

Geopolitical Tensions (Part 1)

Working Group Leader	
Ilir Fani	EBRD

Panelists	
Mamadou Sakho	AfDB
George Rublee	ADB
Marjo Harri	NIB
Marcelo Henrique Donelli	IADB

Coffee and Tea Break

11h15 - 11h35

20 Minutes







Geopolitical Tensions (Part 2)

Working Group Leader & Moderator	
Ilir Fani	EBRD

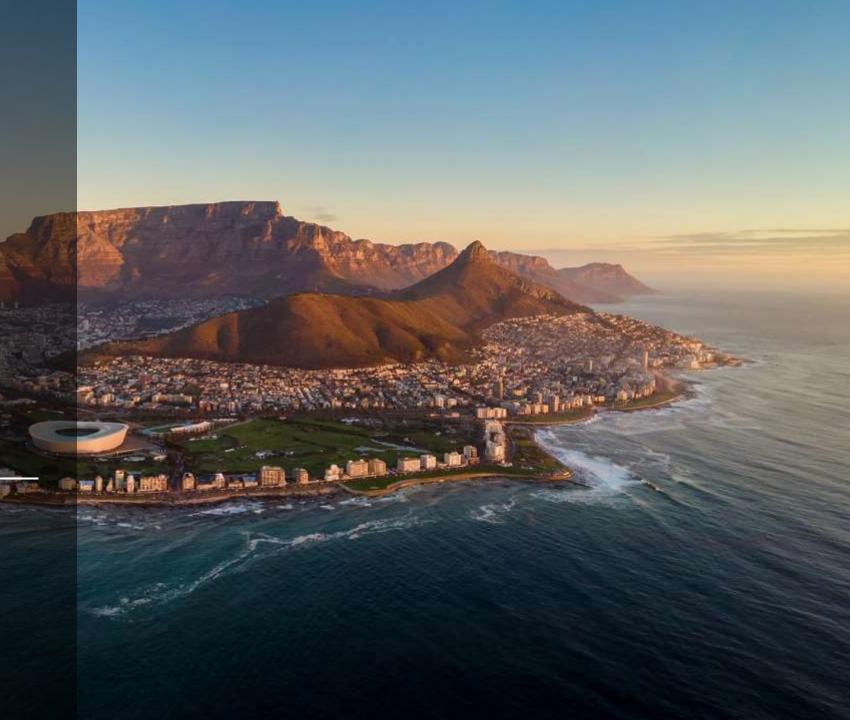
Panelists	
Tinuade Benson Bergkvist	IFC
Mamadou Sakho	AfDB
George Rublee	ADB
Marjo Harri	NIB
Marcelo Henrique Donelli	IADB

Geopolitical Tensions -

EBRD Ilir Fani

Global Geopolitical Issues and Tensions

Examining causes and impacts on worldwide stability



Political Conflicts and Power Struggles

Causes of Political Conflicts

Political conflicts stemming from competing national interests, territorial disputes, and regional dominance struggles.

Escalation to Proxy Wars

Tensions can escalate into proxy wars where external powers support opposing sides in conflicts.

Diplomatic Standoffs

Diplomatic standoffs arising when negotiations fail, risking international peace and stability.



Trade Wars and Economic Rivalries

Trade War Mechanisms

Trade wars involving tariffs, sanctions, and protectionist policies imposed by competing economies to gain advantage.

Impact on Global Markets

Economic rivalries destabilise global markets, creating uncertainty and volatility in international trade.

Supply Chain Disruption

Trade conflicts disrupt supply chains, affecting production and delivery of goods worldwide.



Human Rights Abuses and International Responses

Global Condemnation

Human rights violations often trigger widespread international condemnation and demands for justice and accountability.

Geopolitical Influences

Responses to abuses are frequently shaped by geopolitical interests, affecting the consistency of international actions.

Challenges to Protection

Geopolitical complexities complicate efforts to protect fundamental freedoms and enforce human rights universally.



Water Scarcity and Resource Competition

Water Scarcity Challenges

Limited water availability causes tension among states sharing transboundary rivers and resources.

Resource Competition Risks

Competition over scarce water resources increases the risk of conflicts between communities and nations.

Need for Cooperation

Effective cooperative management strategies are essential to mitigate conflicts over shared water resources.





Impact on Global Stability and Cooperation

Global Challenges

Political, economic, human rights, and resource issues collectively threaten worldwide stability.

Need for Multilateral Cooperation

Cooperation among multiple nations is vital to ease tensions and foster peace and development.

Sustainable Peace and Development

Sustained peace and growth depend on addressing global challenges through collective efforts.

Conclusion

Complex Geopolitical Tensions

Geopolitical tensions have multiple dimensions including political, economic, and social factors needing careful analysis.

Need for Informed Policies

Developing informed policies requires understanding all dimensions of conflicts to ensure effective resolutions.

Cooperation for Stability

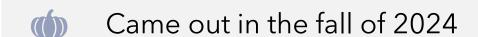
International cooperation addressing conflicts and resource issues promotes global stability and security.

Geopolitical Tensions -Response -Nordic Investment Bank Marjo Harri

The Future of European Competitiveness

A Competitiveness Strategy for Europe

The Draghi report



Introduces the current economic and geopolitical context, outlines the challenges

Builds several horizontal and detailed sectoral proposals to boost

- Productivity

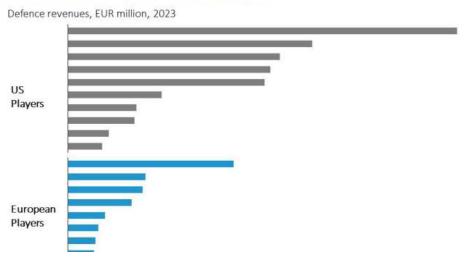
Cost competitiveness

Resiliency

Implementation would require an increase in investments to levels last seen in 1960-1970. The next EU MFF will build on the recommendations of the report

Resiliency & Defence: EU must step up defence investments





idential

- Defence R&D levels are low and industry is small
 - Many of the innovation arguments apply to the sector
- Market fragmentation: success requires scale in both supply and demand
- Financing has been a bottleneck due to ESG

Eu responses

EU just started negotiations on the new 7year budget (MFF)



Nearly €2tn common spending to Europe's "new and emerging challenges"



Key priorities:

Infrastructure

Defence

Security

Research

Energy and industrial resilience.





Reuters

Swedish pension player reviews its investment policy on defense and sustainability

Länsförsäkringar Fondliv does not intend to sell off all its US investments but may increase its European exposure, the pension player's CEO says in an interview.

Investors are lining up for defense, says government PE manager

While Finnish investors were active in the first rounds of fundraising for defense, other investors have joined in on the second round, says Jakob Sandell from Finnish government PE investor, Tesi.

FUND MANAGEMENT

Danske Bank opens up for investing in most European defense companies

Danske Bank Asset Management meets change in investor attitude, removes more than 30 defense companies from its exclusion lists, and can now invest in almost all European companies in the industry.

Europe's top money managers start to bring defence stocks in from the cold

March 14, 2025 6:59 AM GMT+2 - Updated 19 days ago Summary Companies

- Europe eyes billions of euros in investment, stocks hit records. Some end-clients push fund managers to lift curbs on defence
- Asset managers reviewing ESC policies, defence sector limits

CNBC

Defense stocks in an ESG portfolio? A profound — and controversial — shift seems to be underway



Asset managers race to set up European Amundi to join flurry of ETF launches as once-shunned sector returns to favour defence funds

Norway urged to drop 'crazy' ban on investment in defence companies

Opposition leader vows to overturn rule barring \$1.8th fund from holding stakes in defence sector if her party wins election

Investing in defense as a sustainable investor

istors are being urged to invest more in defense companies as European governments ramp up

Conventional weapons have always been investible for mainstream portfolios

Controversial weapons like cluster munitions are always excluded

Geographical and Geopolitical realities

NIB's 8 member countries

5/8 member countries have long border line with Russia totalling ~2,274 km *)

- Finland ~1,340 km
- Estonia ~294 km
- Latvia ~217 km
- Lithuania ~227 km
- Norway ~196 km
- Denmark, Iceland, Sweden not bordering to Russia

Finlandia Estonia Lotwa Bialorus Polska Warszawa

^{*)} source CIA Factbook

8 member countries in Northern Europe

- Changed Geopolitical situation after Russian invasion to Ukraine in February 2022.
- Focus on mobilizing finance for climate and nature, productivity and innovation as well as consider ways to support security and resilience.
- Regional need to strengthen security, resilience and defence in the member region.
- Support primarily in financing needs within i) resilient infrastructure, ii) innovation, iii) SMEs (suppliers and niche players), iv) larger regional defence groups.
- Stepwise amendment of Exclusion list first in 2024 dual use support infrastructure and defence support equipment then in 2025 conventional weapons.

NIB and Defence - mandate considerations



- Security, Resilience and Defence is a pre-requisite for NIB to deliver its mission. There is no sustainable and prosperous NB8 without it being safe.
- Many elements of security, resilience and defence are and can be **captured** in the **productivity mandate.**
- Security, Resilience and Defence spending will have spill-overs to the economy - especially if dual use sectors and R&D related.



Non-defence security/resilience



- Cybersecurity
- Cables and robust IT-connectivity
- Roads
- Ports

Financing of infrastructure used to transport goods and supporting cybersecurity.

Dual use support infrastructure



- Satellite technology
- IT infrastructure
- Storage facilities
- Airports/radars
- Non-armed drones
- GPS/networks

Financing that relate to products or activities that without doubt can be used both in a civilian and military context.

Defence support equipment



- Logistics, transport solutions
- Military vehicles & vessels
- Patrolling & surveillance
- Air defence, advanced radars

Financing that is for security/defence-related purpose where the use would not necessarily be for a direct combat purpose.

Conventional weapons



- Guns, ammunitions, grenades and explosives
- Missiles
- Tanks
- Combat aircraft & vessels
- Armed drones

Financing of production and development of conventional weapons, ammunitions and military equipment targeted for use in combat defending against an enemy.

Controversial weapons



- Depleted uranium & nuclear weapons
- Chemical/biological weapons
- Cluster bombs
- Anti-personnel mines

Financing of production and development of banned weapons, e.g. under the Ottawa and Oslo Conventions, targeted for use in combat defending against an enemy.

Before summer 2024

Decision
June 2024



Decision June 2025



Topic 3:
Covenant Lite
Loans and
New Unsecured
Type Loans

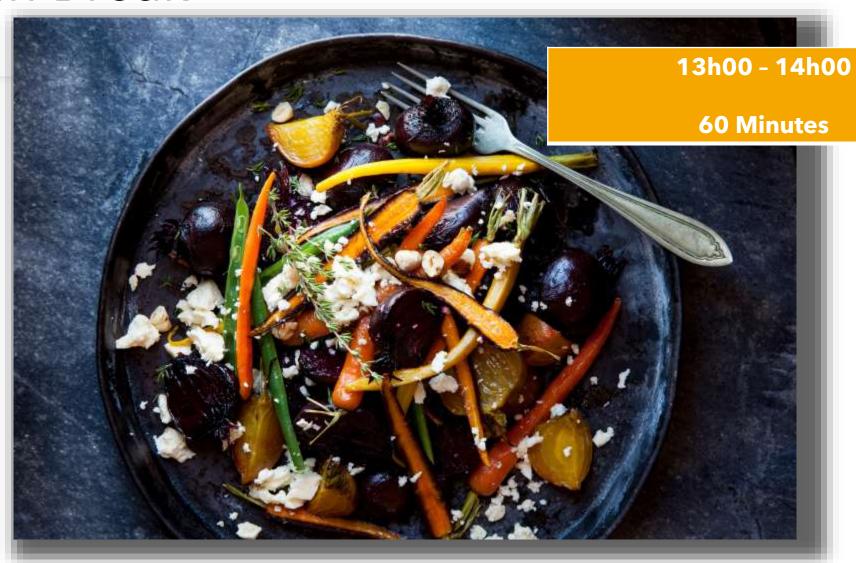


Covenant Lite Loans and New Unsecured Type Loans

Working Group Leader & Moderator	
Paulo de Bolle	IFC

Panelists	
George Rublee	ADB
Sin Foong Wong	IFC
Steffen Pohl	EBRD

Lunch Break





Credit Risk Insurance

Working Group Leader & Moderator	
George Rublee	ADB

Panelists	
Jerome Swinscoe	Tokio Marine HCC
Craig Hunter	Chubb

Briefing re Dinner Event



Scheduled Transport



Indemnity Forms





— All Aboard…!

Meet at: The Pierhead at the V&A Waterfront.

Arrive: 30 minutes before your scheduled departure time for boarding.

Departure: The yacht departs **promptly on schedule**, so being on time is essential.

Embarkation: Follow the crew's instructions to board the Mirage catamaran.

Safety Briefing: Be prepared for any safety instructions or guidelines from the crew.



— General



Dietary requirements: Catered for separately.

Drinks: Wine selection, Beer, Soft Drinks, Bottled Water.

Departure: Scheduled transport to Radisson post completion of the cruise.

Own arrangements: Explore V&A at your own leisure and make your way back to the hotel

Coffee and Tea Break

15h05 - 15h20

15 Minutes





ESG & Impact for Restructuring

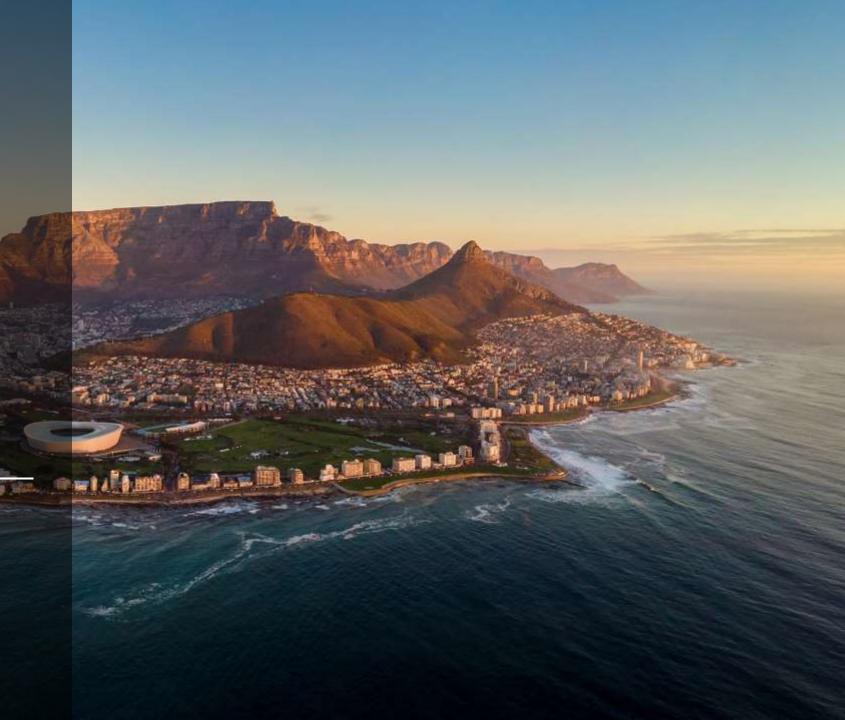
Working Group Leader	
Frederik Kummersteiner	FMO

Presenters	
Frederik Kummersteiner	FMO
Simon Hermann	FMO

ESG and Impact for Restructuring (FMO)

AGENDA:

- E&S in FMO
- E&S in Special Operations
- Cases: E&S approach in practice



E&S in FMO

ESG IN INVESTMENT PROCESS FMO







CLIENT SELECTION

- Initial assessment against the <u>Exclusion List</u> and the <u>Investment Criteria</u>
- ESG risk categorisation (A, B, B+, C)
- Willingness, capacity, knowledge of client to implement FMO Standards

INITIAL APPROVAL

- E&S Rapid Screen: desk based identification of main <u>E&S and Human Rights risk</u> <u>areas</u> for DD
- Pre-CIP <u>Contextual Risk</u>
 <u>Screening</u>, including early
 warning' screening for risk
 to Human Rights (and
 Environmental) Defenders

DD, FP & CONTRACT

- Site visit (expert consultant)
- Action plan (ESAP) to fill gaps, included in contract, E&S conditions and standard building blocks

MONITORING AND EXIT

- Review & act on monitoring reports, incident reports and consultant reports
- Client visits & hands-on support in SO
- Address with client any implementation problems r
- Ensure responsible ending/exit

ESG Risk management approach:

2 QUESTIONS



How high is the risk?



How well is the risk managed?





HOW HIGH IS THE RISK? FOUR RISK CATEGORIES



Projects affecting indigenous peoples or resettlement

Large biodiversity impacts

Cultural property (e.g. religious sites)

Projects affecting water supply in a region

Large hydropower developments

Large solar/wind

B+

Hotel (development)

Cement/ steel manufacture

Fertilizer manufacturing

Food Processing

General manufacturing plants

Pulp and paper mills

Hospitals development

Large solar/wind

В

Hotel (operation)

Supermarket (chain)

Diagnostic centres

Hospitals operations

Smaller scale manufacturing (e.g. micro-irrigation systems) C

Software development

Factoring Companies

Consulting firms

Service industries



How high is the risk? Client management

MANAGED BY E&S STAFF, TRACKERS IN SIS



Possible irreversible E&S impacts beyond site operations



Large workforce

High Occupational Health & Safety (OHS) risks

High contextual risks

Presence of vulnerable groups, large outsourcing etc.

MANAGED BY INVESTMENT STAFF, NO TRACKERS



Limited workforce

Manageable OHS risk

Lower contextual risk



Limited ESG Impacts



How well is the risk managed?

FRAMEWORK: ASSESSMENT & MANAGEMENT OF E&S RISK

8 Topics: Willingness and commitment, E&S governance and budget, identification of risks and impacts, ESMS, stakeholder engagement, grievance mechanisms, voluntary land transfer.



LABOR

4 Topics: Working conditions, vulnerable workers, OHS, supply chain,



POLLUTION

2 Topics: Resource efficiency & pollution



COMMUNITY

2 Topics: Community health and safety, security personnel,



LAND ACQUISITION

2 Topics: physical and economic displacement



BIODIVERSITY

3 Topics:
Biodiversity,
ecosystem
services, supply
chain biodiversity



INDIGENOUS PEOPLES

2 Topics: Indigenous peoples, FPIC



CULTURAL HERITAGE

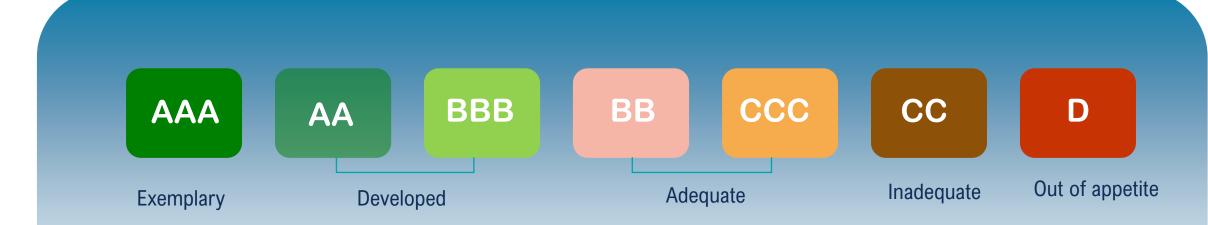
1 Topic

Risk management approach: Combined answer "SIS rating"





How well is the risk managed?



SIS rating: 7 risk categories

Measure risk exposure and client performance - therefore represent 'Net' ESG risk: the client's gross risk exposure (against pre-defined ESG risks) adjusted by the client's performance in managing down these risks

Why net risk?





Same risk category, different performance...

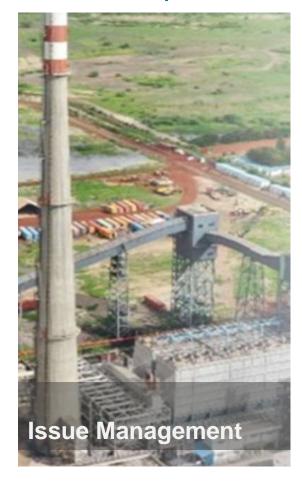
E&S in Special Operations



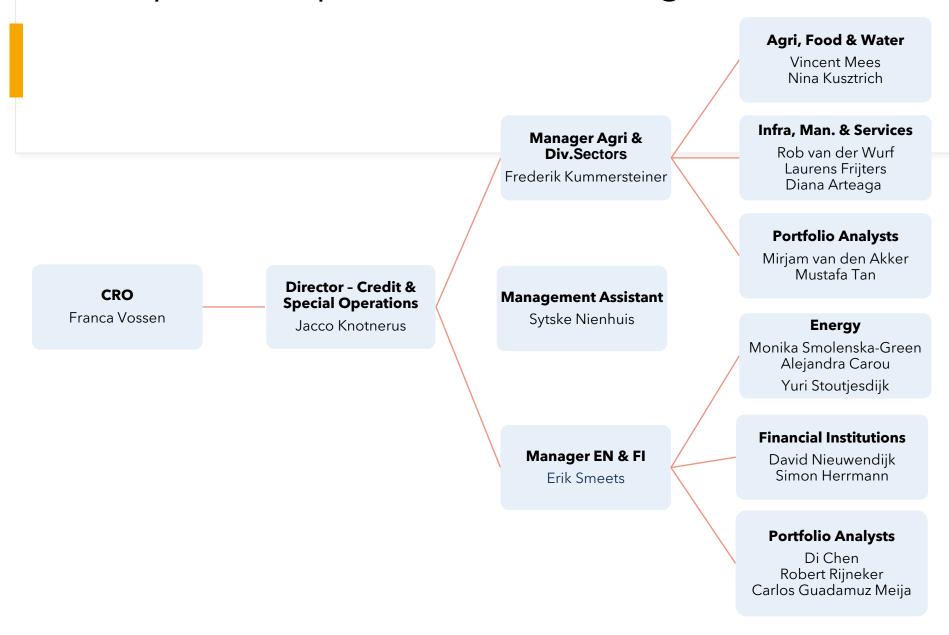
Special Operations combines three disciplines







FMO Special Operations (SO) Organisation Structure



Issue Management

Sebastiaan Buijs Anneloes van Ulden Oumaima Lahit Vacancy

E&S

Nicci Bouwman Tatjana Gerling Anisa Xhitoni

E&S

Management +

Issue

Role of Special Operations

- Special Operations (SO) manages FMOs Non-Performing Exposures (NPE) and protects the intended financial & ESG impact through Restructuring and maximizing Recovery taking into account:
 - i) a 'responsible exit' approach (ESG)
 - ii) avoidance/limitation of <u>reputational risks</u> (Issue Management).
- SO has 3 disciplines (Restructuring, **ESG** and Issue Management) in the team to contribute to the improvement of the quality of FMOs debt portfolio and realize responsible exits
- SO supports FMO to keep NPE%-level within risk appetite levels, also via prevention of NPEs in line with its NPE Strategy:
 - SO consultation (early involvement important)
 - Participation in various Committees (Investment, Portfolio Monitoring, Financial Risk)
 - Sharing of knowledge and lessons learned with Front Office and other departments

FMO Special Operations: overview



SO E&S:

- Active clients with high E&S risk (restructuring, exit)
- Exited clients with high reputational risk and legacy
- Files under Independent Complaints Mechanism
- SO Transfers triggered by E&S Reason for Concern

SO E&S oversight:

- 3 senior E&S Officers integrated in SO team (since 2022)

Approach:

- E&S risk management tracking system for active clients with high E&S risk
- Guidelines for Responsible exit and Responsible exit memo

ESG IN INVESTMENT PROCESS SO



Ensure an ESO is allocated & E&S is transferred

What are the main E&S attention points?

Is there a risk that client will cut costs on E&S?

How has E&S performance been?

Is this an opportunity to address E&S risk?

Can the review date be aligned with E&S monitoring?

Are there financial changes/plans that can have an E&S impact (e.g. retrenchments)

Can we travel together?

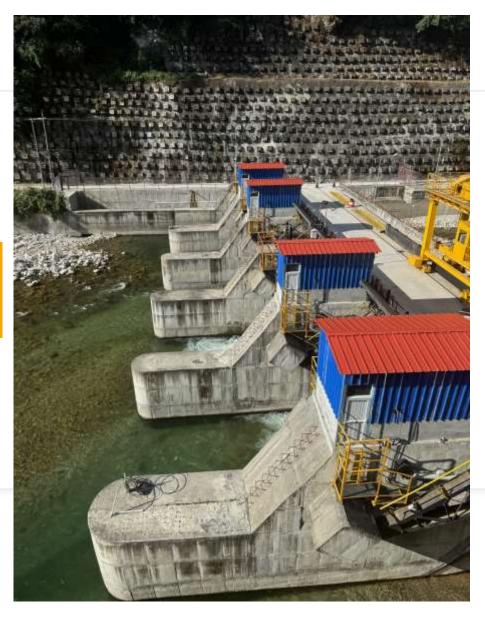
In your visit: ask about E&S performance, discuss, main E&S attention points. Involve E&S at LCR stage.

Will it be a responsible exit (A and B+ risk)?

Written off does not mean E&S work stops

Cases: E&S approach in practice

Case: Hydro Power Nepal



- 2019 Cat A Lack of OHS awareness at EPC and geological difficulties form a challenging E&S bottom line
- 2020-2022 Governance crisis, financial difficulty of sponsor and Covid-19 left ESG risk unmanaged -> dramatic deterioration of ESG Performance.

 Resulting in unsafe working/living conditions, Covid-19 affecting freedom of movement of migrant workers, wages remain unpaid,

among others. Net risk increase!

 New start with a new Sponsor allowed consistent ESG standard setting by E&S teams LTA and consultants to mitigate risks and build capacity.

 Net risk from BB (2019) deteriorated to D(2022), but improved back to BB (2024) and better in 2025



CASE: handling complaints / dealing with reputational risk

- Insufficient E&S risk management leads to high net risk
- High net E&S risk may lead to complaints (ICM*) and reputational risk
- Dealing with reputational risk (and ICM Complaints) requires good cooperation between Restructuring-, E&S- and Issue Management expertise).



* ICM: Independent Complaints Mechanism FMO, DEG and Proparco.



