunded in
suitable oil / water separator where maintenance work on		sufficiently bunded			Phase and as	accordance with
vehicles and equipment can be performed;		in accordance with			and when	the required
		the required			required	specification
		specification				
 Water drainage from the workshop must be contained and 	Contractor	Ensure that water	During the	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Workshop
managed in accordance Section 5.7: Storm and waste		drainage from	Construction Phase			drainage is
water management.		workshop area is				managed in
		managed as per the				accordance with
		requirements of				the requirements
		section 5.7				

5.19 Batching plants

Impact management outcome: Minimise spillages and contamination of soil, surface water and groundwater.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Concrete mixing must be carried out on an impermeable surface; 	Contractor	Provide impermeable surface for the mixing of concrete	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	No concrete mixing is undertaken on open ground
 Batching plants areas must be fitted with a containment facility for the collection of cement laden water. 	Contractor	Provide containment facility for the collection of cement laden water	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	No cement laden water is released into the environment
 Dirty water from the batching plant must be contained to prevent soil and groundwater contamination 	Contractor	Provide containment facility for the collection of cement laden water (dirty water)	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	No cement laden water is released into the environment
 Bagged cement must be stored in an appropriate facility and at least 10 m away from any water courses, gullies, and drains; 	Contractor	Demarcate and provide a storage area for bagged cement in-line with the listed requirements	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	Photographic proof of bagged cement stored within the demarcated area
 A washout facility must be provided for washing of concrete associated equipment. Water used for washing must be restricted; 	Contractor	Provide a washout facility for the washing of associated equipment. Enforce limitations on water use for washing of equipment	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	No cement laden water is released into the environment. Only minimal water is used for washing

 Hardened concrete from the washout facility or concrete mixer can either be reused or disposed of at an appropriate 	Contractor	Make use of hardened concrete	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Certificates of disposal of
licensed disposal facility;		where possible or dispose of concrete				concrete at licensed waste
 Empty cement bags must be secured with adequate binding material if these will be temporarily stored on site; 	Contractor	in a suitable manner Bind empty cement bags and temporarily store it in an appropriate area on site	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	disposal facility Proof of binding of empty cement bags and storage in an appropriate area on site to be provided by the
 Sand and aggregates containing cement must be kept damp to prevent the generation of dust (Refer to Section 5.20: Dust emissions) 	Contractor	Ensure that sand and aggregates are kept damp or otherwise protected from dust generation	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Contractor Proof of damping (or alternative dust suppression) of sand and aggregates must be provided by the Contractor
 Any excess sand, stone and cement must be removed or reused from site on completion of the construction period and disposed at a registered disposal facility; 	Contractor	Ensure that all excess sand, stone, and cement is removed or reused	At the completion of the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Once, with the completion of construction	Certificates for the disposal of sand, stone and cement at licensed waste disposal facilities or proof of reuse must be provided
 Temporary fencing must be erected around batching plants in accordance with Section 5.5: Fencing and gate installation. 	Contractor	Erect temporary fencing around batching plants as per the	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	Temporary fencing is undertaken in

requirements listed		accordance with
in section 5.5		section 5.5

5.20 Dust emissions

Impact Management Actions	Implementation		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Take all reasonable measures to minimise the generation of dust as a result of project development activities to the satisfaction of the ECO, ESCO; 	Contractor	Apply appropriate dust suppressant	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	Contractor to provide proof of use of appropriate dust suppressants
 Removal of vegetation must be avoided until such time as soil stripping is required and similarly exposed surfaces must be re- vegetated or stabilised as soon as is practically possible; 	Contractor	Proper planning for vegetation removal must be undertaken as well as for the associated rehabilitation	During the Construction Phase and Rehabilitation	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	Plan for implementation must be provided by the Contractor
 Excavation, handling, and transport of erodible materials must be avoided under high wind conditions or when a visible dust plume is present; 	Contractor	Ensure that specific limitations are placed on the transport and handling of erodible materials during high wind conditions or when	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Bi-weekly (every second week)	No complaints submitted in this regard

Impact management outcome: Dust prevention measures are applied to minimise the generation of dust.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
		a visible dust plume is present				
 During high wind conditions, the ECO, ESCO must evaluate the situation and make recommendations as to whether dust-damping measures are adequate, or whether working will cease altogether until the wind speed drops to an acceptable level; 	ECO, ESCO	ECO, ESCO to provide adequate recommendations	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Daily	Recommendations made by the ECO, ESCO have been implemented by the Contractor
 Where possible, soil stockpiles must be located in sheltered areas where they are not exposed to the erosive effects of the wind; 	Contractor	Place soil stockpiles in areas less affected by wind	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Bi-weekly (every second week)	Soil stockpiles are not exposed to wind and have not been eroded
 Where erosion of stockpiles becomes a problem, erosion control measures must be implemented at the discretion of the ECO, ESCO; 	Contractor in consultation with the ECO, ESCO	Contractor to implement erosion control measures as recommended and agreed with the ECO, ESCO	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Weekly, until erosion is no longer a problem	Recommendations made by the ECO, ESCO have been implemented by the Contractor
 Vehicle speeds must not exceed 30 km/h along dust roads or 20 km/h when traversing unconsolidated and non- vegetated areas: 	cEO / dEO / contractor	Inform all drivers of speed limits and place appropriate signage along the relevant roads	During the Construction Phase Operation Phase	ECO, ESCO Operation and Maintenance team	Monthly	No complaints from community members are submitted

Impact management outcome: Dust prevention measures are applied to minimise the generation of dust.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Straw stabilisation must be applied at a rate of one bale/10	Contractor	Ensure that straw	During the	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Photographic	
m ² and harrowed into the top 100 mm of top material, for		stabilisation is	Construction Phase			record of all straw	
all completed earthworks:		undertaken as per				stabilisation	
		the listed				undertaken	
		requirements					
 For significant areas of excavation or exposed ground, dust 	Contractor	Appropriate dust	During the	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	Photographic	
suppression measures must be used to minimise the		suppressant	Construction Phase			record of measures	
spread of dust.		measures are				being implemented	
		implemented				and the results	
						thereof	

5.21 Blasting

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment is minimized through a safe blasting practice.									
Impact Management Actions	Implementation					Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method	of	Timeframe	for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
	person	implementation		implementation	า	person		compliance	
- Any blasting activity must be conducted by a suitably	Not Applicable – no blasting proposed								
licensed blasting contractor; and									

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment is minimized through a safe blasting practice.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation					Monitoring	Monitoring			
	•									
							1			
	Responsible	Method	of	Timeframe	for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of	
	person	implementation		implementation		person		compliance		
		•		mplementation		percen				
 Notification of surrounding landowners, emergency 	Not Applicable – no	blasting proposed	k							
services site personnel of blasting activity 24 hours prior to										
such activity taking place on Site.										

5.22 Noise

Impact Management outcome: Prevent unnecessary noise to t	he environment by e	ensuring that noise from	development activity	is mitigated.			
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 The Contractor must keep noise level within acceptable 	•	Ensure that noise	During the	ECO, ESCO	Monthly, and as	No complaints	
limits, Restrict the use of sound amplification equipment		limits do not exceed	Construction Phase		and when	registered in this	
for communication and emergency only;		acceptable limits			required	regard. No	
		and avoid the use of				amplification	
		amplification				equipment is	
		communication				used.	
 All vehicles and machinery must be fitted with appropriate 	Contractor	Provide and	During the	ECO, ESCO	Monthly, and as	No complaints	
silencing technology and must be properly maintained;		implement silencing	Construction Phase		and when	registered in this	
		technology			required	regard. Silencing	
						technology is	
						utilised.	

Impact Management outcome: Prevent unnecessary noise to the environment by ensuring that noise from development activity is mitigated.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Any complaints received by the Contractor regarding noise	cEO	Update complaints	During the	ECO, ESCO	Monthly, and as	Complaints	
must be recorded and communicated. Where possible or		register. Provide	Construction Phase		and when	register provided	
applicable, provide transport to and from the site on a daily		daily transport to			required	by the cEO and	
basis for construction workers;		and from site for				proof of	
		employees				transportation	
						services provided	
- Develop a Code of Conduct for the construction phase in	cEO and	Compile a Code of	Pre-construction	ECO, ESCO	Once, prior to	No complaints	
terms of behaviour of construction staff. Operating hours	Contractor in	Conduct for staff.	and Construction		the	registered in this	
as determined by the environmental authorisation are	consultation with	Appropriate			commencement	regard.	
adhered to during the development phase. Where not	the ECO, ESCO	operating hours			of construction		
defined, it must be ensured that development activities		must be identified					
must still meet the impact management outcome related		for the project.					
to noise management.							

5.23 Fire prevention

Impact management outcome: Prevention of uncontrollable fires.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
 Designate smoking areas where the fire hazard could be regarded as insignificant; 	cEO / Contractor	Identify and demarcate through signage for designated smoking areas	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Photographic record of designated smoking area		
 Firefighting equipment must be available on all vehicles located on site; 	cEO / dEO in consultation with the Contractor	Provide all vehicles with firefighting equipment	Construction	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	All vehicles are fitted with firefighting equipment and the details thereof are provided by the cEO		
 The local Fire Protection Agency (FPA) must be informed of construction activities; 	cEO in consultation with the ECO, ESCO	Undertake formal consultation to inform the local FPA of the associated construction activities	Pre-construction	ECO, ESCO	Once, during the commencement of the Construction Phase	Proof of consultation with the FPA		
 Contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services must be communicated in environmental awareness training and displayed at a central location on site; 	dEO / cEO / Contractor in	Develop environmental awareness training	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO, ESCO	Prior to the commencement of the	Environmental awareness training material		

Impact management outcome: Prevention of uncontrollable fires.								
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring				
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
	consultation with the ECO, ESCO	material which covers the contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services. Place the contact numbers for the FPA and emergency services at a visible and central location			environmental awareness training and once during the construction phase	requirements checklist and photographic record of contact numbers on display		
 Two-way swop of contact details between ECO, ESCO and FPA. 	ECO, ESCO	Consultation between the ECO, ESCO and FPA in order to exchange contact details	Pre-construction	Not Applicable				

5.24 Stockpiling and stockpile areas

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 All material that is excavated during the project development phase (either during piling (if required) or earthworks) must be stored appropriately on site in order to minimise impacts to watercourses and water bodies; 	Contractor	Identifyanddemarcateanappropriatelocationforstorageofexcavatedmaterials	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Excavated material is not stored within sensitive environmental areas	
 All stockpiled material must be maintained and kept clear of weeds and alien vegetation growth by undertaking regular weeding and control methods; 	Contractor	Implement appropriate and sufficient maintenance on stockpiled material regularly	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Bi-monthly (every second month)	Stockpiled material is maintained sufficiently and is clear of weeds and alien vegetation	
 Topsoil stockpiles must not exceed 2 m in height: 	Contractor	Enforce limitations for the height of topsoil stockpiles	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Bi-monthly (every second month)	Topsoil stockpiles do not exceed 2m in height	
 During periods of strong winds and heavy rain, the stockpiles must be covered with appropriate material (e.g., cloth, tarpaulin etc.); 	Contractor	Appropriate material must be provided in order to cover stockpiles when required	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Contractor to provide proof of availability of appropriate material to cover stockpiles when required	

Impact management outcome: Reduce erosion and sedimentation as a result of stockpiling.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Where possible, sandbags (or similar) must be placed at	Contractor	Sandbags must be	During the	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Contractor to	
the bases of the stockpiled material in order to prevent		provided in order to	Construction Phase			provide proof of	
erosion of the material.		prevent erosion of				availability of	
		stockpiled materials				sandbags to	
						prevent erosion	
						of stockpiled	
						materials	

5.25 Civil works

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment minimised during civil works to create the substation terrace.								
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring				
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance		
 Where terracing is required, topsoil must be collected and 	Contractor	Collect and retain	During the	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	Proof	of	
retained for the purpose of re-use later to rehabilitate		topsoil for terracing	Construction Phase			collection	and	
disturbed areas not covered by yard stone;			Rehabilitation			retaining	of	
						topsoil		
- Areas to be rehabilitated include terrace embankments	Contractor	Undertake	During the	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	Photographic		
and areas outside the high voltage yards;		rehabilitation of	Construction Phase			record	of	
		terrace	Rehabilitation			rehabilitation	of	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation	I		Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
	person	implementation embankments and	implementation	person		terrace	
		areas outside of the				embankments	
		high voltage yard				and areas outsid	
		where applicable				the high voltage yards	
- Where required, all sloped areas must be stabilised to	Contractor	All disturbed slope	Rehabilitation	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	Disturbed slopes	
ensure proper rehabilitation is affected and erosion is		areas must be				are stabilised	
controlled;		stabilised				sufficiently	
 These areas can be stabilised using design structures or 	Contractor	Stabilise slopes as	Pre-construction &	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	Slopes are	
vegetation as specified in the design to prevent erosion of		per the design	Rehabilitation			stabilised as pe	
embankments. The contract design specifications must be		specifications				the design	
adhered to and implemented strictly;						specifications	
 Rehabilitation of the disturbed areas must be managed in 	Contractor	Undertaken	Rehabilitation	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	Rehabilitation o	
accordance with Section 5.35: Landscaping and		rehabilitation of				disturbed areas i	
rehabilitation;		disturbed areas as				undertaken in	
		per the				line with the	
		requirements listed				requirements o	
		under section 5.35				section 5.35	
- All excess spoil generated during terracing activities must	Contractor	Use a licensed waste	During the	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Certificates	
be disposed of in an appropriate manner and at a		disposal facility for	Construction Phase			obtained for th	
recognised landfill site; and		the disposal of				disposal of exces	
		excess spoil				spoil at a license	
						waste disposa	
						facility	

Impact management outo	come: Impact to the environment	nt minimised during civil works to create the substation terrace.	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Spoil can however be used for landscaping purposes and	Contractor	Spoil used for	Construction and	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Photographic	
must be covered with a layer of 150 mm topsoil for		landscaping must be	Rehabilitation			record of spoil	
rehabilitation purposes.		applied as per the				used for	
		listed requirements				landscaping	
						purposes as well	
						as feedback from	
						the contractor	

5.26 Excavation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage systems

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of excavation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage systems.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- All excess spoil generated during foundation excavation	Contractor	Use a licensed waste	During the	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Certificates
must be disposed of in an appropriate manner and at a		disposal facility for	Construction Phase			obtained for the
licensed landfill site, if not used for backfilling purposes;		the disposal of				disposal of excess
		excess spoil				spoil at a licensed
						waste disposal
						facility

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of excavation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage systems.								
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring				
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
 Spoil can however be used for landscaping purposes and must be covered with a layer of 150 mm topsoil for rehabilitation purposes; 	Contractor	Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements	Construction and Rehabilitation	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Photographic record of spoil used for landscaping purposes as well as feedback from the contractor		
 Management of equipment for excavation purposes must be undertaken in accordance with Section 5.18: Workshop, equipment maintenance and storage; and 	Contractor	Undertake the management of equipment for excavation as per the requirements of section 5.18	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Management of equipment is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.18		
 Hazardous substances spills from equipment must be managed in accordance with Section 5.17: Hazardous substances. 	Contractor	Undertake the management of hazardous substances spills from equipment as per the requirements of section 5.17	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Management of hazardous substances spills from equipment is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.17		

5.27 Installation of foundations, cable trenching and drainage systems

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs during the installation of foundation, cable trenching and drainage system.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- Batching of cement to be undertaken in accordance with	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Management of	
Section 5.19: Batching plants; and		batching of cement	Construction Phase			batching cement	
		as per the				is undertaken in	
		requirements of				line with the	
		section 5.19				requirements of	
						section 5.19	
- Residual solid waste must be disposed of in accordance	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	The disposal of	
with Section 5.8: Solid waste and hazardous		disposal of solid	Construction Phase			solid waste is	
management.		waste as per the				undertaken in line	
		requirements of				with section 5.8.	
		section 5.8					

5.28 Installation of equipment (circuit breakers, current Transformers, Isolators, Insulators, surge arresters, voltage transformers, earth switches)

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of installation of equipment.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of		
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance		
- Management of dust must be conducted in accordance	Contractor	Manage dust as per	During the	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	The management		
with Section 5. 20: Dust emissions;		the requirements of	Construction Phase			of dust is		
		section5.20				undertaken as per		
						the requirements		
						of section 5.20		
- Management of equipment used for installation must be	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Management of		
conducted in accordance with Section 5.18: Workshop,		management of	Construction Phase			equipment is		
equipment maintenance and storage;		equipment for				undertaken in line		
		installation as per				with the		
		the requirements of				requirements of		
		section 5.18				section 5.18		
- Management of hazardous substances and any associated	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Management of		
spills must be conducted in accordance with Section 5.17:		management of	Construction Phase			hazardous		
Hazardous substances; and		hazardous				substances and		
		substances and				associated spills is		
		associated spills as				undertaken in line		
		per the				with the		
		requirements of				requirements of		
		section 5.17				section 5.17		
- Residual solid waste must be recycled or disposed of in	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	The recycling or		
accordance with Section 5.8: Solid waste and hazardous		recycling or disposal	Construction Phase			disposal of		
management.		of residual solid				residual solid		
		waste as per the				waste is		

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of installation of equipment.									
Impact Management Actions Implementation Monitoring									
	Responsible	Method	of	Timeframe	for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation		implementation	l	person		compliance	
		requirements	of					undertaken in line	
		section 5.8						with section 5.8.	

5.29Steelwork Assembly and Erection

Impact management outcome: No environmental degradation occurs as a result of steelwork assembly and erection.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- During assembly, care must be taken to ensure that no	Contractor	Inspect areas where	During the	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	Contractor to
wasted/unused materials are left on site e.g., bolts and		construction is	Construction Phase			provide proof of
nuts		being undertaken				inspection and
		and remove and				removal of
		appropriately				waste/unused
		dispose of				materials and the
		wasted/unused				appropriate
		materials				disposal thereof
						(i.e., disposal
						certificates)
- Emergency repairs due to breakages of equipment must be	Contractor	Undertake	During the	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	Emergency
managed in accordance with Section 5.18: Workshop,		emergency repairs	Construction Phase			repairs of
equipment maintenance and storage and Section 5.16:		of equipment as per				equipment is
Emergency procedures.		the requirements of				undertaken as per
		section 5.18 and				the requirements
		5.16				of section 5.18
						and 5.16

5.30 Cabling and Stringing

Impact management outcome: No environmental d	egradation occur	s as a result of strin	ging.				
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
 Residual solid waste (off cuts etc.) shall be recycled or disposed of in accordance with Section 6.8: Solid waste and hazardous Management; 	Contractor	Undertake the recycling or disposal of residual solid waste as per the requirements of section 5.8	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	The recycling or disposal of residual solid waste is undertaken in line with section 5.8.	
 Management of equipment used for installation shall be conducted in accordance with <i>Section 5.18: Workshop,</i> <i>equipment maintenance and storage;</i> 	Contractor	Undertake the management of equipment for installation as per the requirements of section 5.18	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Management of equipment for installation is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.18	
 Management of hazardous substances and any associated spills shall be conducted in accordance with <i>Section 5.17: Hazardous substances.</i> 		Undertake the management of hazardous substances and associated spills as per the requirements of section 5.17	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Management of hazardous substances and associated spills is undertaken in line with the requirements of section 5.17	

5.31 Testing and Commissioning (all equipment testing, earthing system, system integration)

Impact management outcome: No environmental de	egradation occurs	s as a result of Testi	ng and Commissior	ning.		
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Residual solid waste must be recycled or disposed of in	Contractor	Undertake the	During the	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	The recycling or
accordance with Section 5.8: Solid waste and hazardous		recycling or disposal	Construction Phase			disposal of
management.		of residual solid				residual solid
		waste as per the				waste is
		requirements of				undertaken in line
		section 5.8				with section 5.8.

5.32 Socio-Economic

Impact management outcome: enhanced socio-ECO, ESCO development.									
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring					
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance			
 Develop and implement communication strategies to facilitate public participation; 	dEO / cEO	Identify and implement appropriate strategies for communication	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO, ESCO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly	Communication is undertaken as per the identified strategies and no complaints are			

Impact Management Actions	Implementation		Monitoring			
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence o compliance
		with the communities through consideration of the community needs			during the construction	submitted regarding communication
 Develop and implement a collaborative and constructive approach to conflict resolution as part of the external stakeholder engagement process; 	Contractor	Development and implement a Grievance Mechanism which considers the community needs and provides procedures for conflict resolution	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO, ESCO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase	Conflict resolution in undertaken in line with the requirements of the Grievance Mechanism. No complaints of conflict resolution are submitted by the community
 Sustain continuous communication and liaison with neighbouring owners and residents 	Contractor	Development and implement a Grievance Mechanism which provides procedures for communication / liaison with	Pre-construction & Construction	ECO, ESCO	Once, prior to the commencement of construction and monthly during the construction phase	Communication liaison wit neighbouring landowners an residents ar undertaken in lin with th requirements of

Impact management outcome: enhanced socio-ECO, ESCO development

Impact Management Actions	Implementation					Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method	of	Timeframe	for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
	person	implementation		implementation		person		compliance	
		neighbouring						the Griev	/ance
		landowners ar	ıd					Mechanism.	No
		residents						complaints	on
								communicati	ion
								with	
								neighbouring	3
								landowners	and
								residents	is
								submitted	
- Create work and training opportunities for local	Contractor	Develop ar	ıd	Pre-construction	n &	ECO, ESCO	Once, prior to	The "locals	first"
stakeholders; and		implement a "loca	ls	Construction			the	policy	is
		first" policy for the	ie				commencement	considered	in
		provision	of				of construction	terms of	the
		employment					and monthly	employment	and
		opportunities					during the	training	
							construction	opportunities	S
							phase		
 Where feasible, no workers, with the exception of security 	Not Applicable - no	workers, other than	i sec	curity is proposed	d to st	tay on-site overni	ght.		
personnel, must be permitted to stay over-night on the									
site. This would reduce the risk to local farmers.									

Impact management outcome: Minimise the risk of environmental impact during periods of site closure greater than five days.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
 Bunds must be emptied (where applicable) and need to be undertaken in accordance with the impact management actions included in <i>sections 5.17: Hazardous substances</i> <i>and 5.18: Workshop, equipment maintenance and</i> <i>storage;</i> 	Contractor	implementation Regular emptying of the bunds must be undertaken. This must be undertaken as per the requirements listed in sections 5.17 and 5.18	implementation During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	complianceBundsareemptiedasperthe requirementslistedundersections5.17 and5.18	
 Hazardous storage areas must be well ventilated; 	Contractor	Install appropriate ventilation in all hazardous storage areas	During the construction phase	ECO, ESCO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Effective ventilation is installed in hazardous storage areas	
 Fire extinguishers must be serviced and accessible. Service records to be filed and audited at last service; 	Contractor / cEO	Ensure fire extinguishers are serviced, as required and are easily accessible with appropriate signage indicating location. Ensure service records	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Signage placed indicating location of fire extinguishers and service records	

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring				
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance		
		are kept up to date and filed						
 Emergency and contact details displayed must be displayed; 	Contractor / cEO	Place emergency and contact details which are readily available and easily accessible	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Photographic proof of contac details on display		
 Security personnel must be briefed and have the facilities to contact or be contacted by relevant management and emergency personnel; 	Contractor in consultation with the ECO, ESCO	Hold a workshop with all security personnel to provide a brief of the project and security requirements. Provide facilities in order to contact management and emergency personnel	Pre-construction & construction	ECO, ESCO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Proof of the workshop held must be kept or file by the contractor.		
 Night hazards such as reflectors, lighting, traffic signage etc. must have been checked; 	Contractor	Regular checks of night hazards	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Proof of checks o night hazards		

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of	
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
		must be				must be provided	
		undertaken				by the contractor	
- Fire hazards identified and the local authority must have	cEO / Contractor	Identify any	During the	ECO, ESCO	Prior to site	Proof of	
been notified of any potential threats e.g., large brush	in consultation	potential fire	Construction		closure for more	notification of the	
stockpiles, fuels etc.;	with the ECO,	hazards and	Phase		than 05 days	fire hazards to the	
	ESCO	notify the				local authority	
		relevant local				must be provided	
		authority				by the Contractor	
 Structures vulnerable to high winds must be secured; 	Contractor	Ensure structures	During the	ECO, ESCO	Prior to site	Structures	
		vulnerable to	Construction		closure for more	vulnerable to	
		wind is secure	Phase		than 05 days	wind is secured	
		prior to site				prior to site	
		closure				closure	
 Wind and dust mitigation must be implemented; 	Contractor	Implement wind	During the	ECO, ESCO	Prior to site	Wind and dust	
		and dust	Construction		closure for more	mitigation is	
		mitigation prior	Phase		than 05 days	implemented	
		to site closure				prior to site	
						closure	
 Cement and materials stores must have been secured; 	Contractor	Ensure cement	During the	ECO, ESCO	Prior to site	Cement and	
		and material	Construction		closure for more	material stores	
		stores are	Phase		than 05 days	are secured prior	
		secured prior to				to site closure	
		site closure					

Impact management outcome: Minimise the risk of environmental impact during periods of site closure greater than five days.

Impact management outcome: Minimise the risk of environmental impact during periods of site closure greater than five days.						
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Toilets must have been emptied and secured; 	Contractor	Ensure toilets are emptied and	During the Construction	ECO, ESCO	Prior to site closure for more	Toilets are emptied and
		secured prior to site closure	Phase		than 05 days	secured prior to site closure
 Refuse bins must have been emptied and secured; 	Contractor	Ensure refuse bins are emptied and secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Refuse bins are emptied and secured prior to site closure
 Drip trays must have been emptied and secured. 	Contractor	Ensure drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site closure	During the Construction Phase	ECO, ESCO	Prior to site closure for more than 05 days	Drip trays are emptied and secured prior to site closure

Impact management outcome: Impact to the environment to be minimised during the dismantling, storage, and disposal of old equipment commissioning.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence	of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance	
- All old equipment removed during the project must be	Contractor	Appropriately store	Decommissioning	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Photographic	
stored in such a way as to prevent pollution of the		old equipment in a				record	of
environment;		manner which				appropriate	
		prevents pollution				storage of	old
		to the environment.				equipment	
		This could include					
		the construction of					
		bunded areas					
- Oil containing equipment must be stored to prevent	Contractor	Appropriately store	Decommissioning	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Photographic	
leaking or be stored on drip trays;		equipment				record	of
		containing oil				appropriate	
		through the use of				storage	of
		drip trays or other				equipment	
		suitable methods				containing oil	
 All scrap steel must be stacked neatly, and any disused and 	Contractor	Ensure all scrap	Decommissioning	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Photographic	
broken insulators must be stored in containers;		steel is stacked				record of stat	cked
		neatly and store				scrap steel	and
		disused and broken				containers	
		insulators in				containing	
		appropriate				broken	and
		containers				disused insula	ators

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
- Once material has been scrapped and the contract has	Contractor	Develop and	Decommissioning	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Proof from
been placed for removal, the disposal Contractor must		implement a				contractor that
ensure that any equipment containing pollution causing		procedure for the				dismantling and
substances is dismantled and transported in such a way as		dismantling and				transportation of
to prevent spillage and pollution of the environment;		transportation of				equipment
		equipment				containing
		containing pollution				pollution causing
		causing substances				substances has
		which prevents				been undertaken
		spillage and				in an appropriate
		pollution of the				manner
		environment				
 The Contractor must also be equipped to contain and clean 	Contractor	Ensure sufficient	Decommissioning	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Sufficient spill kits
up any pollution causing spills; and		spill kits are				are available on
		available for the				site
		clean-up of				
		pollution causing				
		spills				
- Disposal of unusable material must be at a licensed waste	Contractor	Make use of a	Decommissioning	ECO, ESCO	Monthly	Certificates
disposal site.		licensed waste				obtained for the
		disposal site				disposal at a
						licensed waste
						disposal site

5.35 Landscaping and rehabilitation

Impact management outcome: Areas disturbed during the development phase are returned to a state that approximates the original condition. **Impact Management Actions** Implementation Monitoring Responsible Responsible of Method of Timeframe for Frequency Fvidence person implementation implementation person compliance ECO, ESCO Weeklv All areas disturbed by construction activities must be Develop Pre-construction & Rehabilitation of _ Contractor and subject to landscaping and rehabilitation; All spoil and implement а Rehabilitation the disturbed waste must be disposed of to a registered waste site; rehabilitation plan areas is for the undertaken as per rehabilitation of all the rehabilitation disturbed areas. plan. All certificates of Dispose of all spoil waste disposal at and waste at a licensed facilities licensed waste are available. disposal facility All slopes must be assessed for contouring, and to contour Assess all slopes and Rehabilitation ECO, ESCO Weekly slopes Contractor in All _ are only when the need is identified in accordance with the consultation with determine whether assessed and the ECO, ESCO is contoured Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983 contouring as required required All slopes must be assessed for terracing, and to terrace Contractor in Assess all slopes and Rehabilitation ECO. ESCO Weekly All slopes are determine whether only when the need is identified in accordance with the consultation with assessed and the ECO, ESCO terraced terracing is required Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, No 43 of 1983; as required Berms that have been created must have a slope of 1:4 and Ensure all berms Rehabilitation ECO, ESCO Weekly All berms have a _ Contractor have a slope of 1:4 slope of 1:4 and is be replanted with indigenous species and grasses that and is replanted replanted approximates the original condition; with indigenous

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
		with indigenous species and grasses				species and grasses
 Where new access roads have crossed cultivated farmlands, that lands must be rehabilitated by ripping which must be agreed to by the holder of the EA and the landowners; 	Not applicable					
 Rehabilitation of access roads inside of farmland; 	Not applicable					
 Indigenous species must be used for with species and/grasses to where it compliments or approximates the original condition; 	Contractor	Make use of indigenous species for rehabilitation	Rehabilitation	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	Indigenous species are used for rehabilitation
 Stockpiled topsoil must be used for rehabilitation (refer to Section 5.24: Stockpiling and stockpiled areas); 	Contractor	Ensure stockpiled topsoil is used as per the requirements listed under section 5.24	Rehabilitation	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	Stockpiled topsoil is used as per the requirements listed under section 5.24
 Stockpiled topsoil must be evenly spread so as to facilitate seeding and minimise loss of soil due to erosion; 	Contractor	Ensure that topsoil is spread evenly	Rehabilitation	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	Topsoil is spread evenly
 Before placing topsoil, all visible weeds from the placement area and from the topsoil must be removed; 	Contractor	Remove all visible weeds from placement area and topsoil before spreading the	Rehabilitation	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	No weeds are visible in the placement area or the topsoil

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible person	Method of implementation	Timeframe for implementation	Responsible person	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
 Subsoil must be ripped before topsoil is placed; 	Contractor	Undertake the ripping of subsoil prior to the spreading of topsoil	Rehabilitation	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	Subsoil is ripped before topsoil is placed
 The rehabilitation must be timed so that rehabilitation can take place at the optimal time for vegetation establishment; 	Contractor	Plan the timeframe for rehabilitation in order to undertake vegetation planting during the optimal time for vegetation establishment	Rehabilitation	ECO, ESCO	At the start of rehabilitation to confirm the correct timeframe	Rehabilitation is undertaken during the optimal time
 Where impacted through construction related activity, all sloped areas must be stabilised to ensure proper rehabilitation is effected and erosion is controlled; 	Contractor	All disturbed slope areas must be stabilised	Rehabilitation	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	Disturbed slopes are stabilised sufficiently
 Sloped areas stabilised using design structures or vegetation as specified in the design to prevent erosion of embankments. The contract design specifications must be adhered to and implemented strictly; 	Contractor	Stabilise slopes as per the design specifications	Pre-construction & Rehabilitation	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	Slopes are stabilised as per the design specifications
 Spoil can be used for backfilling or landscaping as long as it is covered by a minimum of 150 mm of topsoil. 	Contractor	Spoil used for landscaping must be applied as per the listed requirements	Rehabilitation	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	Photographic record of spoil used for landscaping purposes as well

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of
	person	implementation	implementation	person		compliance
						as feedback from
						the contractor
- Where required, re-vegetation including hydro-seeding	Contractor in	Make use of a	Rehabilitation	ECO, ESCO	As and when	Use of a suitable
can be enhanced using a vegetation seed mixture as	consultation with	suitable vegetation			required	vegetation seed
described below. A mixture of seed can be used provided	a suitably	seed mixture should				mixture i
the mixture is carefully selected to ensure the following:	qualified	enhancement be				required
a) Annual and perennial plants are chosen.	specialist	required				
b) Pioneer species are included.						
c) Species chosen must be indigenous to the area with the						
seeds used coming from the area.						
d) Root systems must have a binding effect on the soil.						
e) The final product must not cause an ecological						
imbalance in the area						

6 ACCESS TO THE GENERIC EMPr

Once completed and signed, to allow the public access to the generic EMPr, the holder of the EA must make the EMPr available to the public in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 26(h) of the EIA Regulations.

PART B: SECTION 2

7 SITE SPECIFIC INFORMATION AND DECLARATION

7.1 Sub-section 1: contact details and description of the project

7.1.1 Details of the applicant: Western Cape Wind Farm (RF) (Pty) Ltd

PROJECT APPLICANT DETAILS					
DEVELOPMENT ENTITY					
Applicant Name	Western Cape Wind Farm (RF) (Pty) Ltd				
Responsible Person	Mr Matteo Giulio Luigi Brambilla				
Address	14th Floor				
	Pier Place				
	Heerengracht Street				
	Foreshore				
	Cape Town				
	8001				
Contact Details	+27 (0)21 418 3940 (T)				
	+27 (0)72 212 1531 (C)				
	Email: m.logan@redrocket.energy				

7.1.2 Details and expertise of the EAP: Terramanzi Group (Pty) Ltd

Details and expertise of the EAP:					
EAP Name	Ludwig van der Merwe - Terramanzi Group (Pty) Ltd				
EAP Qualifications	BSc (with Hons) in Conservation Ecology from the University of				
	Stellenbosch and a Master of Environmental Management and				
	Development from the Australian National University				
Professional Affiliation/Registration	EAPASA (2020/2817) SACNASP (Pr.Sci.Nat) (133969)				
Physical Address	16 Bell Crescent, Westlake, Cape Town, 7945				
Telephone	021 701 5228				
Cell phone	082 575 3800				
Email Address	environmental@terramanzi.co.za				

The EMPr was compiled by: Ludwig van der Merwe (Terramanzi Group - EAPASA 2020/2817) The EMPr was peer-reviewed by: Fabio Venturi (Terramanzi Group - EAPASA 2021/4088) The EMPr was reviewed by: Tarryn Frankland (Terramanzi Group - EAPASA Candidate 2022/6205), Bryan Cloete (Terramanzi Gorup), Chane Olckers (Terramanzi Group), and Ana Mosse (Terramanzi Group).

7.1.3 Project name

Proposed IPP WCWEF 132kV Substation to connect the authorised WCWEF to the National Grid via the Eskom Agulhas Main Transmission Substation.

7.1.4 Description of the project

Western Cape Wind Farm (Pty) Ltd received Environmental Authorisation, dated 12 December 2021 (DFFE Ref:14/12/16/3/3/1/2437) for the development of the Western Cape WEF within the Swellendam Local

Municipality in the Western Cape Province. The project is located within the Overberg REDz 1.

Western Cape Find Farm (Pty) Ltd has undergone internal changes since the first authorisation was received on 12 December 2021. One of which is that the company is now Ring-Fenced. Therefore, the current applicant is Western Cape Wind Farm (RF) (Pty) Ltd.

The Applicant has also reiterated that should the Competent Authority decide to authorize this Application that it is imperative that the EMPr and corridor layout be approved as assessed and presented for approval to allow the Project to comply with the requirements of the REIPPPP and reach financial close. Based on the findings of the professional team and the EAP, it is reasonable to suggest that the Competent Authority can approve both the EMPr and layout as applied for.

Table 2: Details of the land	parcel on which the WCWEF 132kV on-site Substation

Cadastral Land Parcel	SG Code	Approximate Co-ordinates of the Substation on land portion
Remaining extent of Portion 2 of Farm Kluitjieskraal, 256	C0730000000025600002	34° 8'48.33"S, 20°21'10.90"E

7.1.5 Project location:

The WCWEF 132Kv Substation will be located within the Western Cape Wind Energy Facility development area. The Wind Energy Facility will traverse the following farm portions: Remainder of portion 2 of the farm Kluiitjieskraal No 256, Remainder of the farm Nooitgedacht A No 355, Portion 1 of the farm Nooitgedacht A No 355, Portion 2 of the farm Klein Croedinie No 356, Remainder of the farm Kluitjieskraal No 256, Portion 4 of the farm Kluitjieskraal No 256, Portion 3 of the farm Kluitjieskraal No 256, Portion 5 of the farm Kluitjieskraal No 256, Farm Burgerts Dal No 357, Farm Kluitjieskraal No 710within the Swellendam Local Municipality in the Western Cape Province (Figure 2).

The approximate co-ordinates of Western Cape Wind Energy Facility in which the proposed 132kV substation will be located:

- Northern boundary: 34° 5'44.66"S; 20°22'53.16"E
- Eastern boundary: 34°11'5.33"S; 20°26'26.06"E
- Middle point: 34° 9'47.49"S; 20°22'9.03"E
- Southern boundary: 34°12'35.70"S; 20°25'35.77"E
- Western boundary: 34° 8'39.34"S; 20°19'45.39"E

Technical Details

The proposed project will include:

- A 33/132kV WCWF IPP on-site substation (0.65ha),
- Associated Balance of Plant Areas,
- Operation and Maintenance buildings which will include control centre, warehouses,

workshops, visitor's centre and offices

Capacity and location of the WC WEF IPP	Up to 33/132kV substation, located adjacent to FE
Substation	Overberg's FEO IPP Substation
Development footprint of the WC WEF IPP Substation	Up to 0.7 ha.

Development footprint of the Operation and Maintenance buildings and Balance of Plant areas	Includes: Control centre, warehouses and workshops, and visitor's centre and offices
	Total development footprint: Up to 1.75 hectares
Fencing	Galvanized palisade fencing to be used at the on- site Substation hub with the maximum height of the fencing to be up to 4 m

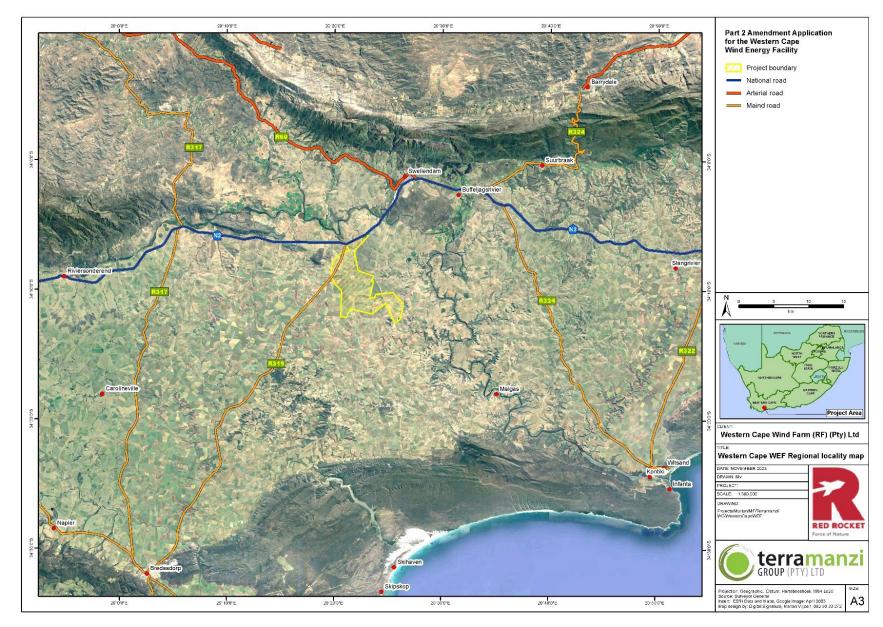


Figure 2: Regional Locality Map of the WCWEF and Substation.

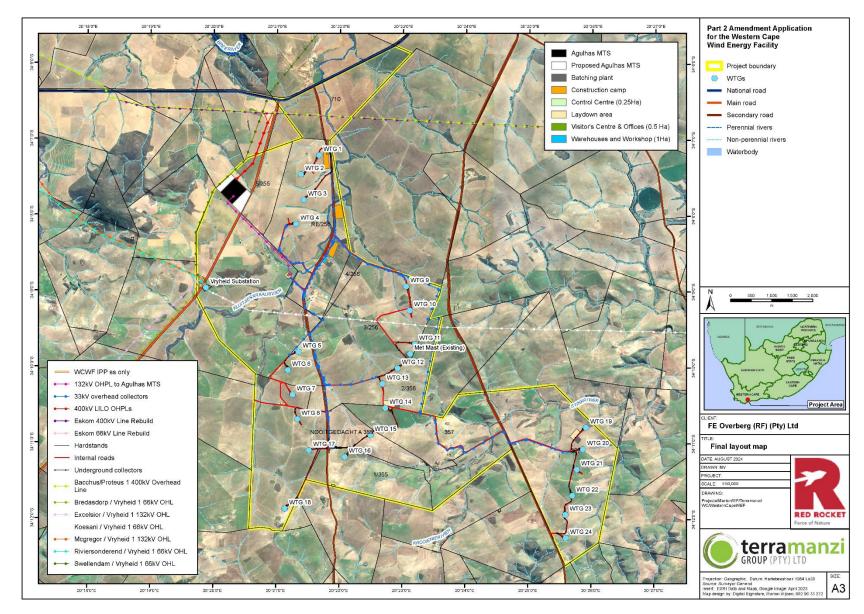


Figure 3: Final Layout Map (dated 02 August 2024) for the WCWEF.

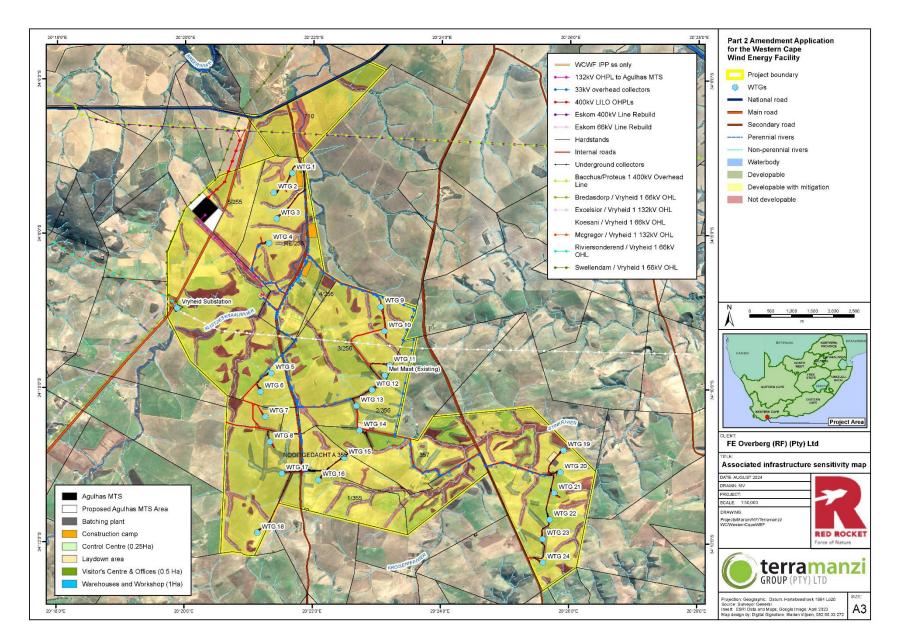
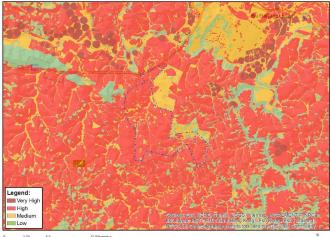


Figure 4: Associated Infrastructure Site sensitivity map for the WCWEF.

7.2 Sub-section 2: Development footprint site map

This sub-section must include a map of the site sensitivity overlaid with the preliminary infrastructure layout. The sensitivity map must be prepared from the national web based environmental screening tool, when available for compulsory use at: <u>https://screening.environment.gov.za/screeningtool</u> The sensitivity map shall identify the nature of each sensitive feature e.g. threatened plant species, archaeological site, etc. Sensitivity maps shall identify features both within the planned working area and any known sensitive features within 50 m from the development footprint.

The DFFE Environmental Screening Tool was utilised for this project to initially identify potential environmental sensitivities. The environmental sensitivities were then assessed by specialists. The environmental sensitives confirmed by the specialists are presented as follows:



3.25 6.5 13 Kilon

Figure 5: Agricultural DFFE Screening Tool Sensitivity Map.

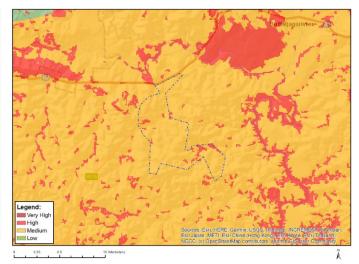


Figure 6: Animal Species DFFE Screening Tool Sensitivity Map.

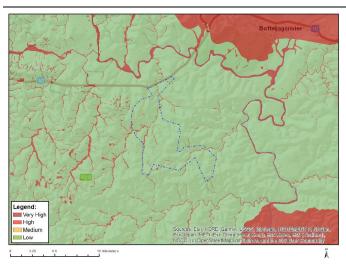


Figure 7: Aquatic Biodiversity DFFE Screening Tool Sensitivity Map.

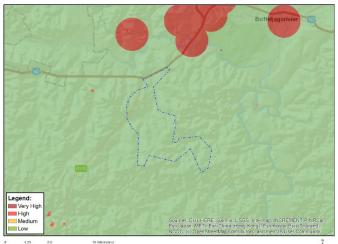
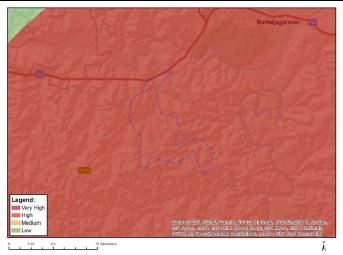


Figure 8: Archaeological DFFE Screening Tool Sensitivity Map.



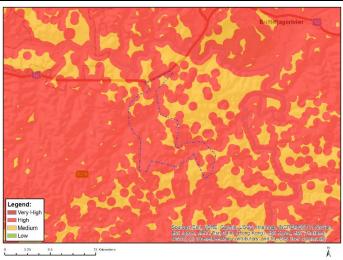


Figure 9: Avian DFFE Screening Tool Sensitivity Map.

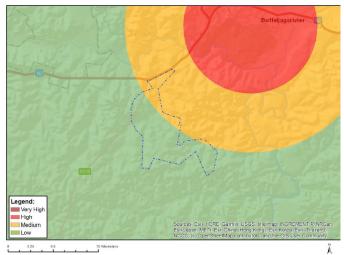


Figure 11: Civil Aviation (Wind) DFFE Screening Tool Sensitivity Map.



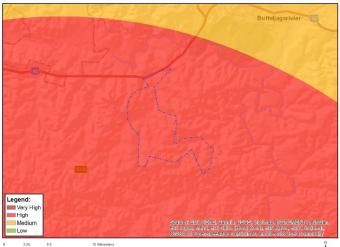


Figure 12: Defence Theme DFFE Screening Tool Sensitivity Map.

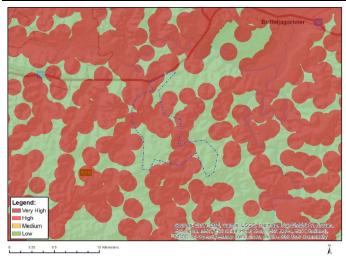


Figure 13: Flicker Theme DFFE Screening Tool Sensitivity Map.

 Logent
 Butteljagsrivier

 Understand
 Butteljagsrivier

Figure 14: Landscape (Wind) Theme DFFE Screening Tool Sensitivity Map.

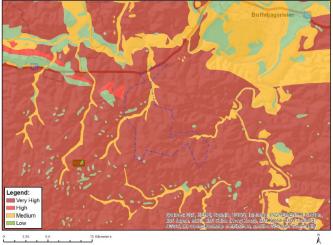


Figure 15: Palaeontological Theme DFFE Screening Tool Sensitivity Map.

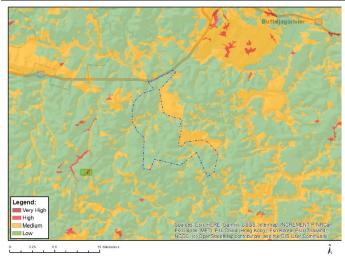


Figure 17: Plant Species DFFE Screening Tool Sensitivity Map.

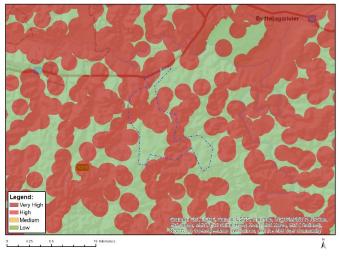


Figure 16: Noise Species DFFE Screening Tool Sensitivity Map.

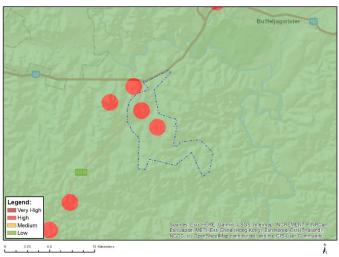


Figure 18: RFI (Wind) DFFE Screening Tool Sensitivity Map.

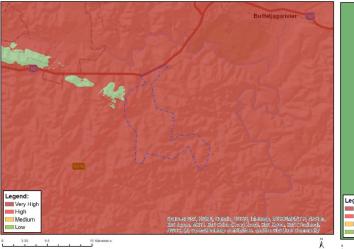


Figure 19: Terrestrial Biodiversity DFFE Screening Tool Sensitivity Map.

Figure 20: Vulture Species DFFE Screening Tool Sensitivity Map.

7.3 Sub-section 3: Declaration

The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will abide and comply with the prescribed impact management outcomes and impact management actions as stipulated in part B: section 1 of the generic EMPr and have the understanding that the impact management outcomes and impact management actions are legally binding. The proponent/applicant or holder of the EA affirms that he/she will provide written notice to the CA 14 day prior to the date on which the activity will commence of commencement of construction to facilitate compliance inspections.

Signature Proponent/applicant/ holder of EA

Date:

26th August 2024

7.4 Sub-section 4: amendments to site specific information (Part B; section 2)

Should the EA be transferred to a new holder, Part B: Section 2 must be completed by the new holder and submitted with the application for an amendment of the EA in terms of Regulations 29 or 31 of the EIA Regulations, whichever applies. The information submitted for an amendment to an environmental authorisation will be considered to be incomplete should a signed copy of <u>Part B: Section 2</u> not be submitted. Once approved, <u>Part B: Section 2</u> forms part of the EMPr for the development and the EMPr becomes legally binding to the new holder.

PART C

8 SITE SPECIFIC ENVIRONMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

If any specific environmental sensitivities/attributes are present on the site which require more specific impact management outcomes and actions, not included in the pre-approved generic EMPr template, to manage impacts, those impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be included in this section. These specific management controls must be referenced spatially and must include impact management outcomes and impact management actions. The management controls including impact management outcomes and impact management actions must be presented in the format of the pre-approved generic EMPr template. This applies only to additional impact management outcomes and impact management actions that are necessary.

If Part C is applicable to the development as authorised in the EA, it is required to be submitted to the CA together with the BAR or EIAR, for consideration of, and decision on, the application for EA. The information in this section must be prepared by an EAP and the name and expertise of the EAP, including the curriculum vitae are to be included. Once approved, Part C forms part of the EMPr for the site and is legally binding.

This section will **not be required** should the site contain no specific environmental sensitivities or attributes.

Please note: The Western Cape WEF IPP 132kV Substation does not contain any specific environmental sensitivities or attributes that require additional management to what is already presented in the Generic EMP and the following document which is submitted in support of the application for Environmental Authorisation for the development and operation of the proposed Western Cape Wind Energy Facility, of which the OHPL is a part of:

• Environmental Management Programme for the Proposed Development of the Western Cape Wind Energy Facility, in Swellendam Municipality, Western Cape Province.

This Generic EMP will be an appendix in the above Environmental Management Programme and has been updated to ensure compliance with Condition 16 of the EA (DFFE Ref: 14/12/16/3/3/1/2437 dated 12 December 2021) and include requested management plans as Appendix D. It is hereby submitted to the Competent Authority for decision.

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementation	person		
Residual Impact						
Ensure that as much as possible of	ECO, ESCO,		Planning and	ECO, ESCO;	Throughout th	EMPr on site
the planned infrastructure is	Contractor,	Pre, during and post construction	design phase	Engineer;	project	
confined to transformed land, or non-	Engineer,			Agriculture	[···]···	
arable areas.	Agricultural			Specialist		
Ensure that use is made of existing	specialist					
roads, servitudes, etc where at all						
possible						
Every care must be taken before,						
during and after the construction and						
future maintenance of the renewable						
energy structure, supporting						
infrastructure or access routes to						
protect the vegetation and veld						
condition against deterioration and						
destruction.						
It is the responsibility of the owner of						
the renewable energy project to						
ensure that suitable soil conservation						
works is established on the site to						
limit or restrict the loss of soil.						
No renewable energy structure,						
supporting infrastructure or access						
routes shall in any manner divert any						
run-off water from a water course to						
any other water course or obstruct						
the natural flow pattern of runoff						
water, except with the permission						
from DAFF.						
All access routes, existing or newly						

Impact management outcome: Management of Soil and Agriculture on site

npact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementation	person		
constructed and utilised during the						
construction and/or maintenance of						
the renewable energy structures						
must be restore to its original state						
after completion of the						
establishment of the structures.						
The installation of the underground						
power cables must not negatively						
impact on the resource base of the						
site. During the installation no soil						
conservation structure is to be						
disturbed, the soil texture must be						
restored, the work area should not be						
wider than 5 m, should not be						
directed through existing or future						
cultivated land nor impact negatively						
on existing farming infrastructure or						
any farming activity.						

Impact management outcome: Ma	anagement of Hu	man impact					
Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring	Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
	person		implementation	person			
Impact associated with presence of	ECO, ESCO, Client	Maximising the number of locals	Pre-	ECO, ESCO; Client	Duration of		
construction workers - To avoid and or		employed during the construction	construction/		project		
minimise the potential impact of							

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementation	person		
construction workers on the local		phase and minimising the number of	Construction /			
community. This can be achieved by maximising the number of locals employed during the construction phase and minimising the number of workers housed on the site.		workers housed on the site.	Operation			
Safety, poaching, stock theft and	ECO, ESCO,		Pre-	ECO, ESCO		
damage to farm infrastructure- The			construction/			
housing of construction workers on the			Construction /			
site must be limited to security			Operation			
personnel, as far as possible.						
Increase risk of fires - Ensure that open fires on the site for cooking or heating are not allowed except in designated areas. Provide adequate firefighting equipment onsite. Provide fire-fighting training to selected construction staff.	Contractor, Health and Safety Officer, Fire department		Construction / Operation	ECO, ESCO; Health and Safety Officer	,	Toolbox talk records
Approval from site management e.g. construction manager, ECO, safety						
officer must be gained before cooking in designated areas and the fire must be						
controlled and monitored by the party						
responsible for the activity (namely the						
Contractor Safety Officer/EO).						
Impact on farming activities - Minimise						
the footprint of the wind energy facility						
and the associated infrastructure.						
Rehabilitate disturbed areas on sections						
already constructed or on completion of						
the construction phase. Details of the						
rehabilitation programme are to be						

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Impact management outcome: Management of Human impact							
Impact Management Actions	Implementation	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
	person		implementation	person			
contained in the EMP.							

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementation	person		
Alter the layout plan to minimise	-	Stormwater management plan to be			During	Stormwater management plar
encroachment into wetlands and river	Manager,	implemented	Operation	Engineer and	construction and	
corridors as far as possible (following the	-			Project Manager	operation	
recommended changes outlined in this	-			(where required)		
freshwater ecology impact assessment						
report) and, where encroachment into wetlands of moderate conservation	Specialist.					
importance is unavoidable, rehabilitate						
degraded portions of these wetlands						
and/or degraded portions of nearby						
wetlands of high and moderate						
conservation importance that are of a						
similar type.						
This includes micrositing of the						
substation alternatives and battery						
energy storage system (BESS)						
alternatives which encroach into the 50						
m buffer.						

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring			
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance	
	person		implementation	person			
No water must be taken from a water resource for any purpose without authorisation in terms of the National Water Act, 1998 (Act 36 of 1998) (NWA).	ECO, ESCO, Freshwater Specialist (where required), Engineer, Contractor		Construction	ECO, ESCO	Daily	Site Inspection and ECO Compliance report	
Where the crossing of rivers by infrastructure such as roads and underground services is necessary, this must be located at existing road crossings as far as possible.	ECO, ESCO, Engineer, Freshwater specialist (if required)	Preconstruction walk through, continuous monitoring throughout construction	Construction; Operation	ECO, ESCO	Operation	Proof of implementation in detailed design and report from specialist.	
Construction areas within 50 m of any freshwater ecosystem must have clearly defined, approved work areas / footprints, which must be clearly demarcated on site, to limit the risk of potential edge effect impacts. At crossing points of roads / powerlines, a construction right of way (ROW) of 5 m on either side of the crossing may be implemented and the reaches of the freshwater ecosystem up- and downstream of the construction ROW must be designated 'no-go' areas.	ECO, ESCO, Ecologist	implemented on site		ECO, ESCO,	Daily	Site Inspections and ECO Compliance Reports	
As far as possible, underground cabling must be installed across freshwater ecosystems by means of directional drilling. If trenching cannot be avoided, the following measures must be taken: Trenching must, as far as practically	Project Manager, ECO, ESCO, Freshwater specialist, engineer	Preconstruction walk through, continuous monitoring throughout construction		ESCO, ECO	Weekly and monthly monitoring during construction	Report	

Impact management outcome: Management of Freshwater Resources

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementation	person		
possible, be undertaken during the dry,						
summer low-flow period, to contain the						
impacts from the construction phase.						

Impact management outcome: Avifaunal Impact Management

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementation	person		
The substation should be inspected	ECO, ESCO,	Weekly walk throughs	Construction	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	Site Inspections and ECO
weekly by the operator, and if any	Project Manager					Compliance reports
electrocution mortality is recorded, it						
should be reported to the avifaunal						
specialist. If the mortality levels exceed						
thresholds determined by the avifaunal						
specialist in consultation with BirdLife						
South Africa, reactive mitigation in the						
form of insulation or perch deterrents						
must be implemented.						
If bats colonise Wind Farm infrastructure,	ECO, ESCO,	Weekly walk throughs	Construction	ECO, ESCO	Weekly	Site Inspections and ECO
a suitably qualified bat specialist must be	Project Manager					Compliance reports
consulted before any work is undertaken						

Impact management outcome: Avifaunal Impact Management

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementation	person		
on that infrastructure or attempting to						
remove bats.						

Impact management outcome: Heritage and Paleontological Impact Management

Impact Management Actions	Implementation			Monitoring		
	Responsible	Method of implementation	Timeframe for	Responsible	Frequency	Evidence of compliance
	person		implementation	person		
 The Chance Find Protocol in the PIA (Groenewald, 2022) designed to record all unexpected fossils associated with the geological formations on site must: be implemented during the lifetime of the WEF, and be included as part of the EMPr for this project. 	and Construction Manager ECO	Follow the 'Chance Find Protocol' (Appendix B – HIA Specialist Report for guidance).		ECO, ESCO, Palaeontological Specialist		Chance Find Procedure report by the Palaeontological Specialist, ECO compliance report

APPENDIX 1: METHOD STATEMENTS

To be prepared by the contractor prior to commencement of the activity. The method statements are **not required** to be submitted to the CA.

APPENDIX 2: CV of the EAP